#### Uses of 3d toric varieties

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Strings 2011, Uppsala

#### **SCTV**

## Based on

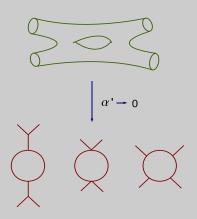
Flux compactification on smooth, compact, three-dimensional toric varieties

- & M. Larfors, D. Lüst, D. T., JHEP 1007
- In progress

## Outline

- Introduction
- 3d SCTV
- Symplectic quotient
- SU(3) structures
- Conclusions

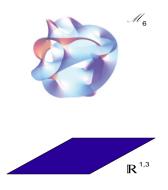
# String Theory vs Field Theory



#### Low-energy limit

- Effective description
- Supergravity solutions

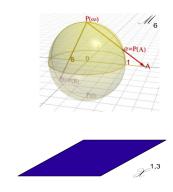
# Supergravity solutions



#### Absence of flux

- Susy vacua  $\mathbb{R}^{1,3} \times \mathcal{M}_6$  with  $\mathcal{M}_6 = \mathsf{CY}$
- Use math.AG for  $\mathcal{M}_6$
- Candelas, Horowitz, Strominger, Witten, '85
- Strominger, Witten, '85
- De Wit, Smit, Dass, '87
- Maldacena, Nuñez, '00

# Supergravity solutions



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#### Presence of flux

- Susy vacua  $\mathcal{X}^{1,3} \times \mathcal{M}_6$  with  $\mathcal{M}_6 \neq CY$
- Moduli stabilization, susy-breaking, KKLT, ...
- $\mathcal{X}^{1,3} = AdS_4$
- Freund, Rubin, '80
- ♣ Duff, Pope, '82
- Nilsson, Pope, '84
- Sorokin, Tkatch, Volkov, '84

# Flux backgrounds

#### Modern tools

- G-structures and generalized geometry
- · Gauntlett, Kim, Martelli, Waldram, '01
- · Gauntlett, Martelli, Pakis, Waldram, '02
- 4 Graña, Minasian, Petrini, Tomasiello, '04; '05

#### Backreaction may be severe

Susy 'selects' on M<sub>6</sub>
a non-integrable almost-complex structure

#### Main idea

- M<sub>6</sub> may admit another integrable almost-complex structure
- Use the underlying complex analytic (algebro-geometric) description

## 3d SCTV

## Proposal

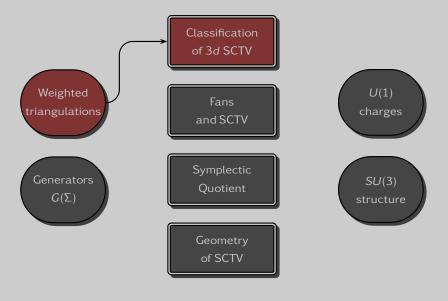
Use directly as internal manifolds in flux compactifications

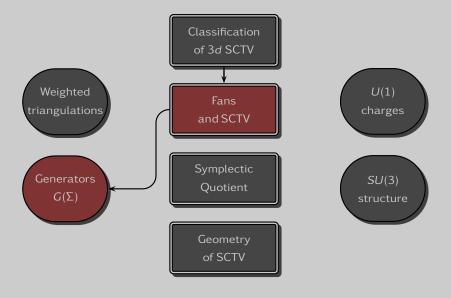
#### Indirect uses

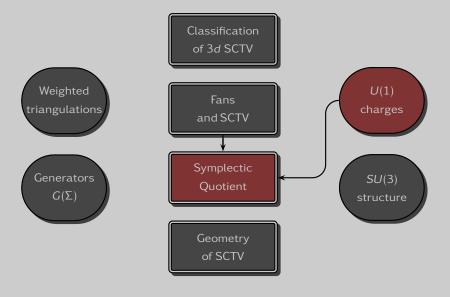
- No compact toric CY's
- Embedding spaces for CY submanifolds
- Non-compact CY's

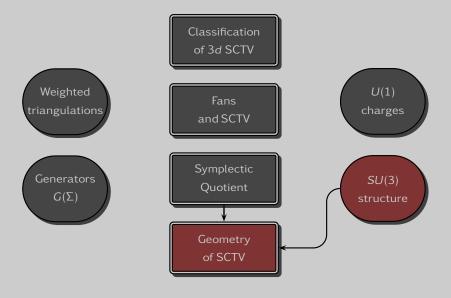
## Playground of infinitely many topologies

Explicit description









#### Toric varieties

# Fan $\Sigma = \{\sigma_1, \dots, \sigma_k\} \leftrightarrow V_{\Sigma}$

Collection of strongly convex cones  $\sigma$  in  $N_{\mathbb{R}} := \mathbb{R} \otimes N$ ,  $N \cong \mathbb{Z}^d$ 

$$\sigma = \{a_1 \mathbf{v_1} + \dots a_r \mathbf{v_r}; \quad 0 \le a_1, \dots a_r \in \mathbb{R}\}$$

such that  $v_1, ..., v_r \in N$  linearly-independent, primitive and

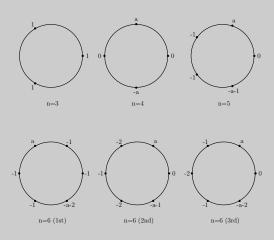
- if  $\sigma \in \Sigma$  and  $\sigma' \leq \sigma$  then  $\sigma' \in \Sigma$ ;
- if  $\sigma$ ,  $\sigma' \in \Sigma$  then  $\sigma \cap \sigma' \leq \sigma$  and  $\sigma \cap \sigma' \leq \sigma'$ .

