

Quandles and Topological Quantum Field Theories

2024 / Mar / 14 @ TUS

M. Yamazaki

some refs

- Kashaev, Reshetikhin ('01)
- Blanchet, Geer,
Patureau-Mirond, Reshetikhin ('18)
- Creutzig, Dimofte, Gorney,
Geer ('21)
- ⋮

Z

"in progress"

non-semisimple TQFT

3d CS : TQFT
flat \mathfrak{g}, k

"bulk-edge"

2d chiral CFT
KM VOA $V^R(\mathfrak{g})$

logarithmic VOA
Kazhdan-Lusztig CFT

3d TQFT
A-twist of
3d $N=4$ theory
quiver gauge

Rep of $U_q(\mathfrak{g})$
mod $-U_q(\mathfrak{g})$
non-semisimple
root of unity

$\mathfrak{g} = \mathfrak{sl}_2$

"Q: can we enrich this by (bi)quandle?"

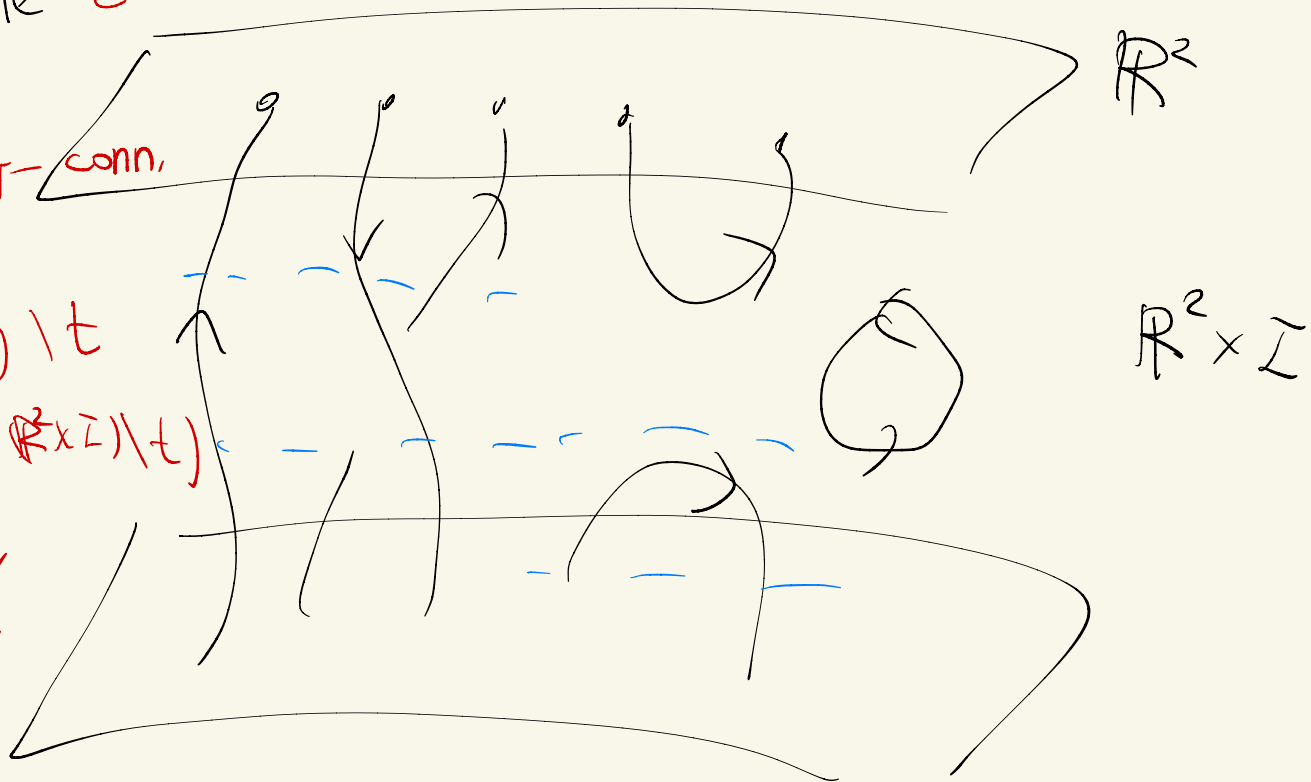
tangle t

+
flat G -conn.

