



Abell 2163
(HST ACS)

Identifying Strongly Lensed High-Redshift Galaxies for JWST

Shotaro Kikuchihara
(The University of Tokyo)

on behalf of Masami Ouchi, Masamune Oguri and the RELICS team

RELICS Reviews

Galaxy Evolution in Early Universe?

Q. When did the first galaxies form?

Q. How did they evolve?

Q. What were their properties?

Q. Did they reionize the universe?

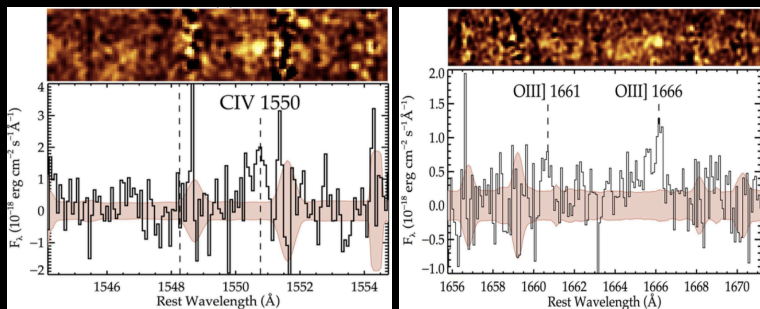


Necessary

- Galaxy Counting (Luminosity functions)
- Detailing individual galaxies in large samples

Brightly-Lensed Galaxies

CIV



RXCJ2248.7-4431-ID3
($z=6.1$, $\mu=5.5$)

OIII]

Mainali+17

($\mu \sim 8$)

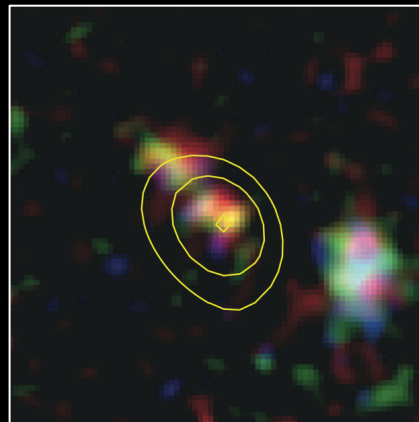
($\mu \sim 7$)

MACS0647-JD
($z=10.8$)

Coe+13

LBG

($\mu \sim 2$)



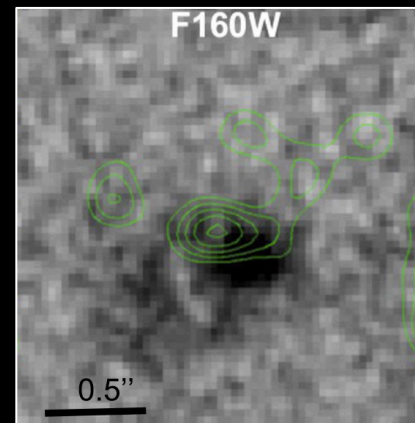
A1689-zD1
($z=7.5$, $\mu=9.3$)

Watson+15

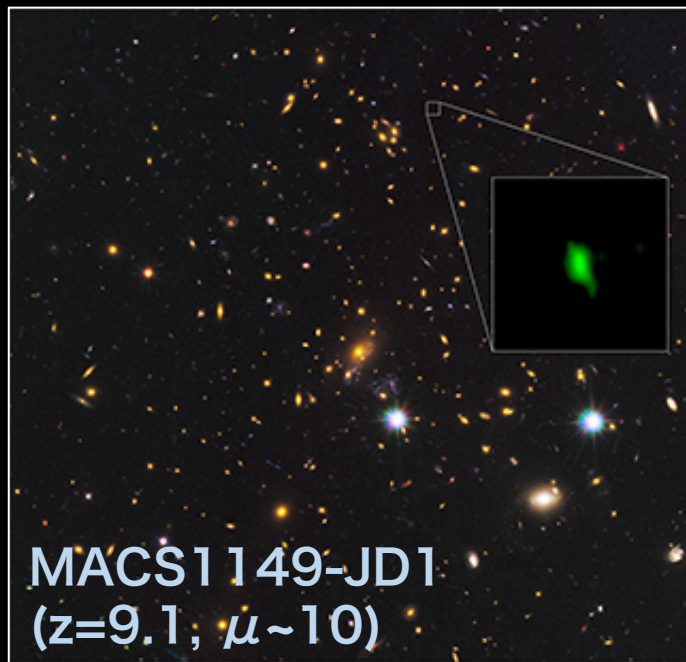
HST+ALMA

A2744-YD4
($z=8.4$, $\mu=1.8$)

