

# EXACT RESULTS AND STRINGY EFFECTS IN ABJM THEORY

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mostly [Drukker-M.M.-Putrov, 1007.3837 & 1103.4844]

review [M.M., 1104.0783]

# A new interpolating function in AdS/CFT

In this talk I will focus on the *free energy on the three-sphere* of ABJM theory and related 3d CFTs:

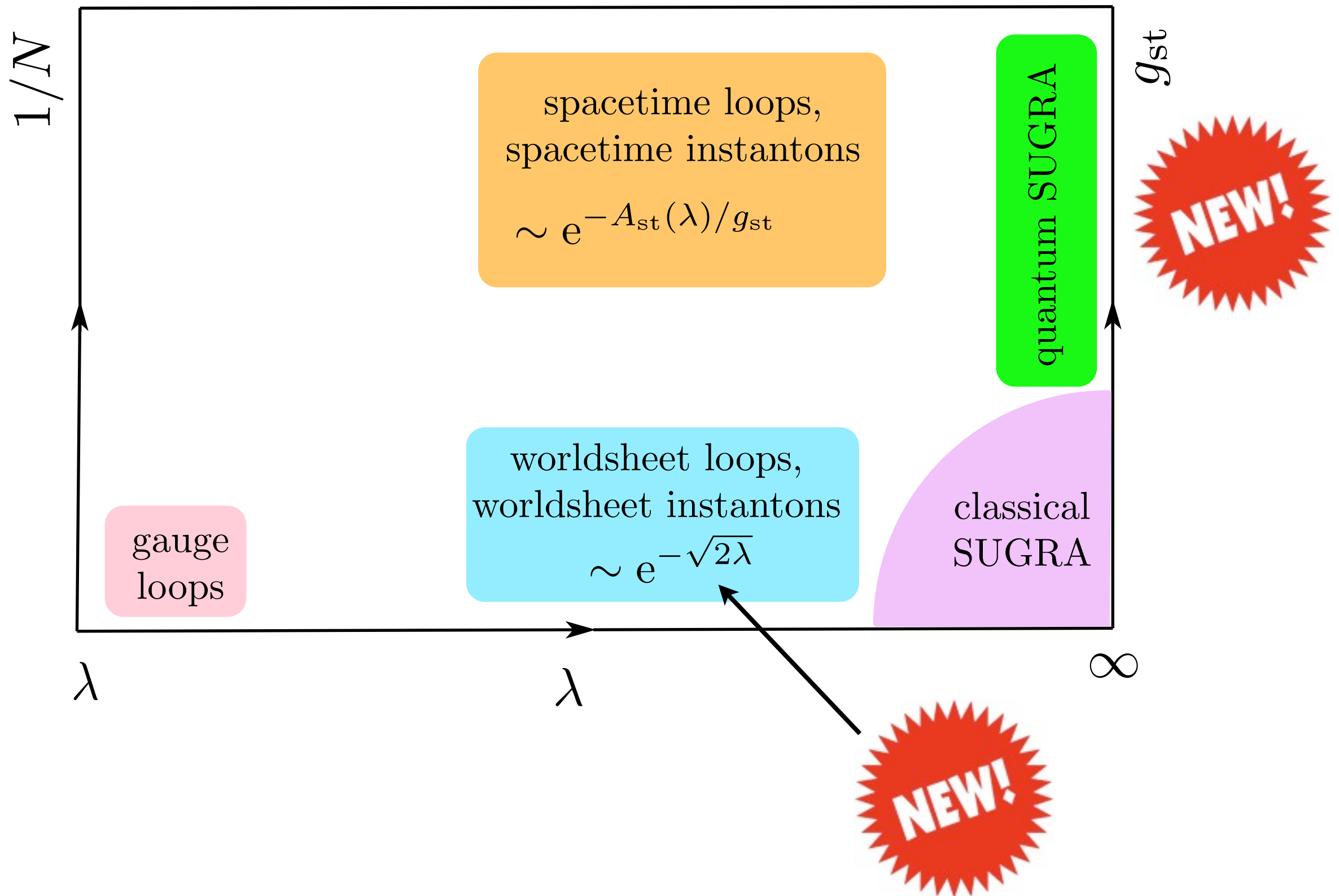
$$F(\lambda, N) = \sum_{g \geq 0} F_g(\lambda) N^{2-2g}$$