in
 $(\mathbb{R}^2 \times I) \setminus t$

$p: \pi_1(\mathbb{R}^2 \times I) \setminus t$

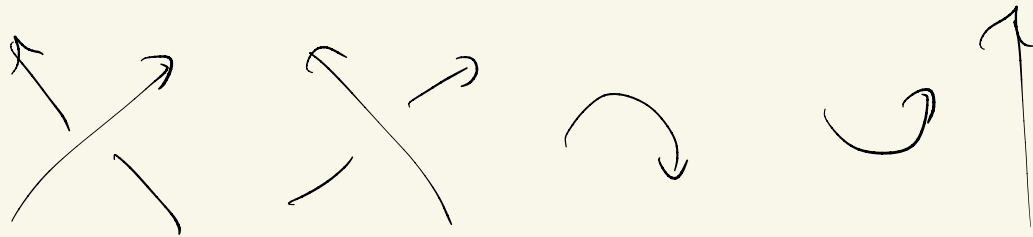
\downarrow
 G



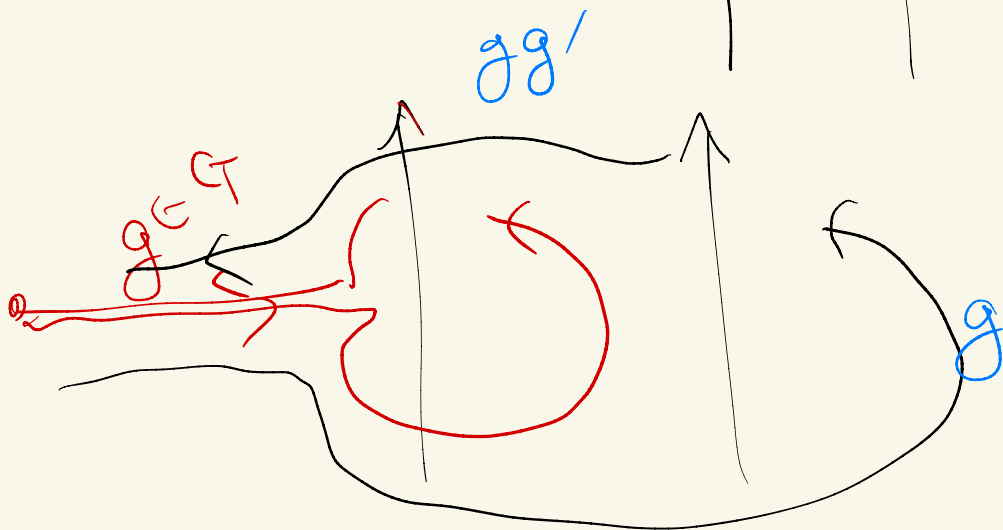
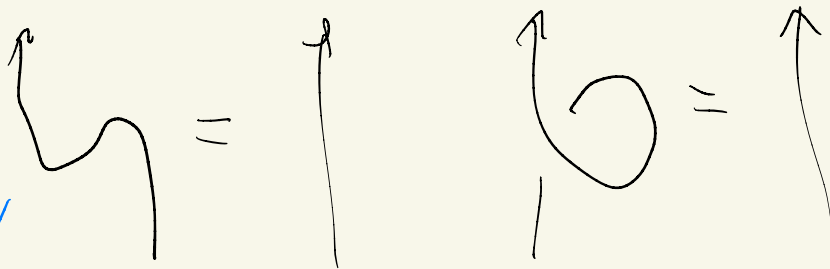
\mathbb{R}^2