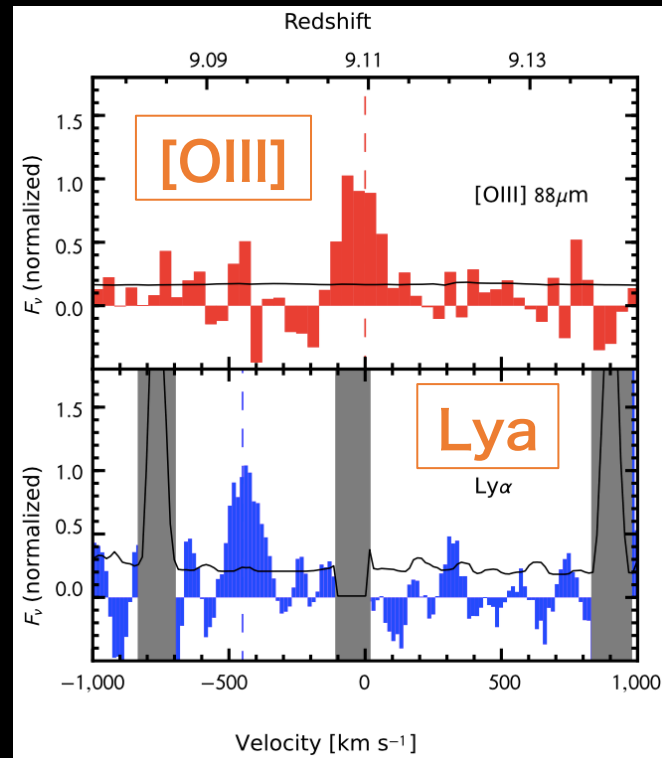
Laporte+17



Brightly-Lensed Galaxies

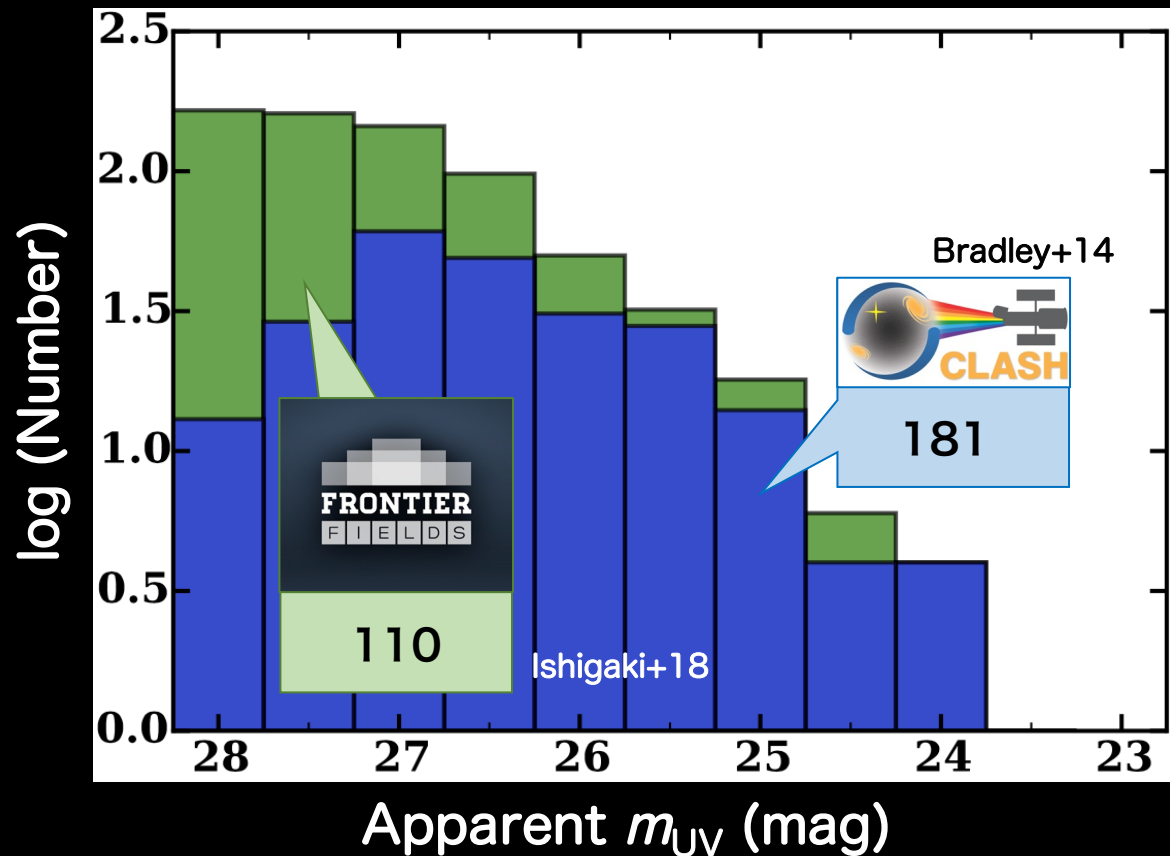


© ALMA (ESO/NAOJ/NRAO)