$\lambda$  't Hooft parameter

This quantity has many interesting properties:

- It is a *good measure of the number of degrees of freedom* of the 3d CFT. In fact, it is a candidate for a 3d c-function [Jafferis, Klebanov, ...]
- The  $F_g(\lambda)$  can be *effectively* calculated order by order in the  $1/N$  expansion, and *exactly* as a function of  $\lambda$

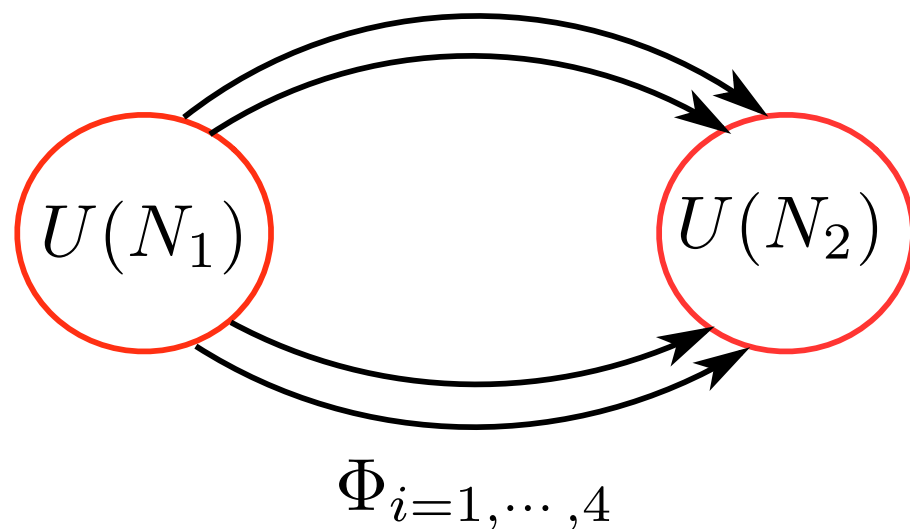
# The parameter space of string/gauge dualities





**A B J M theory**

2 CS theories + 4 hypers in the bifundamental



$$U(N_1)_k \times U(N_2)_{-k}$$

two 't Hooft  
couplings

$$\lambda_i = \frac{N_i}{k}$$

In this talk we restrict to the “ABJM slice”  $\lambda_1 = \lambda_2 = \lambda = \frac{N}{k}$

This is a 3d SCFT which (conjecturally) describes  $N$  M2 branes  
probing a  $\mathbb{C}^4/\mathbb{Z}_k$  singularity

# Gravity dual

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{M-theory on} & \xrightarrow{\text{Hopf reduction}} & \text{type IIA theory/AdS}_4 \times \mathbb{P}^3 \\ \text{AdS}_4 \times \mathbb{S}^7 / \mathbb{Z}_k & & \\ & & ds^2 = \frac{L^2}{4\ell_s^2} (ds_{\text{AdS}_4}^2 + 4ds_{\mathbb{CP}^3}^2) \end{array}$$

