

# 4d Superconformal Index on Lens Space

МАСАХИТО ЯМАДЗАКИ  
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# 4d Superconformal Index on Lens Space

( Benini - Nishio - Y  
1109.0283  
+ work in progress )

4d Superconformal Index

①

on Lens Space

②

4d SCI: index on  $S^1 \times S^3$

supercharge



$$I = \text{Tr} [ (-1)^F e^{-\beta \{Q, Q^\dagger\}} ]$$



# 4d SCFT: index on $S^1 \times S^3$

fugacities

$$I = I(t, y)$$

$$= \text{Tr} [ (-1)^F e^{-\beta \{Q, Q^\dagger\}} t^{\frac{2(E+J_2)}{2}} y^{\frac{2J_1}{2}} ]$$

Operators commuting with  $Q$

# 4d SCI: index on $S^1 \times S^3$

fugacities

$$I = I(t, y)$$

energy

$$= \text{Tr} \left[ (-1)^F e^{-\beta \{Q, Q^\dagger\}} t^{2(E+j_2)} y^{2j_1} \right]$$

Spin under  
 $\text{Spin}(4) \simeq \text{SU}(2) \times \text{SU}(2)$

lens space  $L(p, q)$  ( $p, q$  : coprime)

$$L(p, q) = S^3 / \mathbb{Z}_p$$

$$S^3 \ni \{ (z_1, z_2) \in \mathbb{C}^2 \mid |z_1|^2 + |z_2|^2 = 1 \}$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{l} (z_1, z_2) \sim (\omega^q z_1, \omega^{-1} z_2) \\ \omega^p = 1 \end{array} \right]$$

lens space  $L(p, q)$  ( $p, q$  : coprime)

$$L(p, q) = S^3 / \mathbb{Z}_p$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & \downarrow & \\ q=1 & \mathbb{Z}_p \curvearrowright & S^1 \rightarrow S^3 \\ & & \downarrow \\ & & S^2 \end{array}$$

Hopf fibration

$$L(p, 1) \xrightarrow{p \rightarrow \infty} S^2, \quad L(1, 1) = S^3$$



motivation?

# Motivation 1: "unification"

$$I_{4d}[S^1 \times S^3]$$

KMMR ('05)  
Romelsberger ('05)

$$I_{3d}[S^1 \times S^2]$$

Kim ('09)  
Imamura-Yokoyama ('11)

$$\Sigma_{3d}[S^3_b] ('09)$$

Kapustin-Willet-Yaakov  
Hama-Hosonichi-Lee ('11)