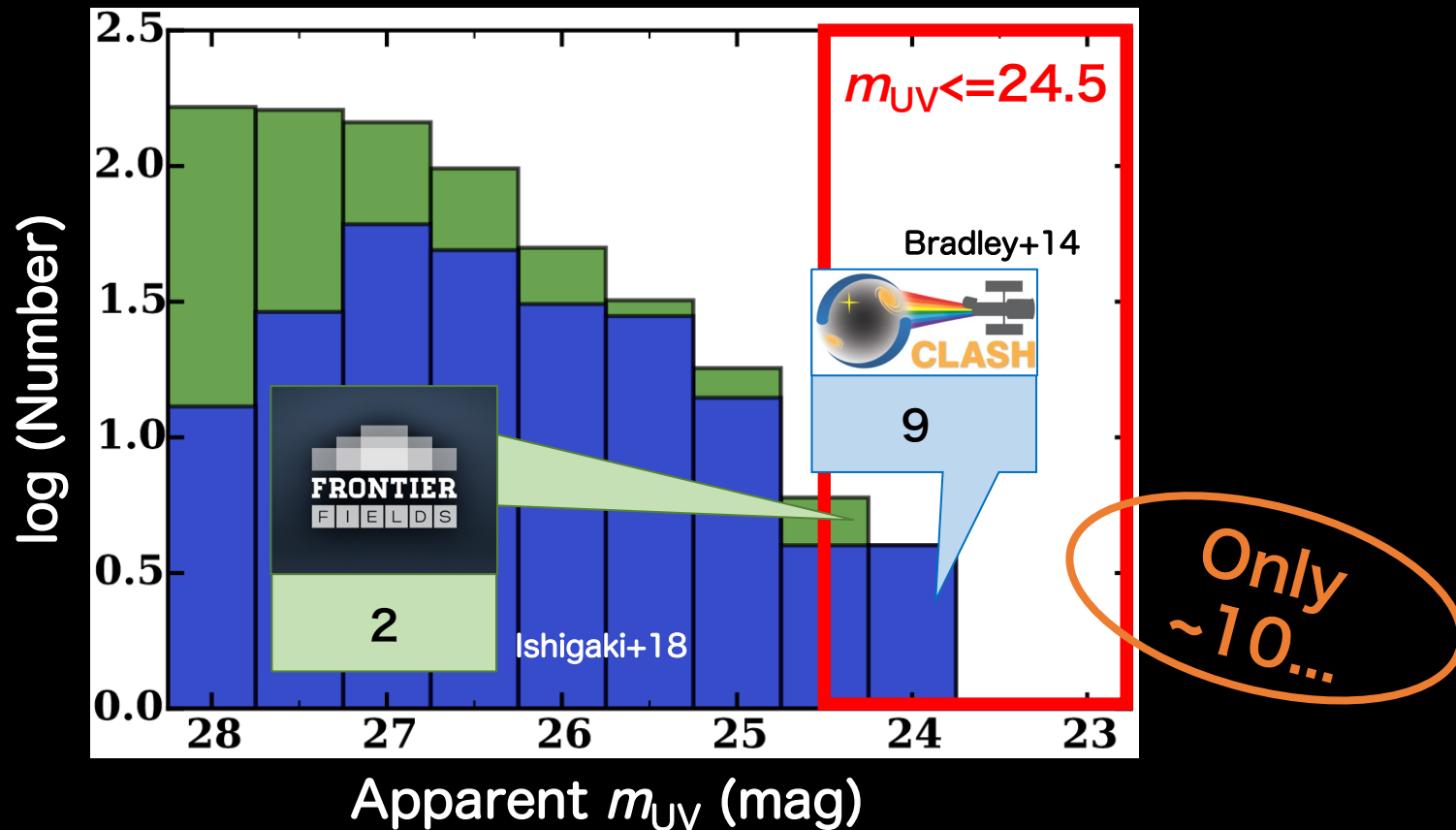


Hashimoto+18

Lensed Galaxy Candidates



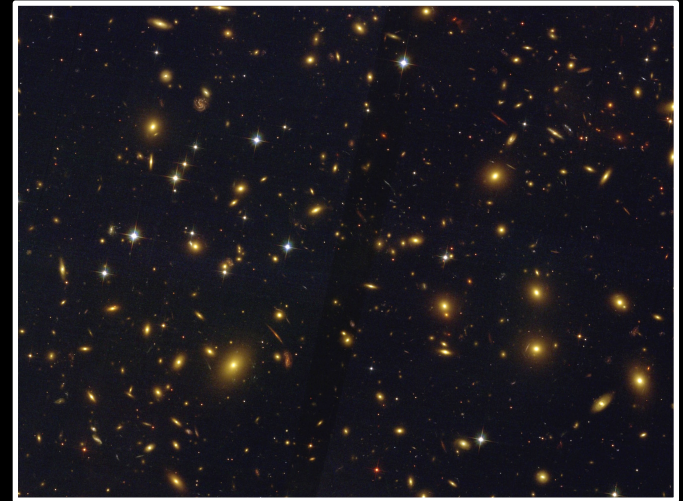
“Brightly”-Lensed Galaxy Candidates



RELICS Overviews

- REionization Lensing Cluster Survey
- HST Treasury Program
- PI: Dan Coe (STScI)
- Oct. 2015 – April 2017
- ~7 bands (ACS/WFC + WFC3/IR)
- 190 orbits (5σ depth = 26-27 mag)

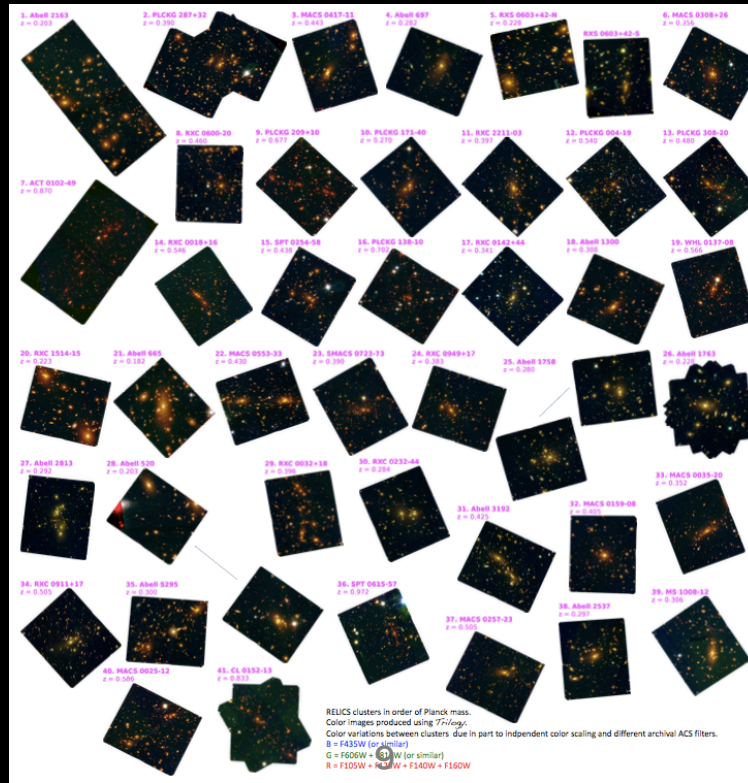
Abell 2163
(ACS falsecolor)