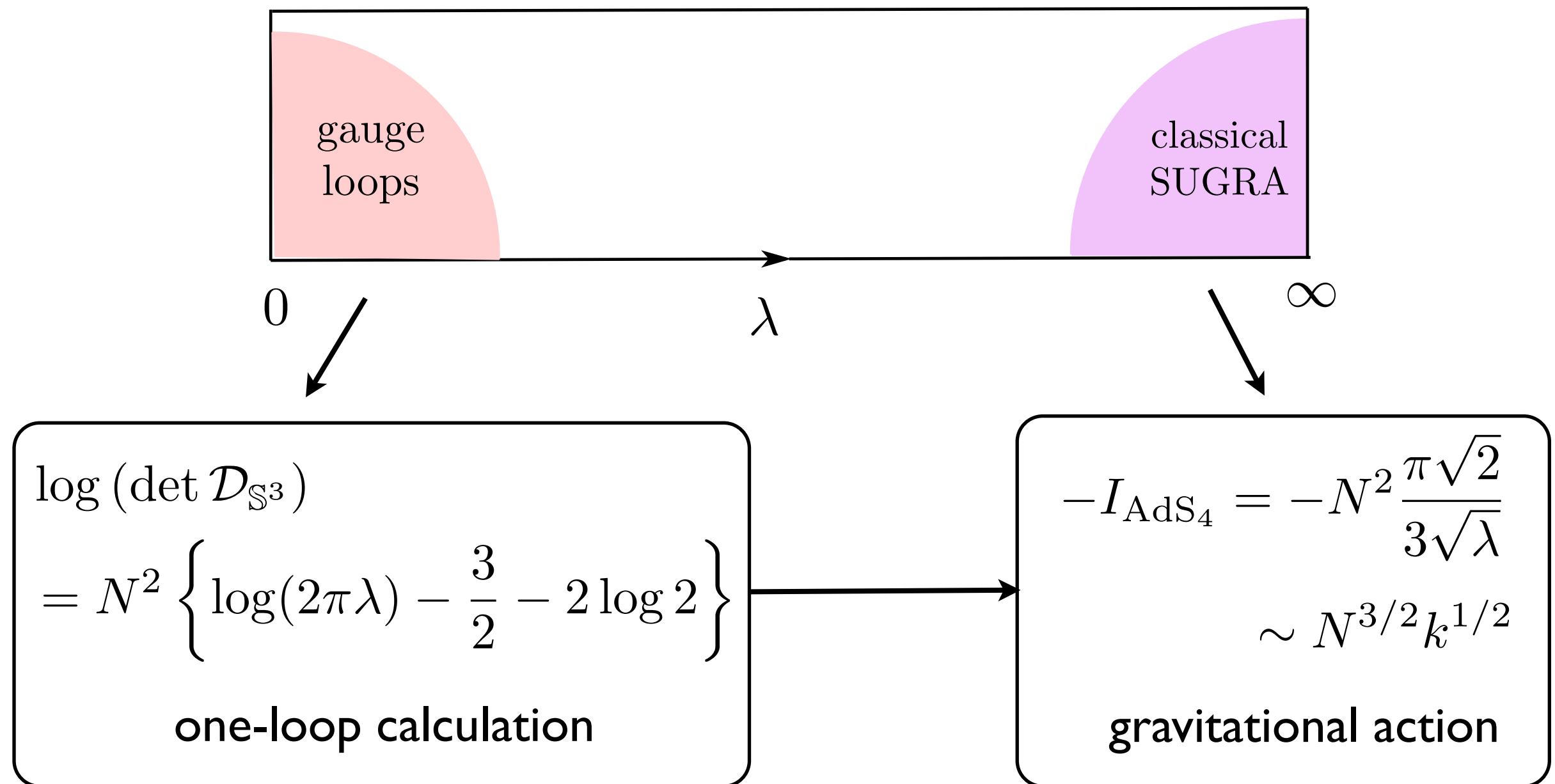
Gauge/gravity dictionary:

$$k^2 = g_{\text{st}}^{-2} \left( \frac{L}{\ell_s} \right)^2$$

$$\hat{\lambda} = \lambda - \frac{1}{24} = \frac{1}{32\pi^2} \left( \frac{L}{\ell_s} \right)^4 \left( 1 - \frac{4\pi^2 g_{\text{st}}^2}{3} \left( \frac{\ell_s}{L} \right)^6 \right)$$

corrections to the planar/strong coupling dictionary [Bergman-Hirano, Aharony et al.]

# (Planar) free energy at weak and strong coupling



There should be a non-trivial function of the 't Hooft coupling interpolating between these two results!