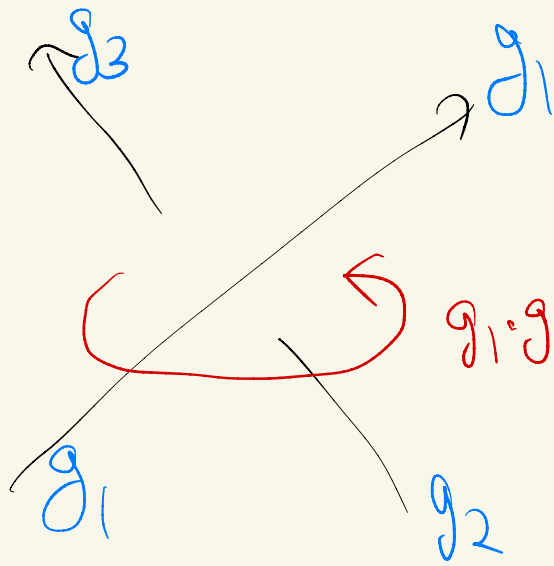
$\mathbb{R}^2 \times I$

tangle diagram
elementary moves



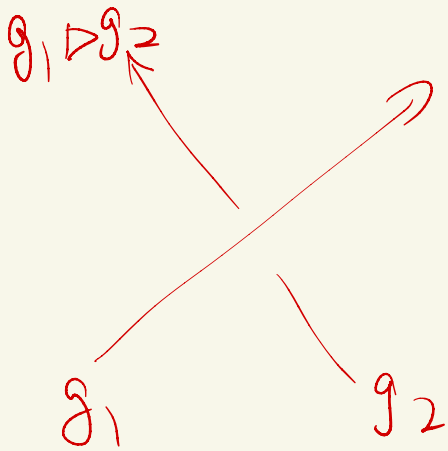
moves





Conj (G)

$$g_1 \cdot g_2 = g_3 \cdot g_1 \rightarrow g_3 = \underbrace{g_1^{-1} g_2 g_1}_{\substack{\text{"} \\ g_1 \triangleright g_2 \text{ "quando"}}$$



$$\text{RI} \quad g \triangleright g = g \quad \forall g$$

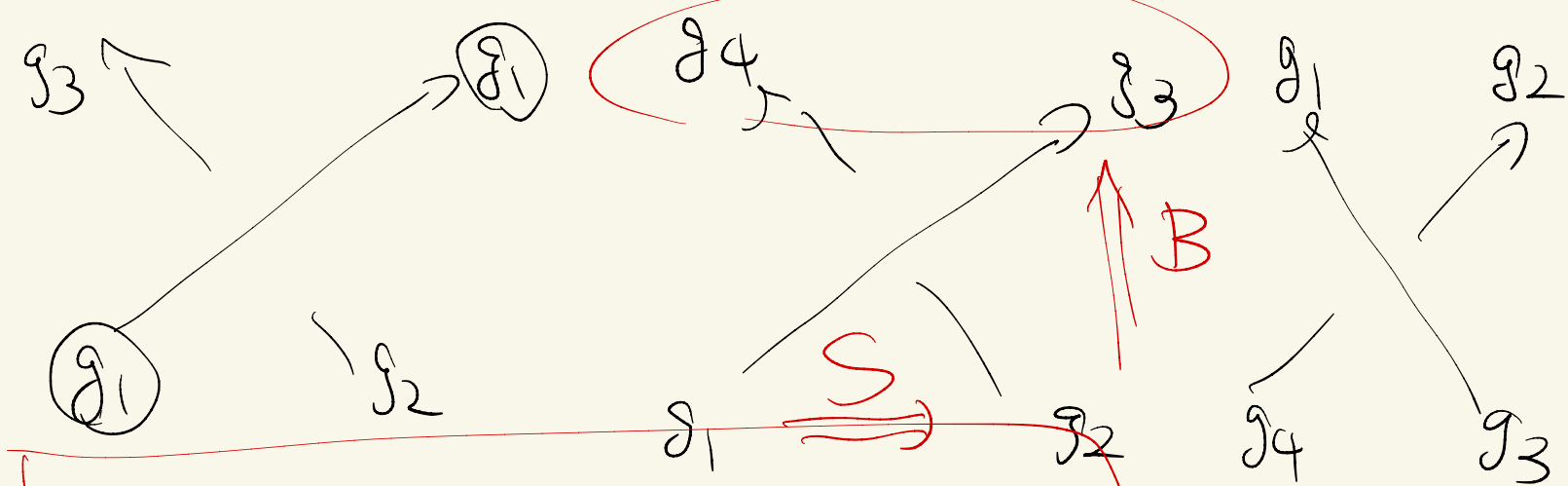
$$\text{RII} \quad \forall g_1, g_2 \in G \quad \exists! g_3 \text{ s.t. } g_1 \triangleright g_3 = g_2$$