# Motivation 1: "unification"

$$I_{4d}[S^1 \times S^3]$$

Dolan Spiridonov Vartanov  
Gadde Yan (10)  
Imamura

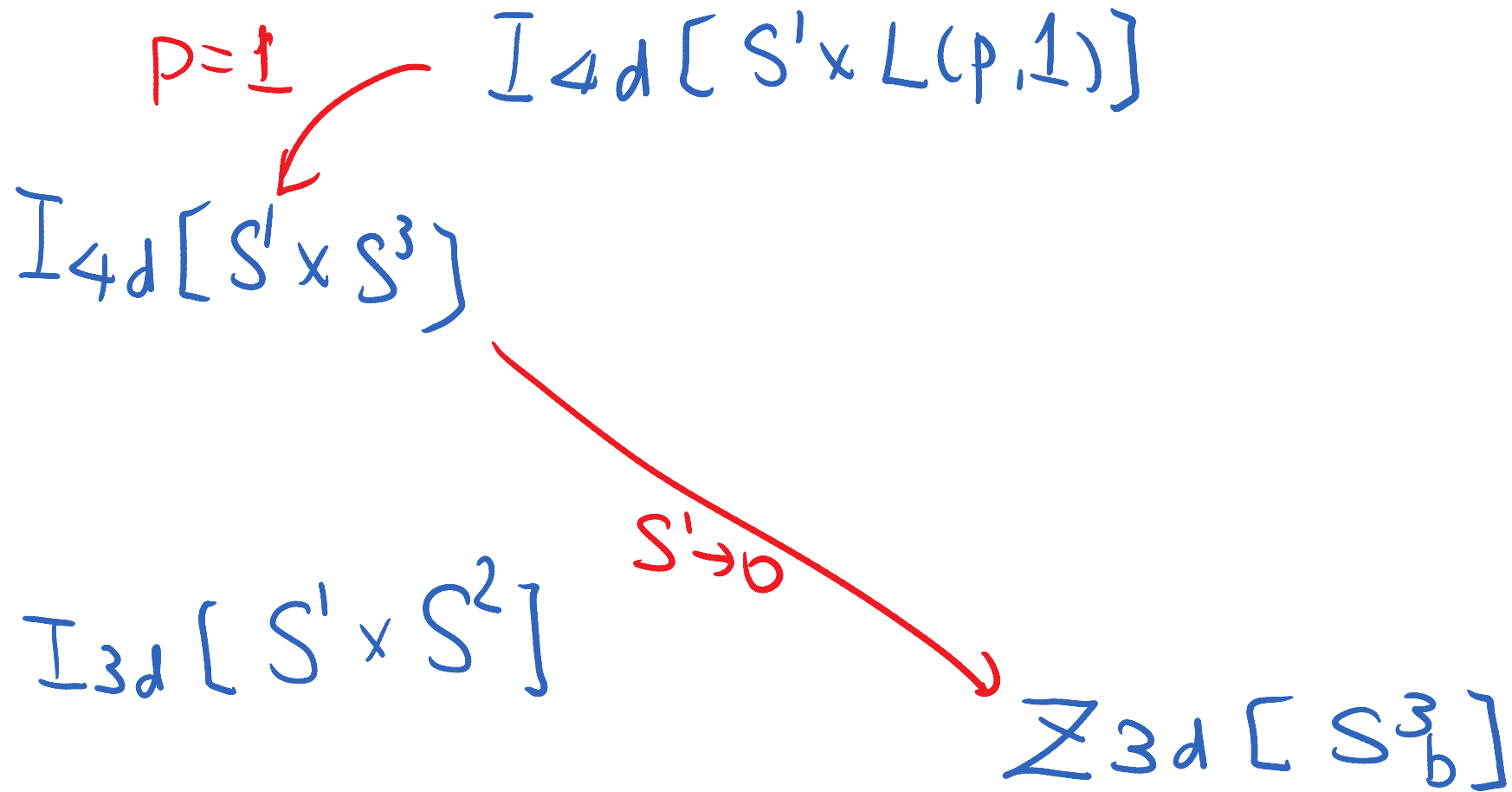
$$I_{3d}[S^1 \times S^2]$$

$S^1 \rightarrow b$

$$Z_{3d}[S_b^3]$$

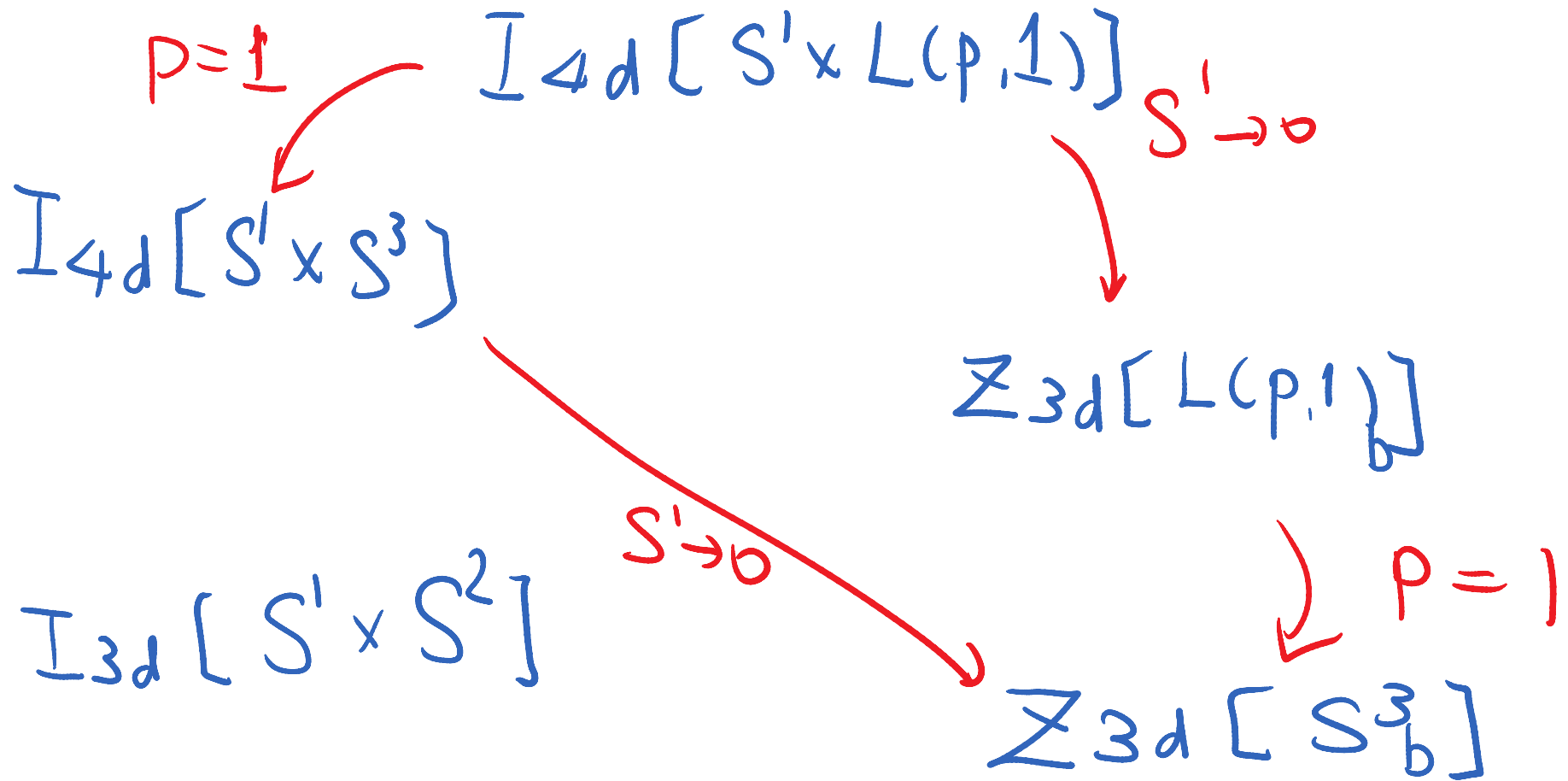
# Motivation 1: "unification"