RELICS Targets

- 41 galaxy-cluster regions

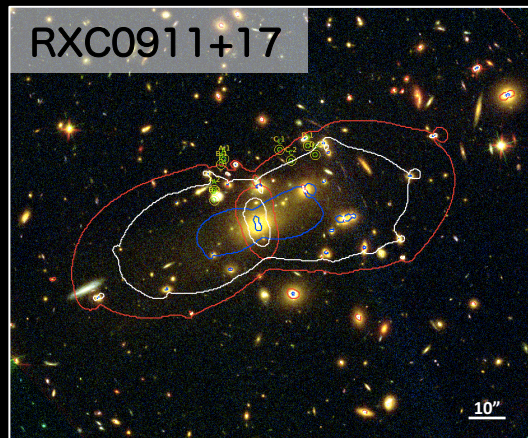
- ~200 arcmin²



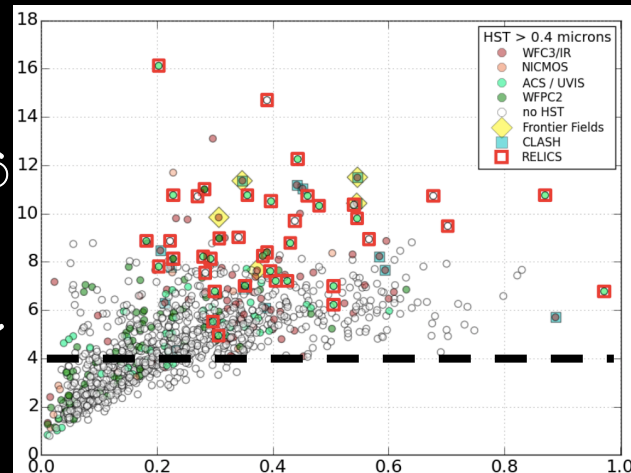
Credit: Coe

RELICS Targets

- 41 galaxy-cluster regions
 - ~200 arcmin²
 - most massive ($> 4 \times 10^{14} M_{\odot}$), causing '*powerful*' strong-lensing
 - mass-modeling is ongoing (currently 20/41 released)



Planck SZ Mass
($10^{14} M_{\odot}$)



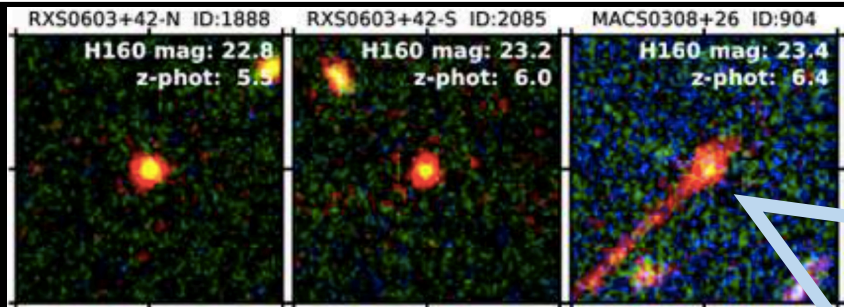
Redshift

Credit: Coe

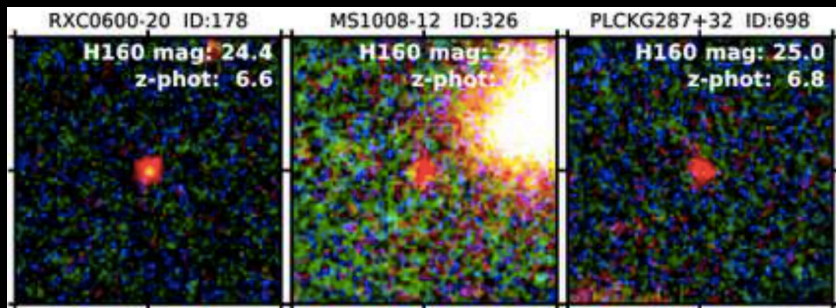
Kikuchi+ et al.