# Localization and matrix models

In supersymmetric theories one can often reduce the path integral to an integral over supersymmetric configurations/vacua. On spherical spacetimes all the modes are massive and the vacua simplify dramatically: the path integral reduces to a *matrix model!*

Example: in  $N=4$  SYM the path integral calculating the vev of the  $1/2$  BPS Wilson loop reduces to a *Gaussian, Hermitian matrix model* [Ericksson-Semenoff-Zarembo, Drukker-Gross, Pestun]

# Reduction to a matrix model in ABJM

Localization techniques were applied to the ABJM theory in a beautiful paper by [Kapustin-Willet-Yaakov]. The partition function on  $S^3$  is given by the following matrix integral:

contribution CS gauge fields

$$Z_{\text{ABJM}}(N_1, N_2, g_{\text{top}})$$

$$= \frac{1}{N_1! N_2!} \int \prod_{i=1}^{N_1} \frac{d\mu_i}{2\pi} \prod_{j=1}^{N_2} \frac{d\nu_j}{2\pi} \frac{\prod_{i < j} \left( 2 \sinh \left( \frac{\mu_i - \mu_j}{2} \right) \right)^2 \left( 2 \sinh \left( \frac{\nu_i - \nu_j}{2} \right) \right)^2}{\prod_{i,j} \left( 2 \cosh \left( \frac{\mu_i - \nu_j}{2} \right) \right)^2} e^{-\frac{1}{2g_{\text{top}}} (\sum_i \mu_i^2 - \sum_j \nu_j^2)}$$

contribution 4 hypers

$$g_{\text{top}} = \frac{2\pi i}{k}$$

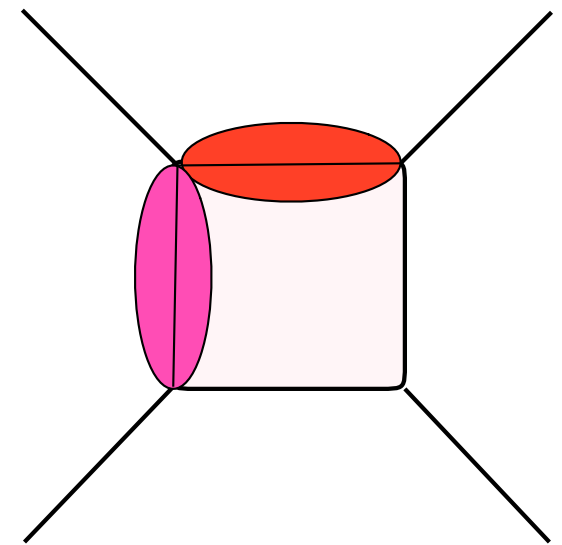
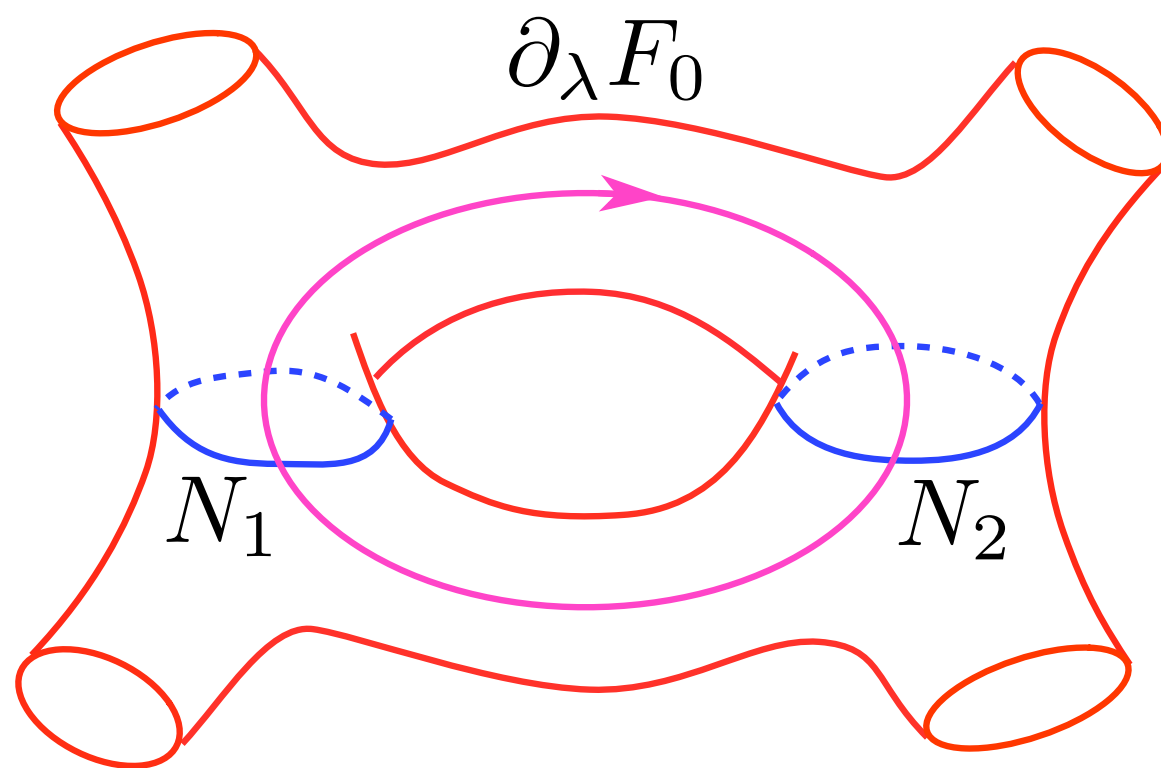
$$N_1 = N_2 = N$$