$$\text{RIII} \quad g_1 \triangleright (g_2 \triangleright g_3) = (g_1 \triangleright g_2) \triangleright (g_1 \triangleright g_3)$$

✓ tangle colored by $\text{con}(G)$

tangle colored by X : biquandle

Rep $U_q(\mathfrak{g})$ @ root of unity



$$B(g_1, g_2) = (\underbrace{B_1(g_1, g_2)}_{g_3}, \underbrace{B_2(g_1, g_2)}_{g_4})$$

$$S(g_1, g_4) = (\underset{\text{"}}{g_2}, \underset{\text{"}}{g_3})$$

$$S_1(g_1, g_4), S_2(g_1, g_4)$$

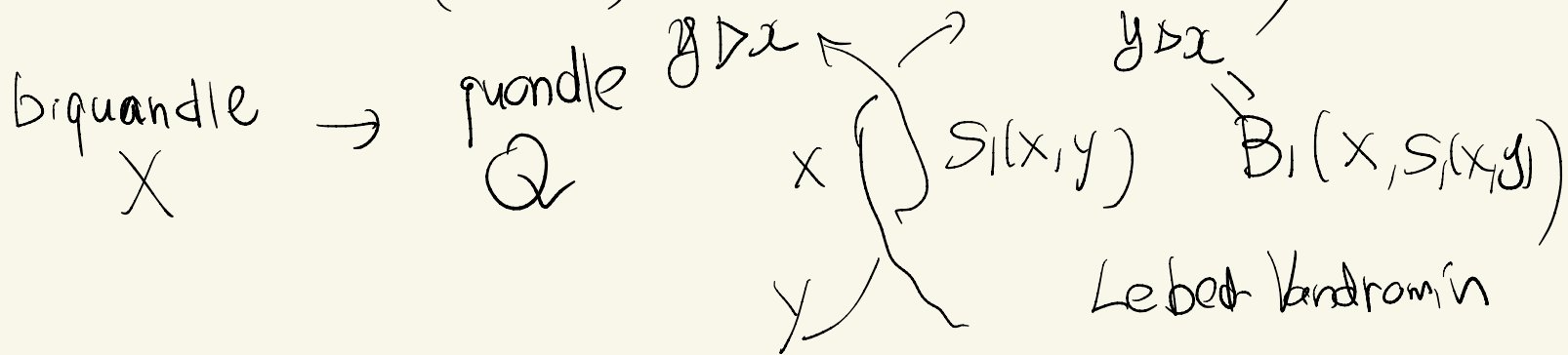
$$RI \quad S(x, x) = (\alpha(x), \alpha(x)) \quad \alpha \in \mathfrak{b}$$

$$RII \quad S(B_1(x, y), x) = (B_2(x, y), y)$$

RIII B : satisfies $\forall BE$

$$(Id \otimes B) \circ (B \otimes Id) \circ (Id \otimes B)$$

$$= (B \otimes Id) \circ (Id \otimes B) \circ (B \otimes Id)$$



$$U_q(\mathfrak{sl}_2) \quad K, K^{-1}, E, F \quad q = e^{\pi i / R} \quad q^{2k} = 1$$

