## Structure Constants and Integrable Bootstrap in Planar N=4 SYM Theory

Benjamin Basso<br>ENS Paris

Strings 2015<br>ICTS-TIFR, Bengaluru

based on work with Shota Komatsu and Pedro Vieira

## Plan / Goal

Compute Structure Constants of Single Trace Operators in Planar N=4 SYM theory

$$
\left\langle\mathcal{O}_{1}\left(x_{1}\right) \mathcal{O}_{2}\left(x_{2}\right) \mathcal{O}_{3}\left(x_{3}\right)\right\rangle=\frac{C_{123}}{x_{12}^{\Delta_{12}} x_{23}^{\Delta_{33}} x_{13}^{\Delta_{13}}}
$$

Question : How Do We Compute That At
Finite Coupling?

## Answer: Use Integrability and Hexagon Bootstrap Program

## Part of a Bigger Program = Solving Strings in AdS



## Spectrum Success Story



## Can we follow a similar path for structure constants?

## Lessons From The Cylinder

## 2pt Function

$$
\left\langle\mathcal{O}(x)^{\dagger} \mathcal{O}(0)\right\rangle=\frac{1}{x^{2 \Delta}}
$$

$\Delta$ = Energy Eigenvalue In Finite Volume L


$$
\operatorname{tr} Z^{L}
$$

Length = Number of Adjoint Fields $=\mathrm{L}$

## 2pt Function



Finite-Volume Problem Are Difficult ...
... Start with Large Volume First

## Decompactification $=$ Cutting Procedure

## Very Large Length

Cut Open Here


## Asymptotic or Infinite Volume L Description

## Power of Symmetry

Magnon in bi-fund irrep of residual symmetry group of BMN vacuum :
[Beisert'05]

$\operatorname{PSU}(2 \mid 2) \times \operatorname{PSU}(2 \mid 2) \ltimes \mathbb{R}^{3}$
Left
Right

Central extensions : contain BMN energy

## Beisert S-Matrix



Left / Right S-Matrix
Fixed by Symmetry and Crossing
[Janik'05]

## Power of Symmetry

## Asymptotic $=$ IR Solution

Energy

$$
E=1+2 g\left(\frac{i}{x^{+}}-\frac{i}{x^{-}}\right)
$$

Momentum

$$
p=\frac{1}{i} \log \frac{x^{+}}{x^{-}}
$$

Rapidity

$$
x^{ \pm}+\frac{1}{x^{ \pm}}=\frac{u \pm i / 2}{g}
$$

Scattering Phase
[Beisert,Eden,Staudacher’06]

$$
S_{12}^{0}=\frac{x_{1}^{+}-x_{2}^{-}}{x_{1}^{-}-x_{2}^{+}} \frac{1-1 / x_{1}^{-} x_{2}^{+}}{1-1 / x_{1}^{+} x_{2}^{-}} \frac{1}{\sigma_{12}^{2}}
$$

## Systematic Improvement

## Include Finite Size Effects = so-called Wrapping Effects

[Ambjorn,Janik,Kristjansen’05]
[Bajnok,Janik'08]


Vacuum (in Mirror = double Wick rotated Theory)


Virtual Effect : Exchange of 1-particle in Mirror Channel

Wrapping Corrections $=e^{-L \times E} \sim O\left(g^{2 L}\right)$

## Systematic Improvement

## Include Finite Size Effects = so-called Wrapping Effects

[Ambjorn,Janik,Kristjansen’05]
[Bajnok,Janik'08]


Vacuum (in mirror = double Wick rotated theory)


More mirror particles exchanged

Virtual effect : Exchange of 1-particle in mirror channel

## Resummation of All Finite Size Corrections = TBA Eqs

## 3-pt Function

## 3-pt Function / Pair of Pants



Three Punctures
Sphere
Pair of Pants

## Toward Asymptotic Description

## Cutting Procedure

Philosophy:
Closed String
=
(Open String)^2


Slogan : Pair of Pants = (Hexagon)^2

## New Finite Size Effects



Can Get a Good Asymptotic Description When These New Effects Are Small

## Dual Spin Chain Picture



Three Bridges In Total = Three-Distance Problem
New Wrapping Effects $=O\left(g^{l_{i j}}\right)$ at Weak Coupling

## How to Combine Hexagons Into Asymptotic $=$ IR Description

## Split The Wave Funtion :



Leftover Information About Spin Chain State :