$$F = \log Z_{\text{ABJM}} = \sum_{g \geq 0} F_g(\lambda) g_{\text{top}}^{2g-2}$$



# Planar solution

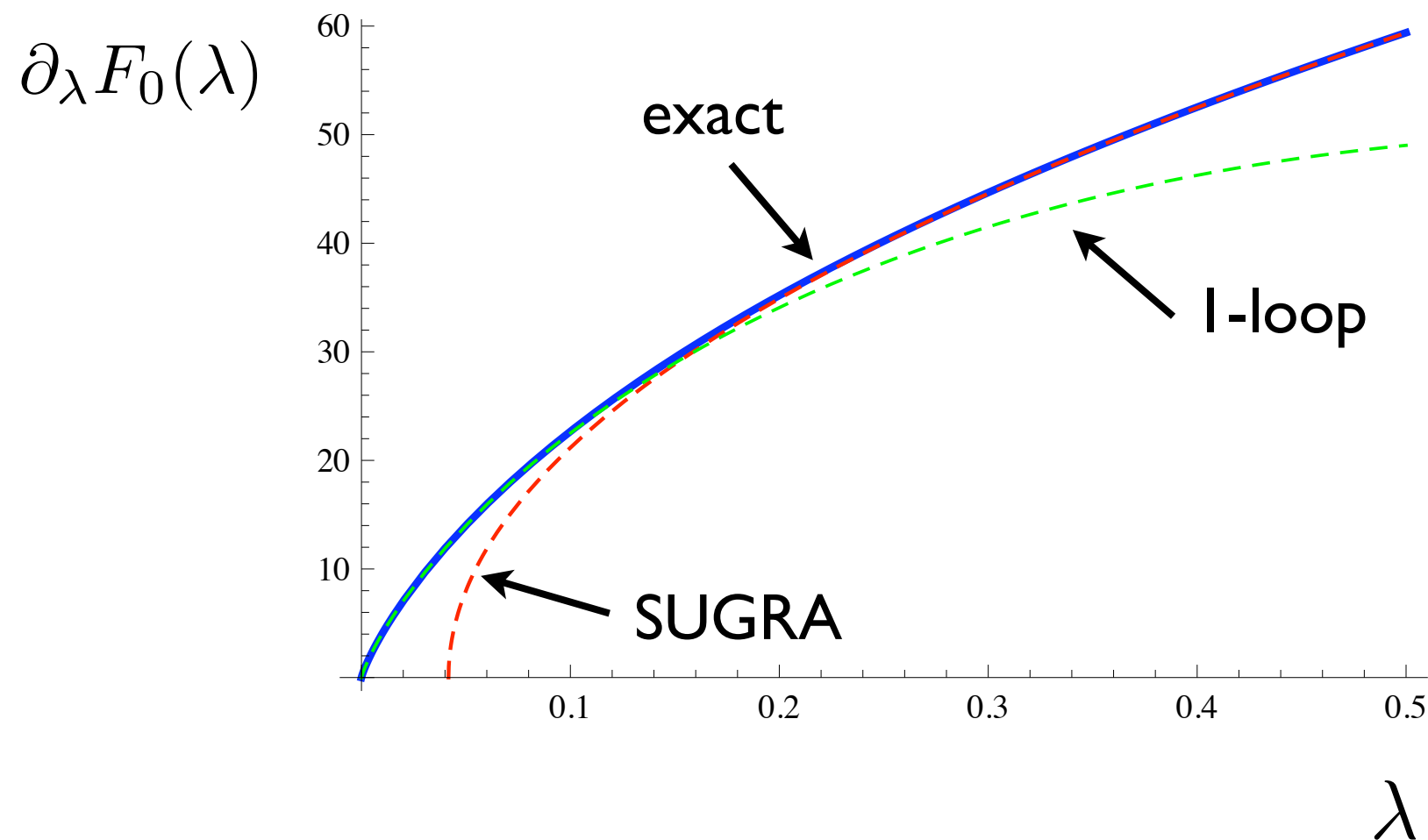
The planar solution of the matrix model is encoded in a *spectral curve* and meromorphic differential, as in special geometry. It is closely related to CS matrix models [M.M.], local mirror symmetry, and large  $N$  dualities for topological strings [Gopakumar-Vafa, AKMV]