## Cone generators $G(\Sigma)$

$$G(\Sigma)=\{v_1,\ldots,v_n\}$$

Miyake, Oda, reported in Oda, '78

## Correspondence: admissible wcg ←→ 2d SCTV



Miyake, Oda, reported in Oda, '78

# d=3, $N \cong \mathbb{Z}^3$

 $S^2 \subset N$ , centered at the origin

## Canonical isomorphisms between

- 3d SCTV
- ullet admissible double  ${\mathbb Z}$ -weightings of  $S^2$
- admissible N-weightings of S<sup>2</sup>

## N-weighting

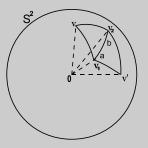
- Triangulation of  $S^2$  by spherical triangles
- Assignment of primitive  $v \in N$  to each spherical vertex

## Admissible N-weighting

- Intersect a fan  $\Sigma$  with the sphere  $S^2 \Rightarrow$  triangulation
- Vertex of the triangulation  $\leftrightarrow$  generator in  $G(\Sigma)$

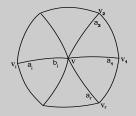
#### Double Z-weighting

Assignment of a pair of integers to each spherical edge



## Admissible N-weighting $\Rightarrow$ double $\mathbb{Z}$ -weighting

$$v + v' + av_1 + bv_2 = 0$$



#### Admissible double Z-weighting

The equations

$$v_{i-1} + v_{i-1} + a_i v_i + b_i v = 0$$

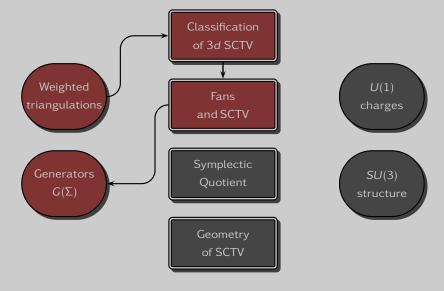
are compatible for each v

- The weighted link of each v is an admissible wcg
- Can solve to determine  $G(\Sigma)$

Miyake, Oda, reported in Oda, '78

## Partial classification of (minimal) 3d SCTV

- $\mathbb{CP}^2$  bundles over  $\mathbb{CP}^1$
- CP¹ bundles over 2d SCTV
- Complete *N*-weightings for triangulations  $n \le 8$



# Symplectic quotient

## Moment maps

$$\mu^a:=\sum_{i=1}^nQ_i^a|z^i|^2-\xi^a$$
 
$$a=1,\dots s\;;\quad z^1,\dots z^n\in\mathbb{C}^n\;;\quad d=n-s$$

## $U(1)^s$ action on $\mathbb{C}^n$

$$z^i \longrightarrow e^{i\varphi_a Q_i^a} z^i$$

# Toric variety $\mathcal{M}_{2d} = V_{\Sigma}$

$$\mathcal{M}_{2d} = \mu^{-1}(0)/U(1)^{s}$$

• Unique topology for  $\xi^a \in \mathcal{K}_{\mathcal{M}}$ 

# Symplectic quotient

## Forms on $\mathcal{M}_{2d}$

- Basic forms on  $\mu^{-1}(0)$
- Gauge-invariant forms  $\Phi$  on  $\mathbb{C}^n$  subject to  $\mu^a = 0$ ,  $P(\Phi) = \Phi$

## Relation to the previous description

• Generators  $G(\Sigma) \leftrightarrow U(1)$  charges

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} Q_i^a v_i = 0 , \quad a = 1, ..., s$$

# From SCTV to G-structures Classification of 3d SCTV Weighted triangulations and SCTV charges

of SCTV

# SU(3) structures

## Compactifications on $\mathcal{M}_6$

- Susy 'selects' an SU(3) or SU(3)xSU(3) structure on open sets
- Global solution by extension
- Convenient to have a global SU(3)

#### Topological obstruction

•  $\mathcal{M}_6$  must be spin

# SU(3) structures

## SU(3) structure on $\mathcal{M}_6$

- ullet  $\Omega$  complex decomposable three-form
- J real two-form

• 
$$\Omega \wedge J = 0$$
 &  $\Omega \wedge \Omega^* = -\frac{4i}{3}J \wedge J \wedge J \neq 0$ 

#### Link with supergravity

- $\epsilon \sim \zeta \otimes \eta$
- $\Omega \sim \eta \gamma_{(3)} \eta$  &  $J \sim \eta^{\dagger} \gamma_{(2)} \eta$