## Sum Over Bipartite Partition of Bethe Roots

## Summary Hexagon Picture

## 3-pt Function = Finite Volume Correlator of Two Hexagons



(momentum of) mirror particles where we glue


Elementary Patch : Hexagon Form Factor
magnons in mirror channels

spin chain 1 and 3

## Building Blocks $=$ Hexagon Form Factors

## Mirror/Crossing Moves



All-On-Top = Creation Form Factor
Spin Chain State $=$ String of bifundamentals

$$
\begin{aligned}
\mathfrak{h}^{A_{1} \dot{A}_{1}, \ldots, A_{N} \dot{A}_{N}}\left(u_{1}, \ldots, u_{N}\right)= & \langle\mathfrak{h}|\left(\left|\chi_{1}^{A_{1} \dot{A}_{1}} \cdots \chi_{N}^{A_{N} \dot{A}_{N}}\right\rangle_{1} \otimes|0\rangle_{2} \otimes|0\rangle_{3}\right) \\
& \left(\begin{array}{l}
\text { Hexagon Vertex }
\end{array}\right.
\end{aligned}
$$

## How To Fix The Hexagon Form Factors?

## Use Super-Symmetry

## 3pt-Function $=(B M N)^{\wedge} \mathbf{3}$

Two BMIN vacua
One Twisted BMNN Vacuum

Needed for overlap with ops 1 and 2

$$
\mathcal{O}_{2}=\operatorname{tr} \bar{Z}(\infty)^{L_{2}}
$$



Part of Family of
Twisted Correlators
see [Drukker,Plefka'09]

## Use Super-Symmetry

## 3pt-Function $=(B M N)^{\wedge} \mathbf{3}$

## Bosonic Subgroup :

Fix a Line
in Spacetime $\begin{aligned} & \text { Fix Three } \\ & \text { (real) Scalars } \\ & \text { Out of Six }\end{aligned}$
Fix a Line
in Spacetime $\begin{aligned} & \text { Fix Three } \\ & \text { (real) Scalars } \\ & \text { Out of Six }\end{aligned}$
$O(3) \times O(3)$ (real) Scalars
Out of Six

$$
\mathcal{O}_{2}=\operatorname{tr} \bar{Z}(\infty)^{L_{2}}
$$

$$
\mathcal{O}_{3}=\operatorname{tr} \tilde{Z}(1)^{L_{3}}
$$

+ 8 Supercharges : $\quad \mathcal{Q}^{a}{ }_{\alpha}+\epsilon^{a b} \epsilon_{\alpha \beta} \dot{\mathcal{S}}^{\beta}{ }_{b}$

Total :

$$
\operatorname{PSU}(2 \mid 2)
$$

i.e. Diagonal Subgroup of BMNN Group

$$
P S U(2 \mid 2)_{\text {Left }} \times P S U(2 \mid 2)_{\text {Right }}
$$

## Power of Symmetry

## Fix I-pt Hex Form Factor = Invariant Left-Right Inner Product



Invariant Inner
Product

$$
\mathfrak{h}^{A \dot{A}}=\left\langle\chi^{\dot{A}} \mid \chi^{A}\right\rangle
$$

$$
\mathfrak{h}^{a \dot{a}}=\left\langle\mathfrak{h} \mid \Phi^{a \dot{a}}\right\rangle=\epsilon^{a \dot{a}} \quad \mathfrak{h}^{\alpha \dot{\alpha}}=\left\langle\mathfrak{h} \mid \mathcal{D}^{\alpha \dot{\alpha}}\right\rangle=N \epsilon^{\alpha \dot{\alpha}}
$$

## Power of Symmetry

## Fix 2-pt Hex Form Factor



Fixed by Symmetry up to a Scalar Factor

$$
\mathfrak{h}^{A_{1} \dot{A}_{1}, A_{2} \dot{A}_{2}}=(-1)^{\dot{f}_{1} f_{2}} \times h_{12} \times\left\langle\chi_{2}^{\dot{A}_{2}} \chi_{1}^{\dot{A}_{1}}\right| \mathcal{S}_{12}\left|\chi_{1}^{A_{1}} \chi_{2}^{A_{2}}\right\rangle
$$