The solution to the matrix model involves an auxiliary real variable  $\kappa$ . The planar free energy is given by

$$\lambda(\kappa) = \frac{\kappa}{8\pi} {}_3F_2 \left( \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}; 1, \frac{3}{2}; -\frac{\kappa^2}{16} \right)$$

$$\partial_\lambda F_0(\lambda) = \frac{\kappa}{4} G_{3,3}^{2,3} \left( \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2}, & \frac{1}{2}, & \frac{1}{2} \\ 0, & 0, & -\frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} \middle| -\frac{\kappa^2}{16} \right) + 4\pi^3 i \lambda(\kappa)$$



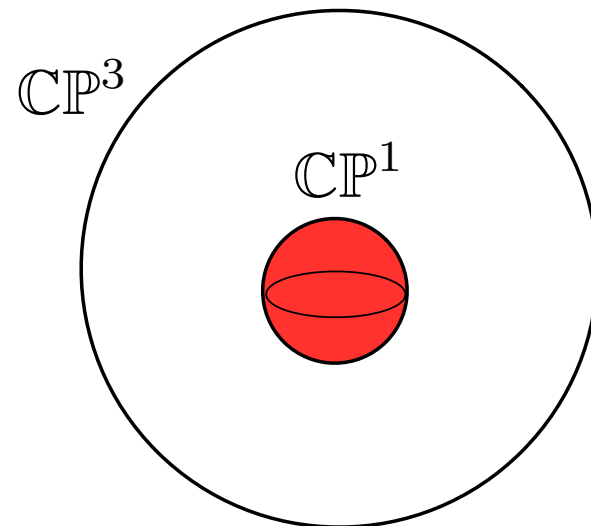
# Nonperturbative effects in $\alpha'$

What is the nature of the corrections at strong coupling?

$$F_0(\hat{\lambda}) = \frac{4\pi^3\sqrt{2}}{3}\hat{\lambda}^{3/2} + \sum_{\ell \geq 1} e^{-2\pi\ell\sqrt{2\hat{\lambda}}} f_\ell \left( \frac{1}{\pi\sqrt{2\hat{\lambda}}} \right)$$

↑  
SUGRA limit

↑  
*worldsheet instantons*  
[cf. Cagnazzo-Sorokin-Wulff]