$$KEK^{-1} = q^2 E$$

$$KF K^{-1} = q^{-2} F$$

$$[E, F] = \frac{K - K^{-1}}{q - q^{-1}}$$

central elements

$$\left\{ \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{E^k}{k!}, \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{F^k}{k!}, K^{2k} \right\}$$

$$\begin{aligned} E &\rightarrow 0 = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{E^k}{k!} \\ F &\rightarrow 0 = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{F^k}{k!} \\ K &\rightarrow 1 = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{K^{2k}}{k!} \end{aligned}$$

Δ coproduct

ϵ : counit

S : antipode

} Hopf alg.

\mathcal{R}

rep.

$V(e, f, k)$

$$KE^k K^{-1} = q^{2k} E^k = E^k$$

encode (e, f, k) into

$$G^* = \left\{ \left(\underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} k & 0 \\ f & 1 \end{pmatrix}}_{g_+}, \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} 1 & e \\ 0 & k \end{pmatrix}}_{g_-} \right) \in GL_2 \times GL_2 \right\}$$

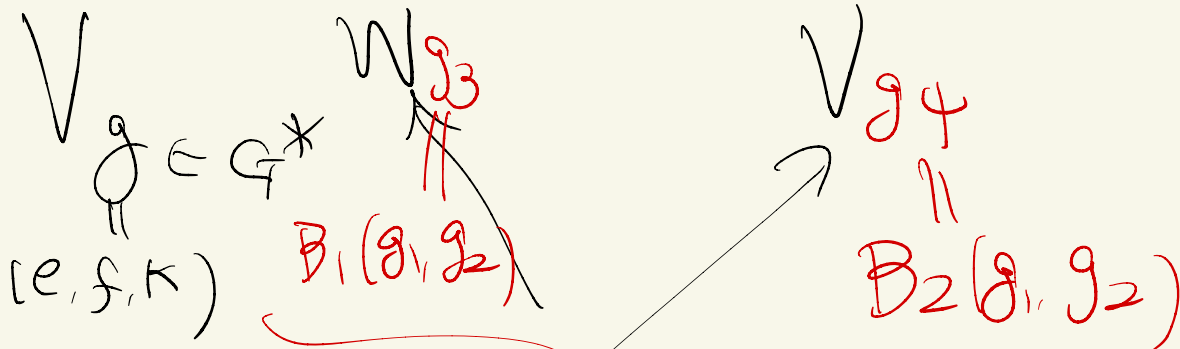


$$G' \subset GL_2$$

$$g = g_+ \times (g_-)^T = \begin{pmatrix} k & -e \\ f & k - ef \end{pmatrix} \in GL_2$$

root-of-unity rep. of $U_{\mathfrak{g}}(\mathfrak{g}_2)$
 \parallel
 $e^{\pi i/k}$

then



$$B: \mathfrak{g}^* \times \mathfrak{g}^* \rightarrow \mathfrak{g}^* \times \mathfrak{g}^*$$

Statement

$$G^* \cong \left\{ \left(\begin{pmatrix} k & 0 \\ f & 1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 1 & e \\ 0 & k \end{pmatrix} \right) \right\}$$

$$(B_1, B_2) = \mathcal{B} : G^* \times G^* \rightarrow G^* \times G^*$$

defines biquandle

tangle + flat G -conn



quandle-colored tangle
(bi)



~~*~~

Rep $U_q(\mathfrak{sl}_2)$

root of unity

non-semisimple

~~*~~

3d TQFT
non-semi simple

A-twist
H-twist

3d $N=4$ theory $g = \mathfrak{sl}_n$
 $T[SU(n)]$
G R

local operator

3d mirror

L_i
 L_j

local op.

$\text{Hom}(L_i, L_j)$

$$= \mathbb{C} \delta_{ij}$$