## Generalization

## N-pt Hexagon Form Factor (conjecture)

$$
\left\{\begin{array}{l} 
\\
\mathfrak{h}^{A_{1} \dot{A}_{1} \cdots A_{N} \dot{A}_{N}}=(-1)^{\mathfrak{f}} \prod_{i<j}^{N} h_{i j}\left\langle\chi_{N}^{\dot{A}_{N}} \cdots \chi_{1}^{\dot{A}_{1}}\right| \mathcal{S}\left|\chi_{1}^{A_{1}} \ldots \chi_{N}^{A_{N}}\right\rangle
\end{array}\right.
$$

## Watson Equation

Hex preserved by S-matrix $\langle\mathfrak{h}|\left(\mathbb{S}_{i i+1}-\mathbb{I}\right)\left|\ldots \chi_{i}^{A_{i} \dot{A}_{i}} \chi_{i+1}^{A_{i+1} \dot{A}_{i+1}} \ldots\right\rangle=0$


This is Automatic if

$$
h_{12} / h_{21}=S_{12}^{0}=\frac{x_{1}^{+}-x_{2}^{-}}{x_{1}^{-}-x_{2}^{+}} \frac{1-1 / x_{1}^{-} x_{2}^{+}}{1-1 / x_{1}^{+} x_{2}^{-}} \frac{1}{\sigma_{12}^{2}}
$$

## Decoupling Condition

Pair particle-antiparticle with zero energy must decouple


This is Automatic if

$$
h\left(u_{1}^{2 \gamma}, u_{2}\right) h\left(u_{1}, u_{2}\right)=\frac{x_{1}^{-}-x_{2}^{-}}{x_{1}^{-}-x_{2}^{+}} \frac{1-1 / x_{1}^{+} x_{2}^{-}}{1-1 / x_{1}^{+} x_{2}^{+}}
$$

## Solution to Watson and Crossing

(Not unique but conjectured to be the right one :)

$$
h_{12}=\frac{x_{1}^{-}-x_{2}^{-}}{x_{1}^{-}-x_{2}^{+}} \frac{1-1 / x_{1}^{-} x_{2}^{+}}{1-1 / x_{1}^{+} x_{2}^{+}} \frac{1}{\sigma_{12}}
$$

Our Hexagons Are Now Fully Determined

## All-Loop Asymptotic Formula

## Consider 2 BPS Operators and I non-BPS Operator

$$
\left(\frac{C_{123}^{\bullet \circ \circ}}{C_{123}^{\circ \circ \circ}}\right)^{2}=\frac{\prod_{k=1}^{S} \mu\left(u_{k}\right)}{\operatorname{det} \partial_{u_{i}} \phi_{j} \prod_{i<j} S\left(u_{i}, u_{j}\right)} \times \mathcal{A}^{2}
$$

i.e.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \qquad \int_{1}^{\text {BPS }} \\
& \text { e.g. } \mathcal{O}_{2}=\operatorname{tr} D^{S} Z^{L_{1}}
\end{aligned}
$$

## All-Loop Asymptotic Formula

Consider 2 BPS Operators and I non-BPS Operator

$$
\left(\frac{C_{123}^{\bullet \circ \circ}}{C_{123}^{\circ \circ \circ}}\right)^{2}=\frac{\prod_{k=1}^{S} \mu\left(u_{k}\right)}{\operatorname{det} \partial_{u_{i}} \phi_{j} \prod_{i<j} S\left(u_{i}, u_{j}\right)} \times \mathcal{A}^{2}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Hexagon Part } \\
& \qquad \mathcal{A}=\prod_{i<j} h\left(u_{i}, u_{j}\right) \sum_{\alpha \cup \bar{\alpha}=\mathbf{u}}^{\substack{\text { Sum Over Partition of Bethe } \\
\text { Roots }}}(-1)^{|\bar{\alpha}|} \prod_{j \in \bar{\alpha}} e^{i p_{j} \ell} \prod_{i \in \alpha, j \in \bar{\alpha}} \frac{1}{h\left(u_{i}, u_{j}\right)}
\end{aligned}
$$

Valid to All Loops Up to Finite Size Effects

## Include Leading Finite Size Corrections

First Finite Size Effect
Corrections coming from exchange of a single particle in the three mirror channels


## Integral over Momenta of Exchanged Particle

$$
\delta \mathcal{A}=\sum_{a \geqslant 1} \int \frac{d u}{2 \pi} \mu_{a}^{\gamma}(u) \times\left(\frac{1}{x^{[+a]} x^{[-a]}}\right)^{\ell} \times \operatorname{int}_{a}\left(u \mid\left\{u_{i}\right\}\right)
$$