321 galaxy candidates at $z=6-8$

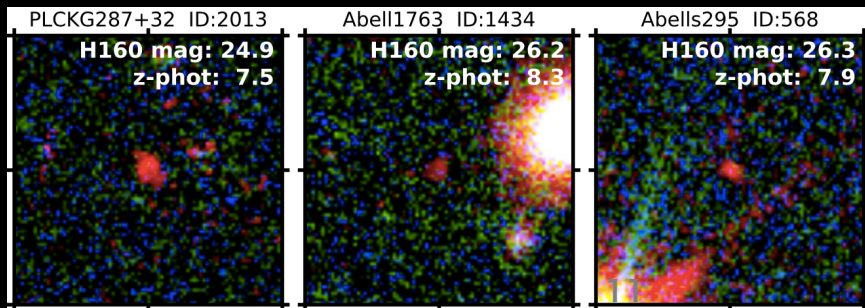
Brightest
candidates
at $z=6$



at $z=7$



at $z=8$

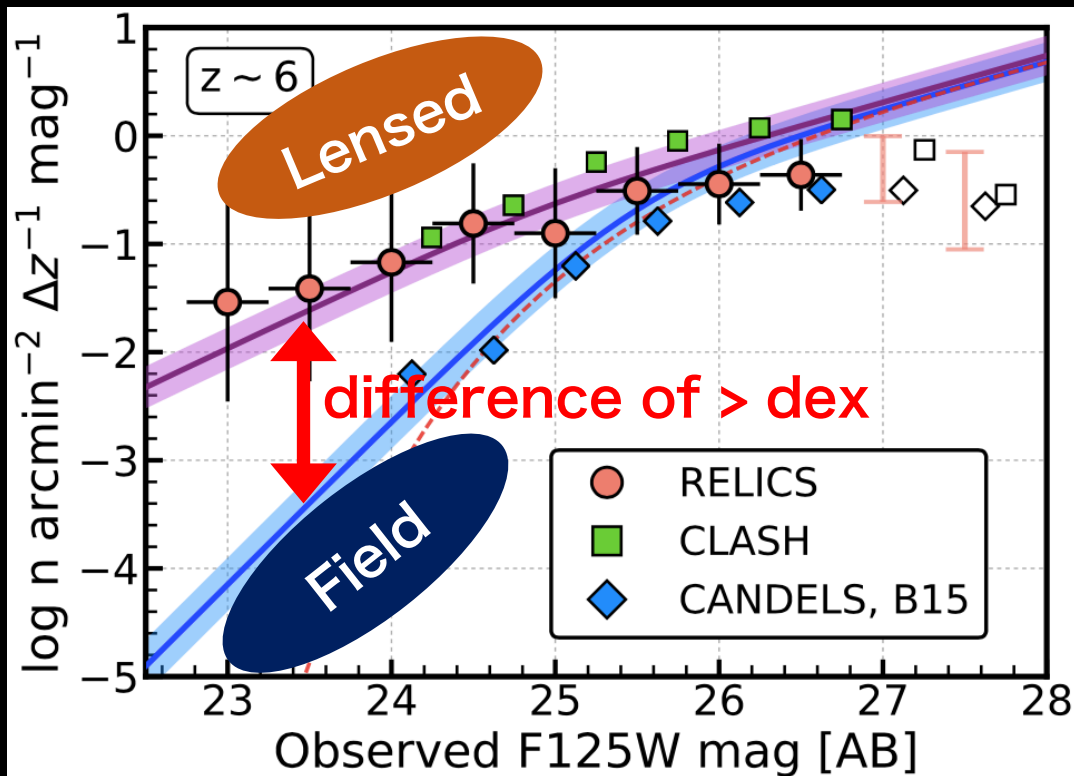


intrinsic (delensed):
25.4 mag

~ x23