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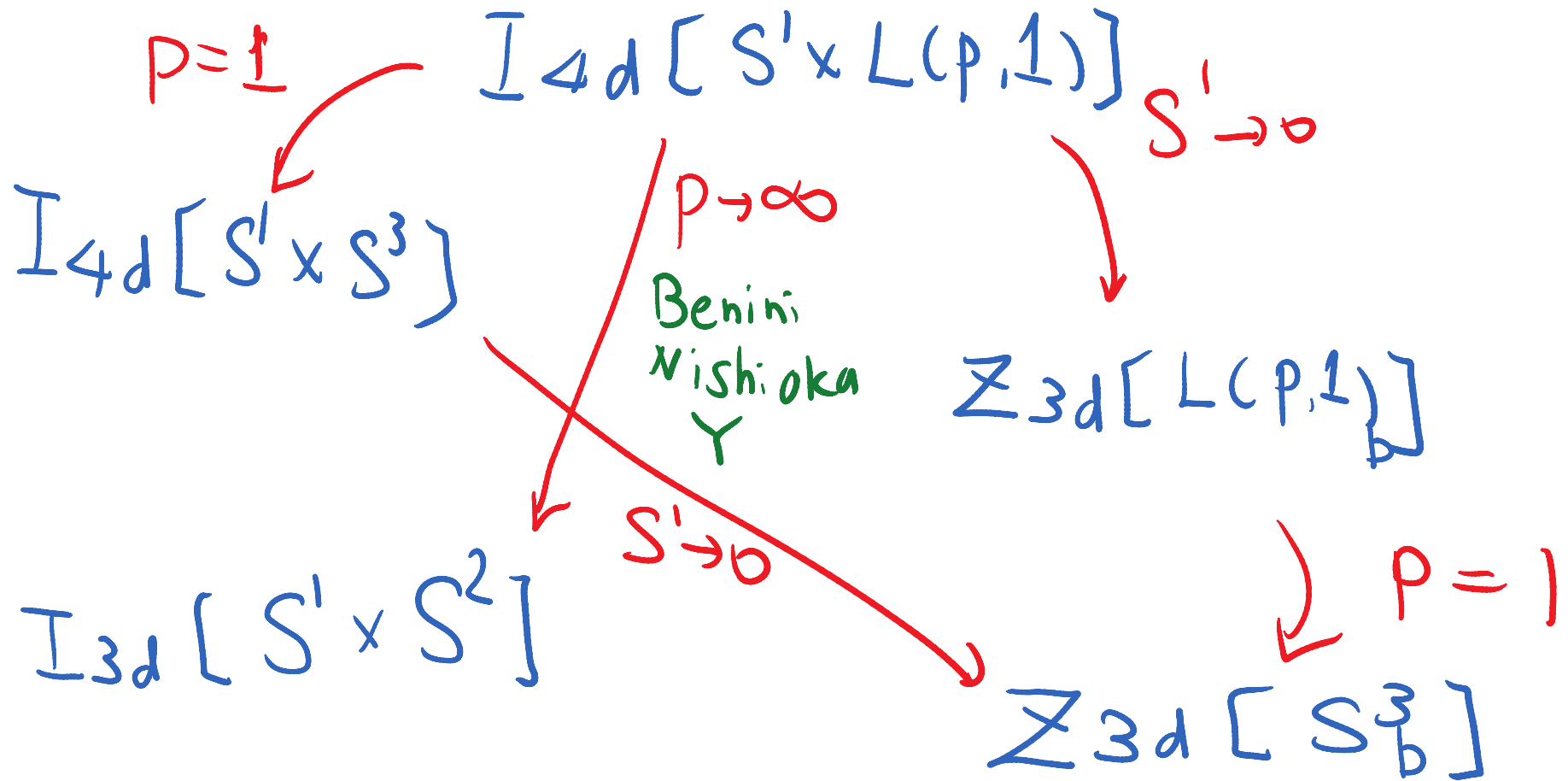
# Motivation 1: "unification"