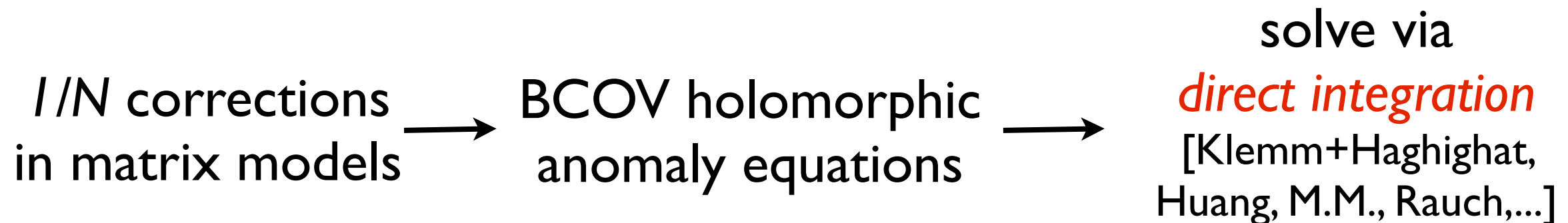


$$f_\ell(x) = \sum_{n=0}^{2\ell-3} f_n^{(\ell)} x^n$$

Like in *mirror symmetry*, special geometry leads to a calculable, infinite series of worldsheet instanton corrections!

# Beyond the planar approximation

One can also compute in a systematic way the  $1/N$  expansion of the free energy.



This leads to an *integrable recursion relation* for the genus  $g$  free energies, similar to what happens in matrix models for non-critical strings. The topological recursion plays here the role of the Painleve-type nonlinear ODEs.

*quasi-modular forms*

$$F_g(\lambda) = \text{in the modular parameter of the (elliptic) spectral curve}$$

# M-theory free energy

From this genus expansion one obtains the *large radius expansion* of the M-theory free energy on  $\text{AdS}_4 \times \mathbb{S}^7 / \mathbb{Z}_k$ , for *any*  $k$  (no membrane instantons included)

use “renormalized” Planck length:  $\frac{\widehat{\ell}_p}{L} = \frac{\ell_p / L}{\left[1 - 12\pi^2 (\ell_p / L)^6\right]^{1/6}}$

$$F = -\frac{1}{384\pi^2 k} \left(\frac{L}{\widehat{\ell}_p}\right)^9 + \frac{1}{6} \log \left[ 8\pi^3 k^3 \left(\frac{\widehat{\ell}_p}{L}\right)^9 \right] + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} d_{n+1} \pi^{2n} k^n \left(\frac{\widehat{\ell}_p}{L}\right)^{9n}$$

resummed to a *perturbatively exact M-theory partition function!*  
[Fuji-Hirano-Moriyama]

$$Z_{\text{ABJM}} \sim k^{1/3} \text{Ai}(x) \qquad x \propto k^{-\frac{2}{3}} \left(\frac{L}{\widehat{\ell}_p}\right)^6$$

Exact Hartle-Hawking wavefunction? [Maldacena, Ooguri-Vafa-Verlinde, ...]

# The nature of the genus expansion

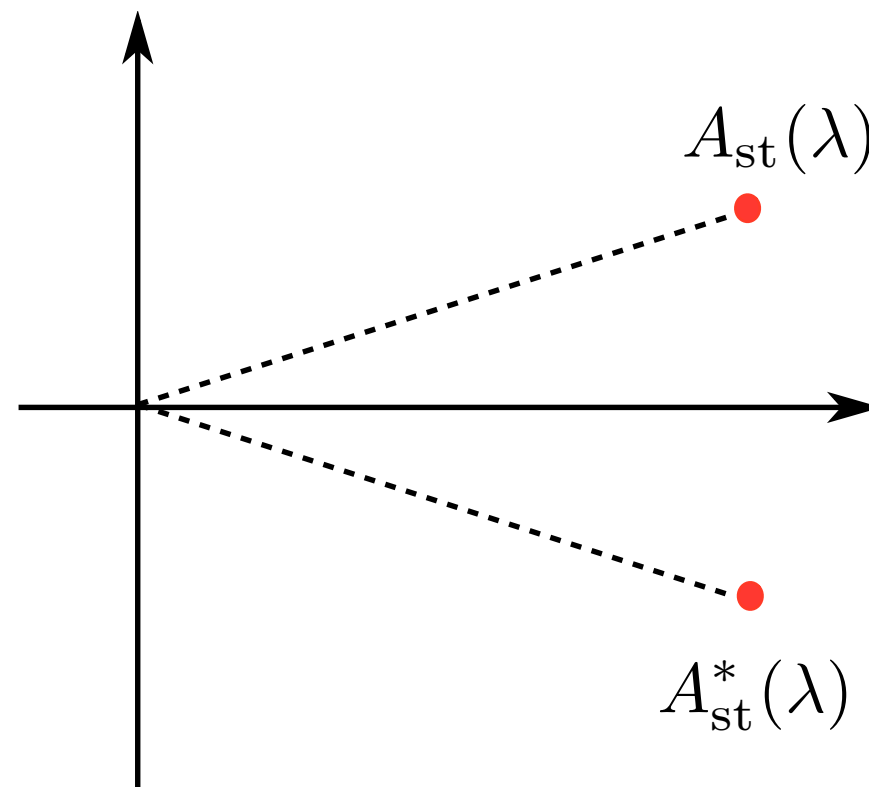
We can now study the large order behavior of the genus expansion to determine its nature and extract *spacetime instanton effects*