magnified

apparent (lensed):
23.4 mag

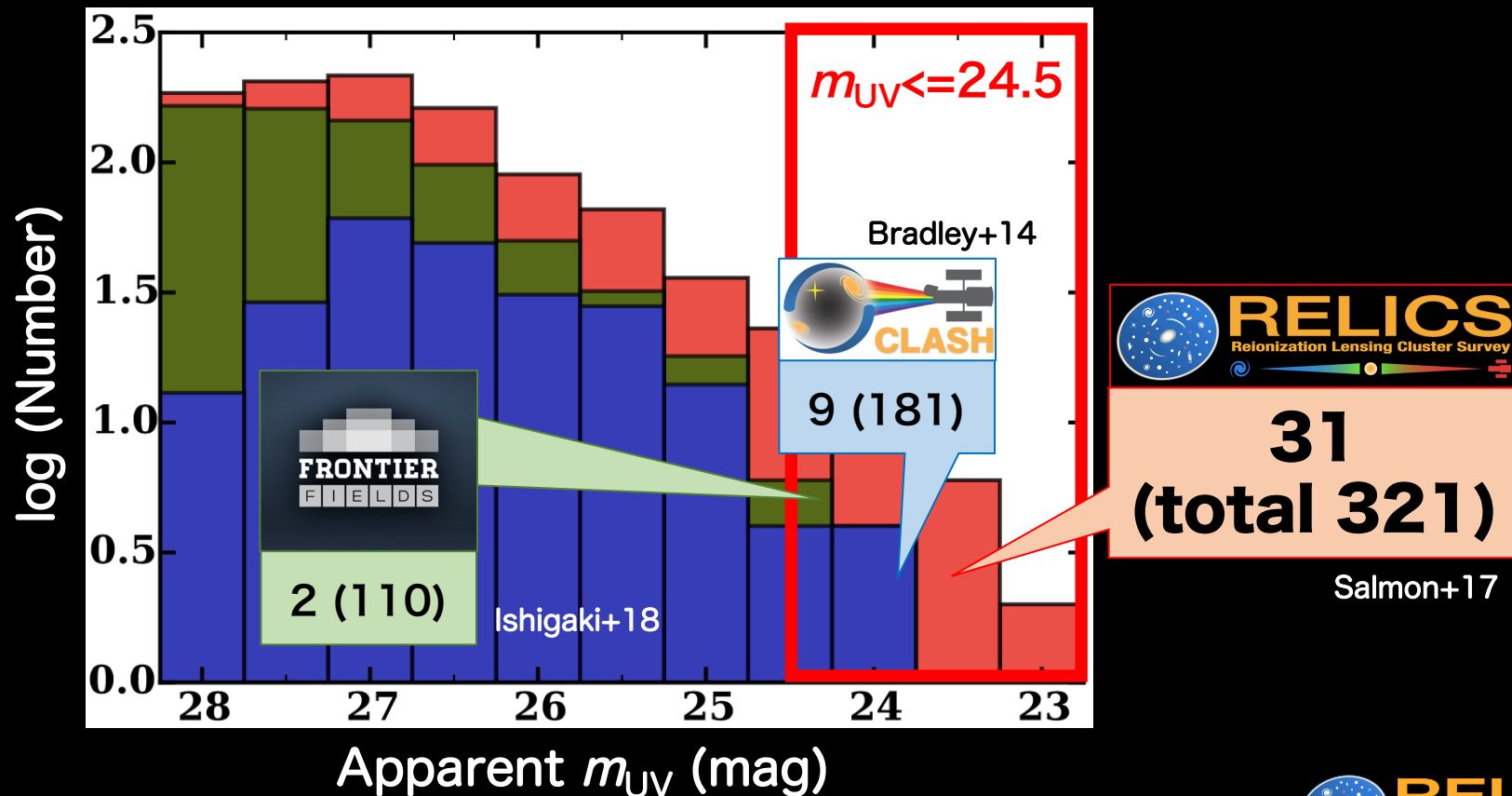
Lensing Advantage



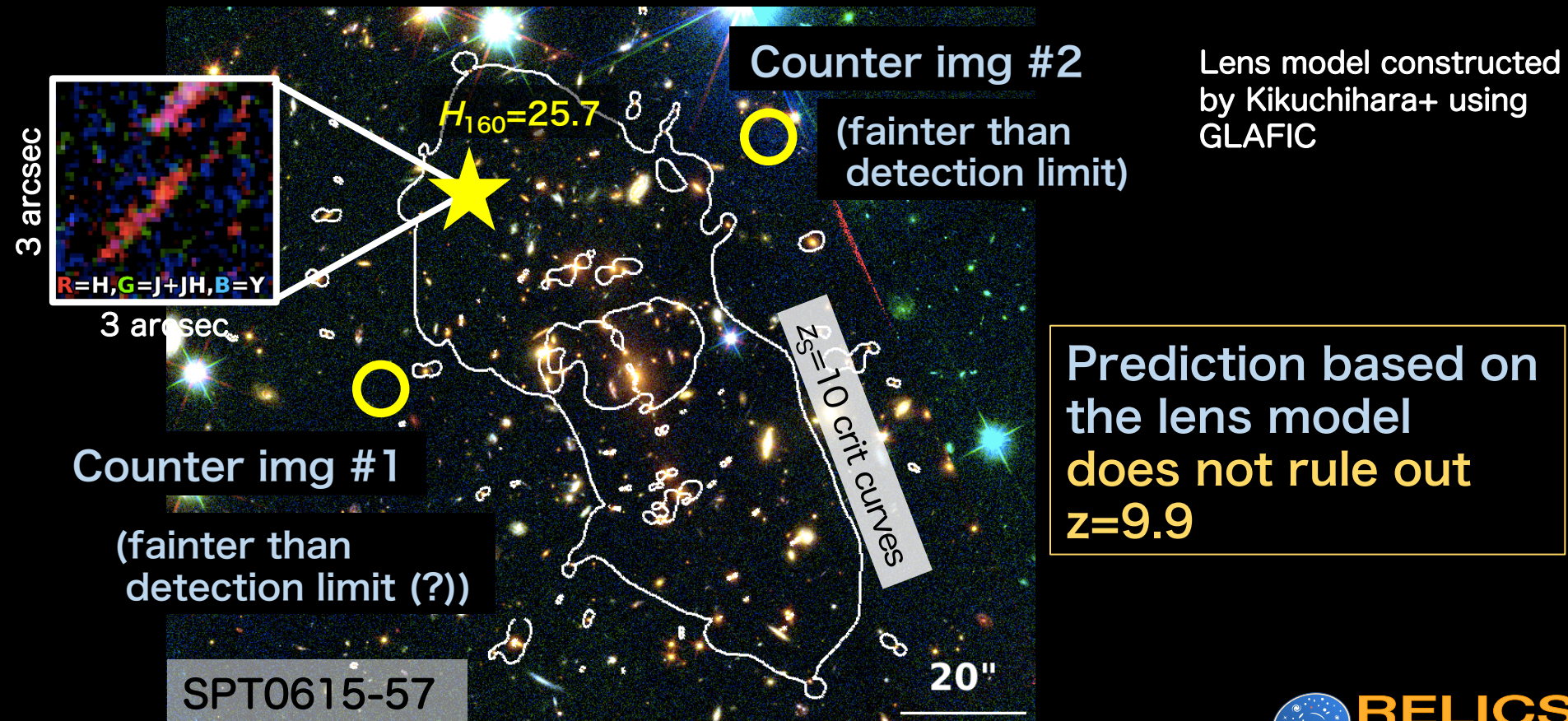
Bright high- z galaxy candidates detected efficiently owing to lensing