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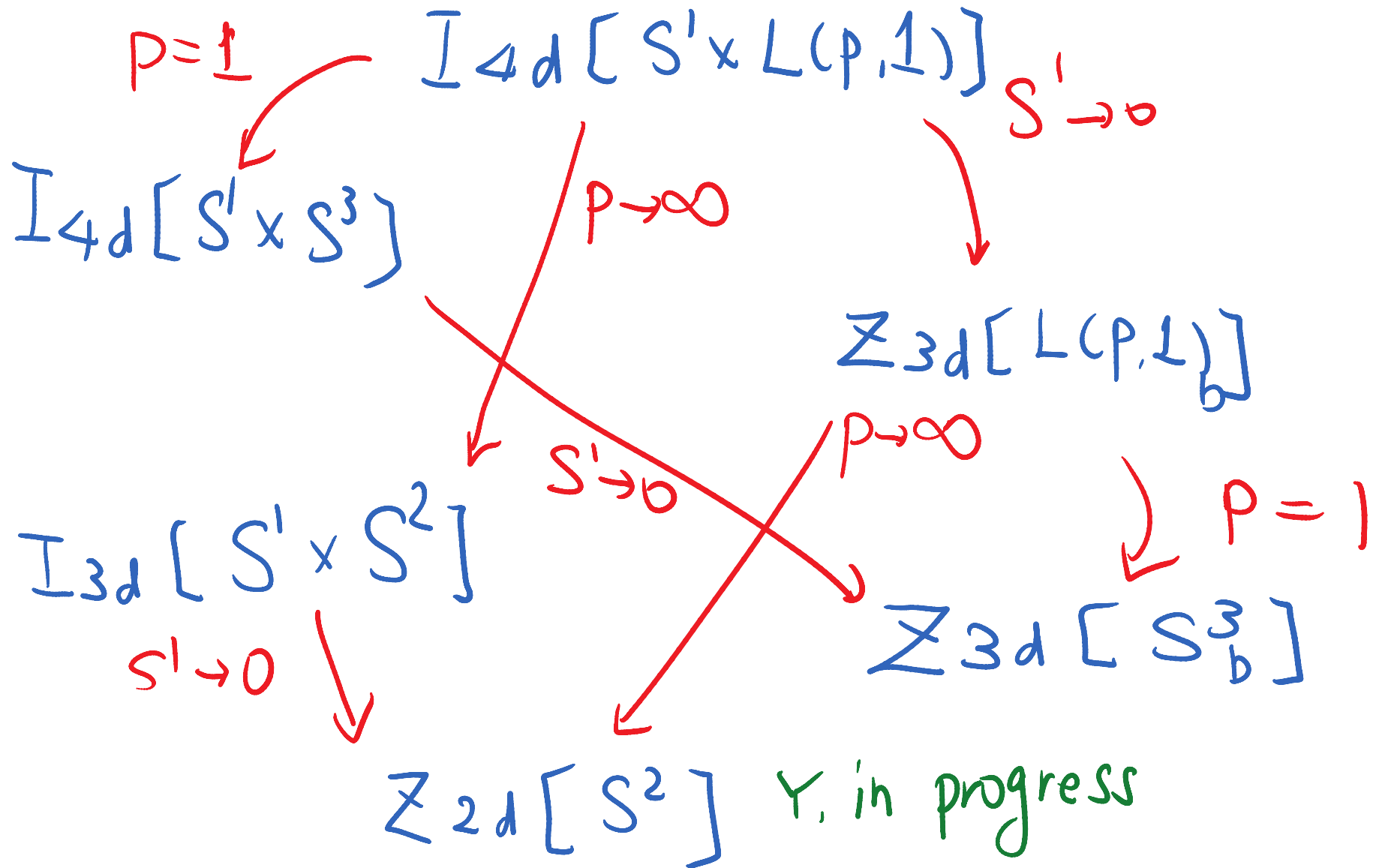
# Motivation 1: "unification"