$$F_g(\lambda) \sim (2g)! (A_{\text{st}}(\lambda))^{-2g} \quad [\text{Shenker}]$$

$$A_{\text{st}}(\lambda) \propto \frac{1}{\pi} \partial_\lambda F_0(\lambda) + \pi^2 i \quad \text{instanton action}$$

$$\longrightarrow \mathcal{O} \left( e^{-A_{\text{st}}(\lambda)/g_{\text{st}}} \right) \quad \text{corrections}$$

Since the instanton action is *complex*, the free energies at large genus have an oscillatory behavior. The superstring genus expansion for the free energy on  $\text{AdS}_4 \times \mathbb{CP}^3$  is then *Borel summable!*

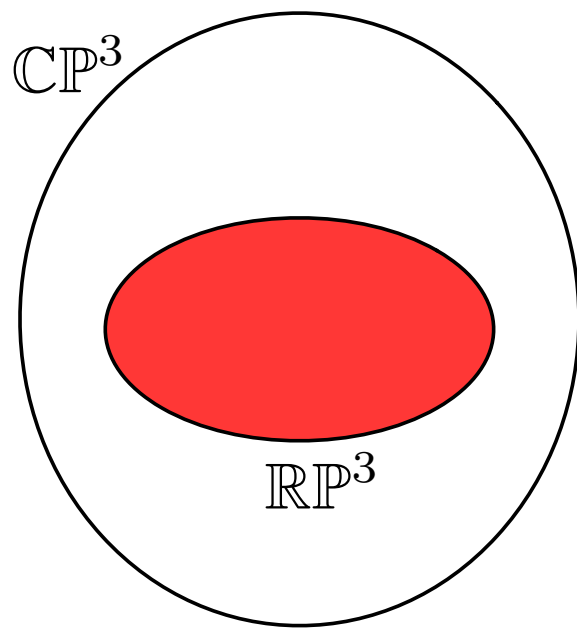


This is typical of stable quantum systems and has been observed before in non-critical, non-unitary string theories (like the Lee-Yang model coupled to 2d gravity)

Can we identify this spacetime instanton in the large  $N$  AdS dual?  
It should come from a D-brane [Polchinski]

At strong coupling and in string units we find:

$$A_{\text{st}} \approx \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{L}{\ell_s} \right)^3 \left( 1 + 2\pi i \frac{\ell_s^2}{L^2} \right)$$



The leading, real part is the action of an *Euclidean D2 brane wrapping* an  $\mathbb{RP}^3$  inside  $\mathbb{CP}^3$

The imaginary part -which is responsible for the Borel summability- is more puzzling. Notice that it is an  $\alpha'$  correction, therefore it is invisible in the SUGRA limit



# Conclusions

- SUGRA limit: new precision tests of AdS/CFT, which can be extended to many other 3d Chern-Simons-matter theories

[Couso-M.M.-Putrov, Klebanov et al., Martelli-Sparks, and many others]

- Matrix model predictions for *worldsheet instanton effects*, which should be decoded on the string side
- Matrix model predictions for *quantum gravity effects*: exact partition function in M-theory, also to be decoded. Relation to Hartle-Hawking wavefunction?
- Sheds light on the nature of the genus expansion (Borel summability!) and on *spacetime instanton effects*