## Applications / Tests At Weak Coupling

## Shortest Probes With Ops of Length 2 or 3



Asymptotic Result the Same for Both :

- Valid up to I-loop on the left
- Valid up to 2-loop on the right


## Getting Data From OPE of BPS Correlators

## A lot of recent high-loop results

[Eden,Heslop,Korchemsky,Sokatchev'II]
[Eden' 12],[Chicherin,Sokatchev' I4]


Bridge of length $\mathbf{2}$


Bridge of length 1

We can get what we want playing with external states

## Comparison with Data

| Spin | "Long" Bridge i.e. length $\ell=2$ |
| :---: | :--- |
| 2 | $\frac{1}{6}-2 g^{2}+28 g^{4}+\ldots$ |
| 4 | $\frac{1}{70}-\frac{205}{882} g^{2}+\frac{36653}{9261} g^{4}+\ldots$ |
| 6 | $\frac{1}{924}-\frac{553}{27225} g^{2}+\frac{826643623}{2156220000} g^{4}+\ldots$ |
| 8 | $\frac{1}{12870}-\frac{14380057}{9018009000} g^{2}+\frac{2748342985341731}{85305405235050000} g^{4}+\ldots$ |
| 10 | $\frac{1}{184756}-\frac{3313402433}{27991929747600} g^{2}+\frac{156422034186391633909}{62201169404983234080000} g^{4}+\ldots$ |


| Spin | "Short" Bridge i.e. length $\ell=1$ |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | $\frac{1}{6}-2 g^{2}+\left(28+12 \zeta_{3}\right) g^{4}+\ldots$ | New 2-loop wrapping-like |
| 4 | $\frac{1}{70}-\frac{205}{882} g^{2}+\left(\frac{76393}{18522}+\frac{10}{7} \zeta_{3}\right) g^{4}+\ldots$ | effect |
| 6 | $\frac{1}{924}-\frac{553}{27225} g^{2}+\left(\frac{880821373}{2156220000}+\frac{7}{55} \zeta_{3}\right) g^{4}+\ldots$ |  |
| 8 | $\frac{1}{12870}-\frac{14380057}{9018009000} g^{2}+\left(\frac{5944825782678337}{170610810470100000}+\frac{761}{75075} \zeta_{3}\right) g^{4}+\ldots$ |  |
| 10 | $\frac{1}{184756}-\frac{3313402433}{27991929747600} g^{2}+\left(\frac{171050793565932326659}{62201169404983234080000}+\frac{671}{881790} \zeta_{3}\right) g^{4}+\ldots$ |  |

## Perfect Agreement with Hexagon Prediction Including Zeta's Coming From Wrapping

## Conclusions

## Strategy for Computing Structure Constants :

- Cut Open Pair of Pants into Hexagons
- Glue Hexagons Back Together in the end

Integrable Bootstrap Leads to All-Loop Conjecture for the Hexagons

## Outlook

Is the Gluing Prescription Complete?
Can We Resum / Control All Finite Size Effects?

## Strong Coupling Resummation Test

## String Theory Predicts :

Area Minimal Surface
$\log C_{123}^{\bullet \circ \circ}=\frac{\sqrt{\lambda}}{2 \pi}$ Area + one-loop determinant
Semiclassical Result : Comes from asymptotic part

$$
\frac{\sqrt{\lambda}}{2 \pi} \text { Area }=\oint \frac{d u}{2 \pi}\left[\operatorname{Li}_{2}\left(e^{i p_{1}+i p_{2}-i p_{3}}\right)-\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Li}_{2}\left(e^{2 i p_{1}}\right)\right]
$$

+ finite size contributions
Can we reproduce the infinite sequence of finite size effects predicted by the classical string theory?


## Outlook

# Is the Gluing Prescription Complete? <br> Can We Resum / Control All Finite Size Effects? 

What About Extremal Correlators?

## Extremal = Octagon

Should be related to SFT vertex (see Janik's talk)


Can we bootstrap it?
What is the group of residual symmetries?

## Further Outlook

Is the Gluing Prescription Complete?
Can We Resum / Control Finite Size Effects?

What About Extremal Correlators?

Embedding Inside Quantum Spectral Curve? (Finite Volume Bootstrap)

Add Boundaries and Describe Open Strings or Mixed Correlators?

Etc.

## THANK YOU!