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# Motivation 1: "unification"

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## Motivation 2: new identities

$$\Gamma(z; x, y)$$

$$= \prod_{j, k \geq 0} \frac{1 - z^{-1} p^{\bar{j}+1} q^{k+1}}{1 - z p^{\bar{j}} q^k}$$



## Motivation 2: new identities

$$\Gamma_{p, g, M}(z; x, y)$$

$$= \prod_{j, k \geq 0} \frac{1 - z^{-1} p^{\bar{j}+1} g^{k+1}}{1 - z p^{\bar{j}} g^k}$$

$$g^{j-k} \equiv M \pmod{p}$$

the result

(for  $L(p, q=1)$ )

$$\hat{I}_{S' \times L(p, g)}(t, y)$$

$$= \sum_m \int da e^{iB_m(a; t, y)}$$

$$\times \exp \left[ \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} \hat{I}_m(e^{ina}; t^n, y^n) \right]$$

$$\bar{I} S' \times L(p, g)(t, y)$$

$$= \sum_m \int da e^{iB_m(a; t, y)}$$

$$\times \exp \left[ \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} \hat{I}_m(e^{ina}; t^n, y^n) \right]$$

integral

Over the Cartan

$$\bar{I}_{S' \times L(p, g)}(t, y)$$

$$= \sum_m \int da e^{iB_m(a; t, y)}$$

$$\times \exp \left[ \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} \hat{I}_m(e^{ina}; t^n, y^n) \right]$$

"plethystics form"

$$\Gamma_{p, g, m}(z; x, y)$$

$$\bar{I}_{S^1 \times L(p, g)}(t, y)$$

$$= \sum_m \int da e^{iB_m(a; t, y)}$$

Sum  
over  
holonomies

$$\times \exp \left[ \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} \hat{I}_m(e^{ina}; t^n, y^n) \right]$$

$$V = (\omega^{m_1}, \omega^{m_2}, \dots, \omega^{m_r})$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{l} \pi_1(S^3/\mathbb{Z}_p) = \mathbb{Z}_p \\ \omega^p = 1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\hat{I}_{S' \times L(p, g)}(t, y) \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{zero-point} \\ \swarrow \\ \text{contribution} \end{array}$$

$$= \sum_m \int da e^{iB_m(a; t, y)}$$

$$\times \exp \left[ \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} \hat{I}_m(e^{ina}; t^n, y^n) \right]$$

$$\hat{I} = \hat{I}_{\text{vect}} + \hat{I}_{\text{chiral}}$$

$$\hat{I}_{\text{vect}} = \sum_{\rho \in \text{Adj}} \left[ (t^6 - 1) F_{\rho, \mathfrak{g}} + \delta_{M, 0} \right] e^{i\rho(\alpha)}$$

$$\hat{I}_{\text{chiral}} = \sum_{\rho \in R} \left[ t^{3Q} e^{i\rho(\alpha)} - t^{6-3Q} e^{-i\rho(\alpha)} \right] F_{\rho, \mathfrak{g}}$$



$$\hat{I} = \hat{I}_{\text{vect}} + \hat{I}_{\text{chiral}}$$

$$\hat{I}_{\text{vect}} = \sum_{\rho \in \text{Adj} \leftarrow \text{repr.}} \left[ (t^6 - 1) F_{\rho, \mathfrak{g}, M} + S_{M, 0} \right] e^{i\rho(\alpha)}$$

$$\hat{I}_{\text{chiral}} = \sum_{\rho \in R} \left[ t^{3Q} e^{i\rho(\alpha)} - t^{6-3Q} e^{-i\rho(\alpha)} \right] F_{\rho, \mathfrak{g}, M}$$

$\uparrow$  weight       $\uparrow$  repr.       $\uparrow$  R-charge

$$\left( M \equiv \rho(m) \pmod{p}, \quad 0 \leq M \leq p-1 \right)$$

↑ holonomy

$$\hat{I}_{\text{vect}} = \sum_{\rho \in \text{Adj}} \left[ (t^6 - 1) F_{p, \rho, M} + \delta_{M, 0} \right] e^{i\rho(\alpha)}$$

$$\hat{I}_{\text{chiral}} = \sum_{\rho \in R} \left[ t^{3Q} e^{i\rho(\alpha)} - t^{6-3Q} e^{-i\rho(\alpha)} \right] F_{p, \rho, M}$$

$$\left( F_{p, 1, M} = \frac{1}{1-t^6} \left( \frac{(t^3 y)^M}{1-(t^3 y)^p} + \frac{(t^3 y^{-1})^{p-M}}{1-(t^3 y^{-1})^p} \right) \right)$$