Salmon+17

Brightly-Lensed Galaxies in RELICS



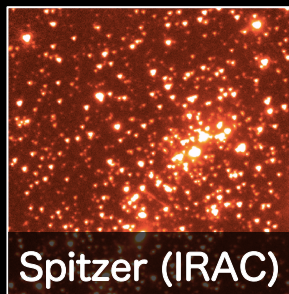
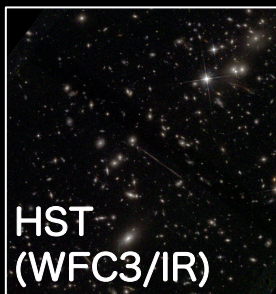
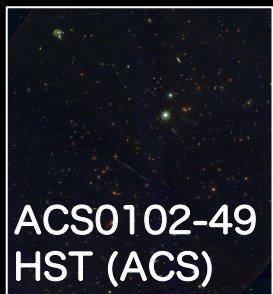
$z=9.9$ Arc (?)



Follow-up Observations

Spitzer

- 390 hr for all clusters (archive)



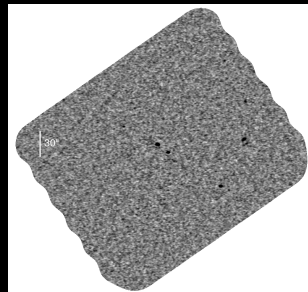
+

330 hr (proposal accepted; cy14)

➡ Redshift verification,
stellar mass, A_V , etc.

ALMA

- 1 cluster-field survey (archive)



ACT0102-49
(ALMA/band 6)

+

15 more (proposed for cy6)
As part of the ALMA Lensing Cluster Survey
(PI: Kohno)

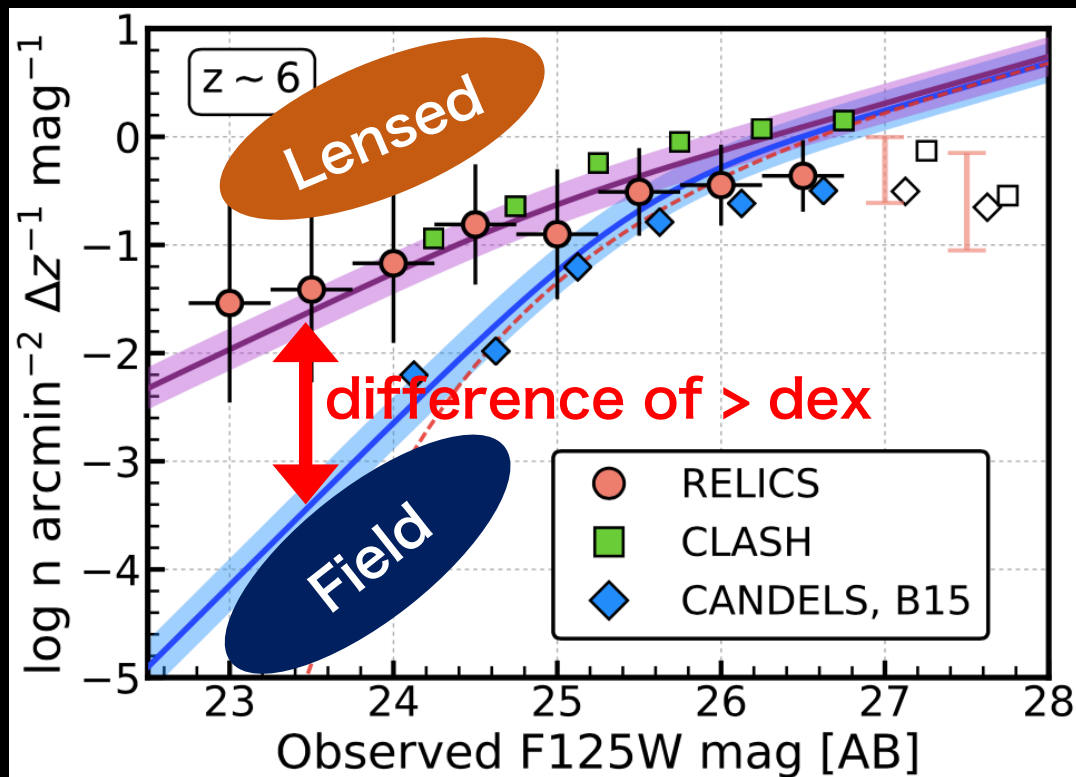
➡ Properties of faint SMGs,
 $IRX-\beta$, $[CII]/CO$ LF, etc.

Summary of RELICS

- **RELICS** surveyed the 41 cluster regions with HST.
- **321 galaxy candidates** were identified at $z=6-8$, including **brightly-lensed** sources (~ 23 mag).
- **Mass-modeling** is ongoing (20/41 released).
- **Follow-up observations** have been proposed to find the properties of the candidates (Spitzer, ALMA).