# SU(3) structures

## Torsion classes $W_1, \dots W_5$

$$dJ = \frac{3}{2} \operatorname{Im}(\mathcal{W}_1 \Omega^*) + \mathcal{W}_4 \wedge J + \mathcal{W}_3$$
$$d\Omega = \mathcal{W}_1 J \wedge J + \mathcal{W}_2 \wedge J + \mathcal{W}_5^* \wedge \Omega$$

#### Solutions

- Conditions for vacuum  $\leftrightarrow$  Conditions on  $W_i$
- Geometrical problem

# Necessary and sufficient conditions on $W_i$

#### IIA/B $\mathcal{N} = 2$ CY

- F = 0,  $W_i = 0$
- $ds^2 = ds^2(\mathbb{R}^{1,4}) + ds^2(\mathcal{M}_6)$
- Many examples

# IIA $\mathcal{N}=1$ rigid SU(3)

- $F \neq 0$ ,  $W_3$ ,  $W_4$ ,  $W_5 = 0$ ,  $W_1$ ,  $W_2 \neq 0$ ,  $dW_2 \propto \text{Re}\Omega$
- $ds^2 = ds^2(AdS_4) + ds^2(\mathcal{M}_6)$
- & Lüst, D. T., '04
  - A handful of examples
- & Behrndt, Cvetic, '04
- Tomasiello, '07
- & Koerber, Lüst, D. T., '08

## 'SCTV' now refers to the topology

#### Sufficient conditions

(1,0) form K on  $\mathbb{C}^n$  such that

- $\bullet$  P(K) = K
- $Q^a(K) = \frac{1}{2}Q^a(\Omega_{\mathbb{C}})$
- $|K|^2 = 2$ , on  $u^{-1}(0)$

## Local SU(2) structure

$$\omega = -\frac{i}{2} K^* \cdot \widetilde{\Omega} \quad \& \quad j = \widetilde{J} - \frac{i}{2} K \wedge K^*$$
 where

$$\widetilde{\Omega} \propto \prod_{a=1}^{3} \iota_{V^a} \Omega_{\mathbb{C}} \& \widetilde{J} = P(J_{\mathbb{C}}), \quad V^a = \sum_i Q_i^a z^i \partial_{z^i}$$

## Global SU(3) structure

$$J = \alpha j - \frac{i\beta^2}{2} K \wedge K^* \quad \& \quad \Omega = \alpha \beta e^{i\gamma} K^* \wedge \omega$$

#### Torsion classes

- Generally  $W_i \neq 0$
- Special points where  $W_1$ ,  $W_3$ ,  $W_4 = 0$
- Tomasiello, '07
- & Gaiotto, Tomasiello, '09
- & Larfors, Lüst, D.T., '10

#### Remarks

- Conditions are easy to satisfy
- A plethora of SU(3) structures on various 3d SCTV
- Does not produce solutions automatically: torsion classes must be computed case by case
- In progress

## Known 3d SCTV solutions (topology)

Susy  $AdS_4 \times \mathcal{M}_6$  vacua, where  $\mathcal{M}_6$  is:

- $\bullet$   $\mathbb{CP}^3$
- Nilsson, Pope, '84
- Sorokin, Tkatch, Volkov, '84
- ♣ Tomasiello, '07
- & Koerber, Lüst, D. T., '08
- Aharony, Jafferis, Tomasiello, Zaffaroni, '10
  - $S^1$  reduction of  $Y^{p,q}(\mathcal{B}_4)$ where  $\mathcal{B}_4$ =Kähler-Einstein
- · Gauntlett, Martelli, Sparks, Waldram, '04
- Martelli, Sparks, '08

## Known 3d SCTV solutions (topology) cont'd

Susy  $AdS_4 \times \mathcal{M}_6$  vacua, where  $\mathcal{M}_6$  is:

- Massive deformation of  $S^1$  reduction of  $Y^{2,3}(\mathbb{CP}^2) = M^{1,1,1}$
- A Petrini, Zaffaroni, '09
  - Massive deformation of  $S^1$  reduction of  $Y^{p,q}(\mathcal{B}_4)$ where  $\mathcal{B}_4$ =Kähler-Einstein
- . Lüst, D. T., '09
  - Massive deformation of  $S^1$  reduction of  $A^{p,q,r}(\mathbb{CP}^1 \times \mathbb{CP}^1)$
- Gauntlett, Martelli, Sparks, Waldram, '04
- A Chen, Lu, Pope, Vazquez-Poritz, '04
- Tomasiello, Zaffaroni, '10

#### Non-compact example

- Resolved conifold
- . Chen, Dasgupta, Franche, Katz, Tatar, '10

#### Conclusions

## Summary

SCTV's as compactification manifolds may offer many concrete examples where ideas about flux compactifications and AdS/CFT can be tested explicitly.

- Method to produce SU(3) structures on 3d SCTV
- Does not automatically produce solutions: torsion classes must be computed

#### **Future directions**

- Searches for:
   AdS<sub>4</sub>/dS<sub>4</sub> vacua, SB vacua
   KK reductions, low-energy effective actions, ...
- Consistent truncations on 3d SCTV
- Existence theorems for specific types of SU(3) structures on 3d SCTV

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