4d index  $\rightarrow$  3d index

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$$I[S' \times S^3 / \mathbb{Z}_p] \xrightarrow{p \rightarrow \infty} I[S' \times S^2]$$

$$(M \equiv \rho(m) \pmod{p}, \quad 0 \leq M \leq p-1)$$

$$\hat{I}_{\text{rect}} = \sum_{\rho \in \text{Adj}} [(t^6 - 1) F_{p,1,M} + \delta_{M,0}] e^{i\rho(\alpha)}$$

$$\hat{I}_{\text{chiral}} = \sum_{\rho \in R} [t^{3Q} e^{i\rho(\alpha)} - t^{6-3Q} e^{-i\rho(\alpha)}] F_{p,1,M}$$

$$F_{p,1,M} = \frac{1}{1-t^6} \left( \frac{(t^3 y)^M}{1-(t^3 y)^p} + \frac{(t^3 y^{-1})^{p-M}}{1-(t^3 y^{-1})^p} \right)$$

$$(M \equiv \rho(m) \pmod{p}, \quad 0 \leq M \leq p-1)$$

$$(F_{p,1,M} = \frac{1}{1-t^6} \left[ \frac{(t^3 y)^M}{1-(t^3 y)^p} + \frac{(t^3 y^{-1})^{p-M}}{1-(t^3 y^{-1})^p} \right])$$

$$\downarrow p \rightarrow \infty, y \rightarrow 1$$

$$F = \frac{1}{1-t^6} t^{3M}$$

$$M \sim 0$$

$$F \sim \frac{1}{1-t^6} t^{3(p-M)}$$

$$M \sim p$$

$$\hat{I}_{\text{vect}} \rightarrow \sum_{\rho \in \text{Adj}} \left[ -t^{3|\rho(m)|} + \delta_{\rho(m), 0} \right] e^{i\rho(a)}$$

$$\hat{I}_{\text{hyper}} \rightarrow \sum_{\rho \in R} \frac{t^{3Q} e^{i\rho(a)} - t^{6-3Q} e^{-i\rho(a)}}{1-t^6} t^{3|\rho(m)|}$$

precisely reproduces 3d index (Imamura  
Yokoyama)

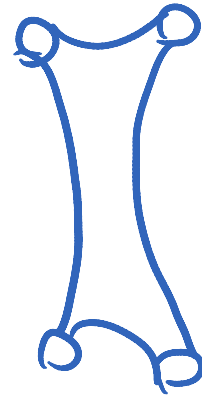
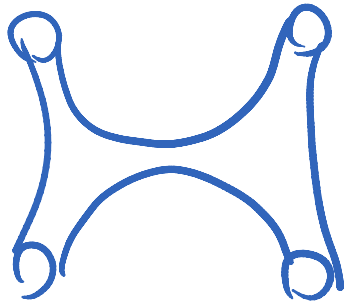
Sum over holonomies

→ sum over monopole charges

Application to

M5-brane theories

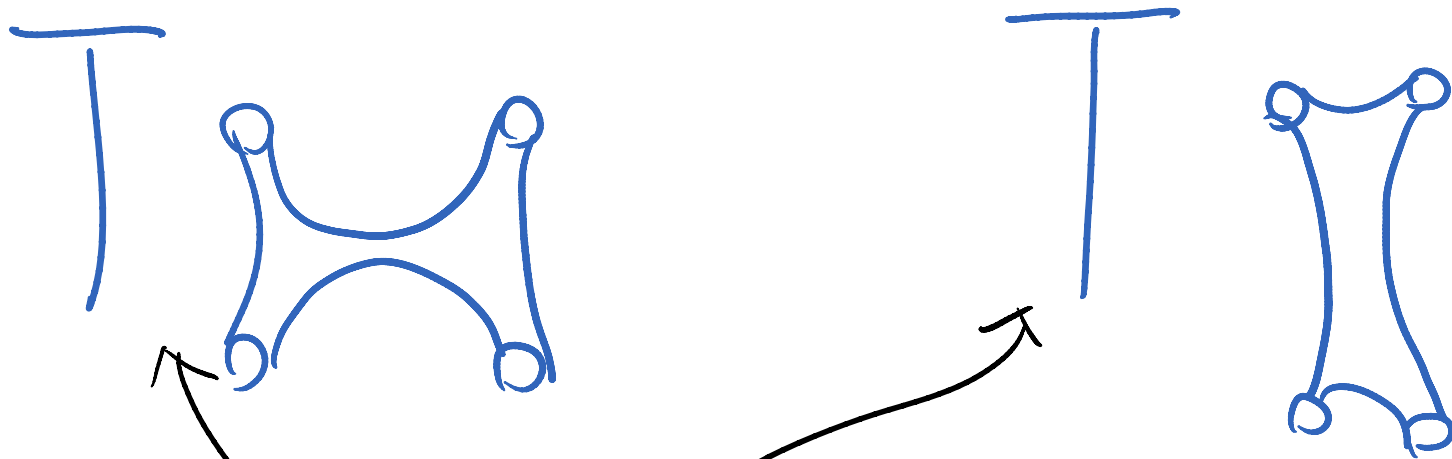
M5 on  $\Sigma_1$



pants decomposition



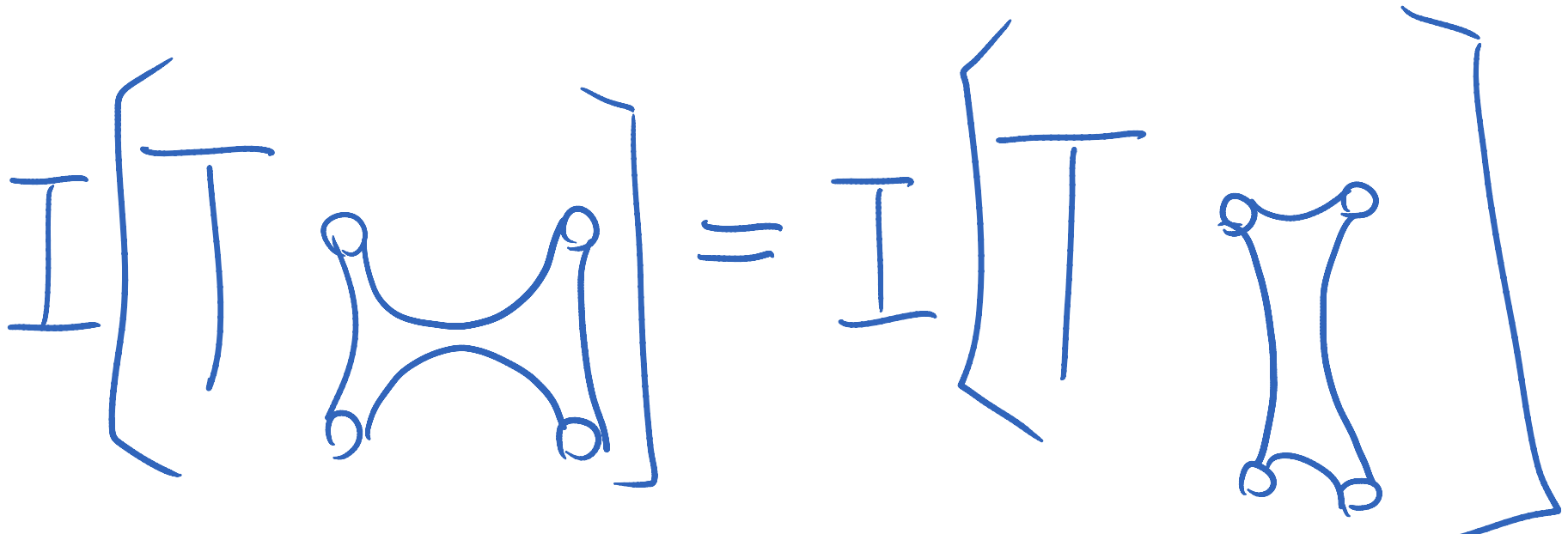
M5 on  $\Sigma_1$



4d N=2 SCFT

Gaiotto

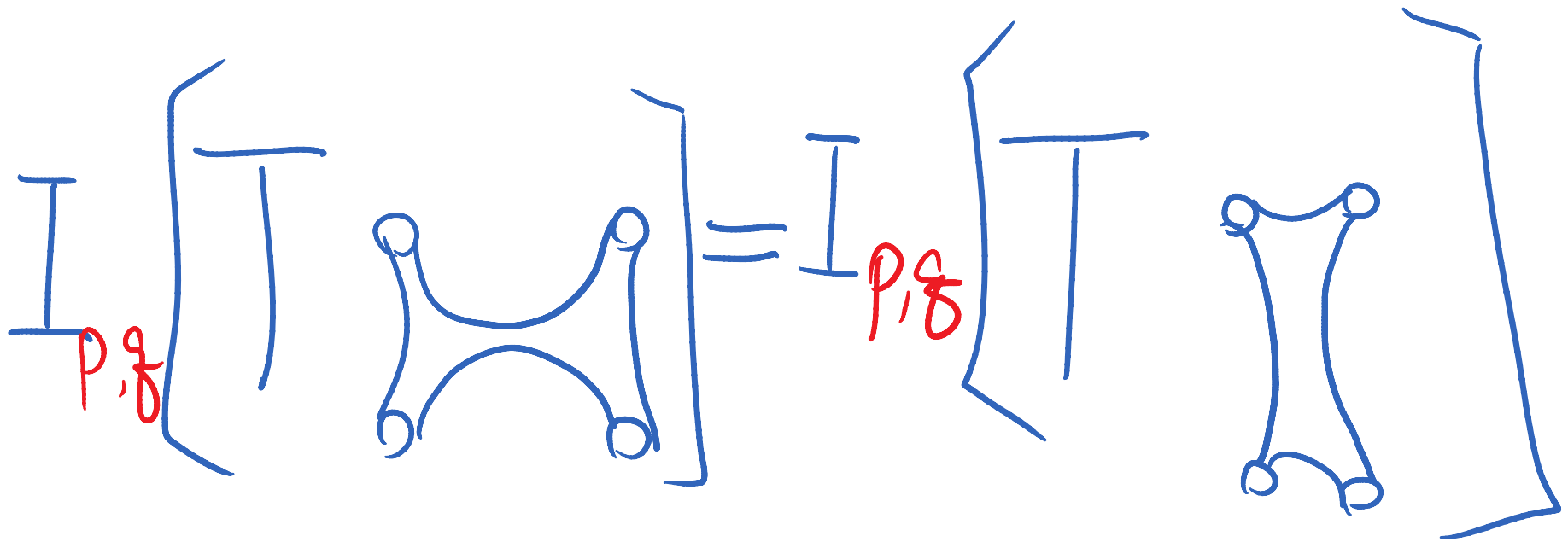
M5 on  $\Sigma$



defines 2d TQFT  
(proven)

Gadde  
Rastelli  
Razamat  
Yan

# M5 on $\Sigma$

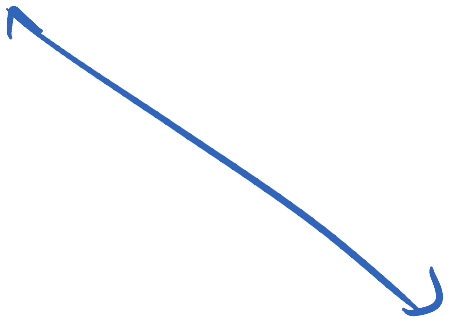
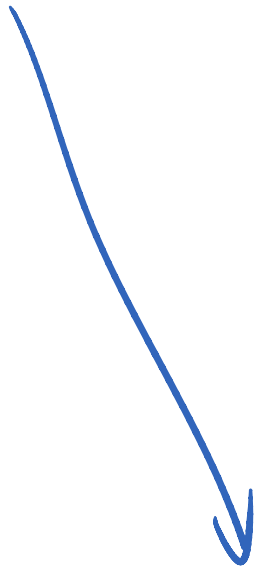


defines 2d TQFT  
(not yet proven)

6d (2,0)

4d  $T\Sigma$   
on  $S^1 \times S^3$

2d TQFT  
on  $\Sigma$



6d (2,0)

4d TΣ  
on S<sup>1</sup> × S<sup>3</sup>/Z<sub>p</sub>

2d TQFT<sub>p</sub>  
on Σ<sub>g</sub>

6d (2,0)

4d TΣ  
on S' x S<sup>3</sup>/Zp

3d TΣ<sub>1</sub>  
in S' x S<sup>2</sup>

2d TQFT<sub>p</sub>  
on Σ<sub>1</sub>

$6d (2,0)$

$4d T\Sigma$   
on  $S^1 \times S^3 / \mathbb{Z}_p$

$3d TQFT$

$p \rightarrow \infty$

$p \rightarrow \infty$

$3d T\Sigma_1$   
in  $S^1 \times S^2$

$2d TQFT_p$   
on  $\Sigma_1$

dim. reduction

dim. oxidation

# Summary

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & & I_{3d} [S' \times S^2] \\ I_{4d} [S' \times L(p, q)] & \begin{array}{l} \nearrow \\ \searrow \end{array} & \\ & & Z_{3d} [S_b^3] \\ \parallel & & \\ \sum_m \int [da] e^{iB_m(a)} \exp \left[ \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} \hat{I}(t^n, y^n; e^{ina}) \right] & & \end{array}$$