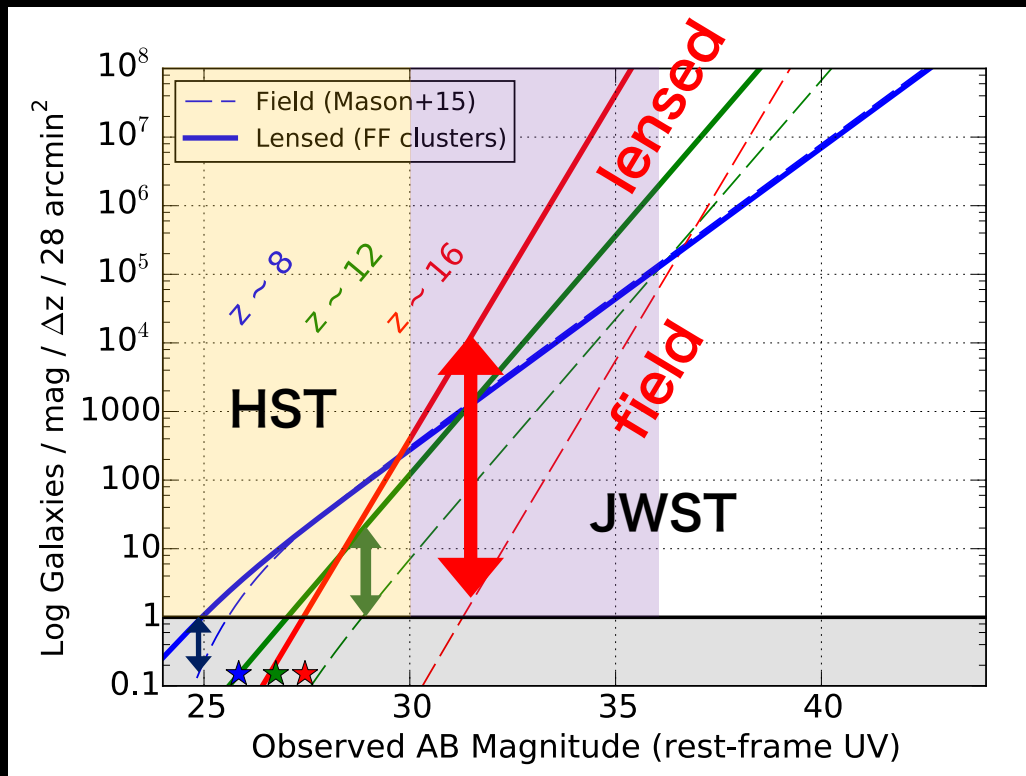
Future Observations with Lensing

Lensing Advantage (again)



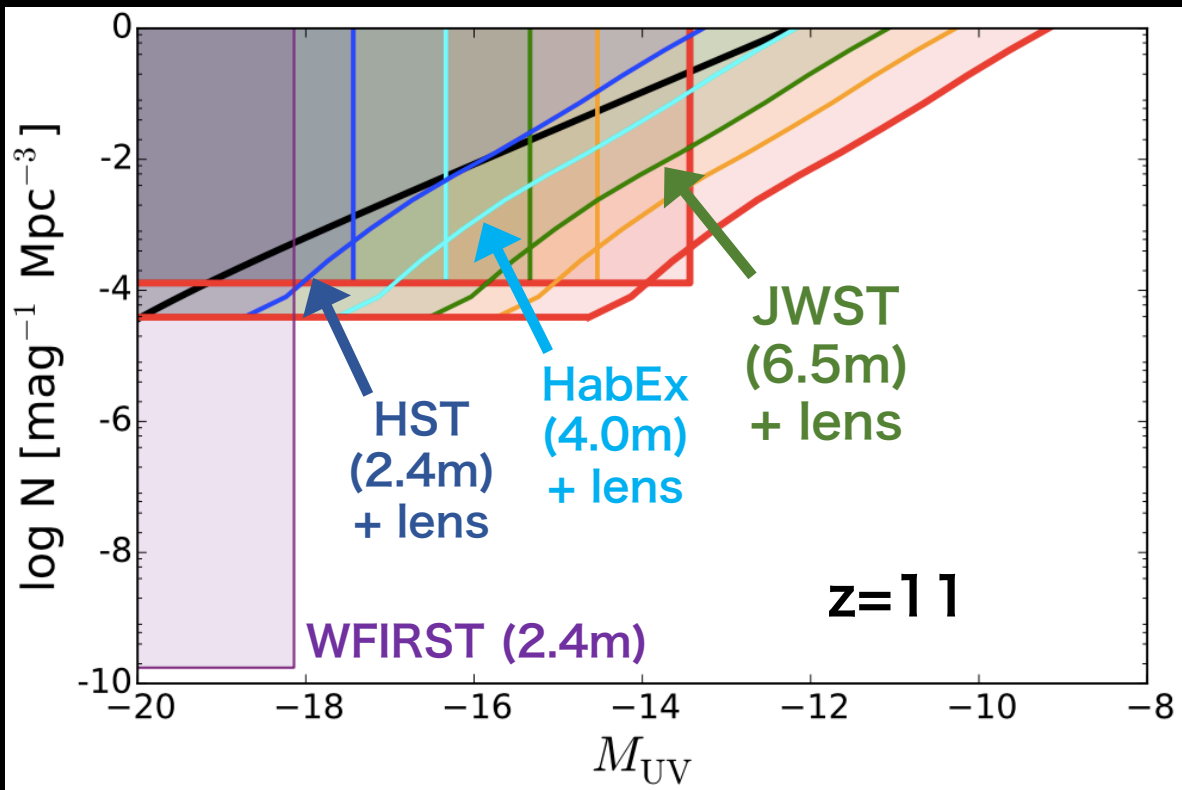
Salmon+17

Lensing Advantage increases at $z > 10$



Credit: Coe

JWST and Beyond!



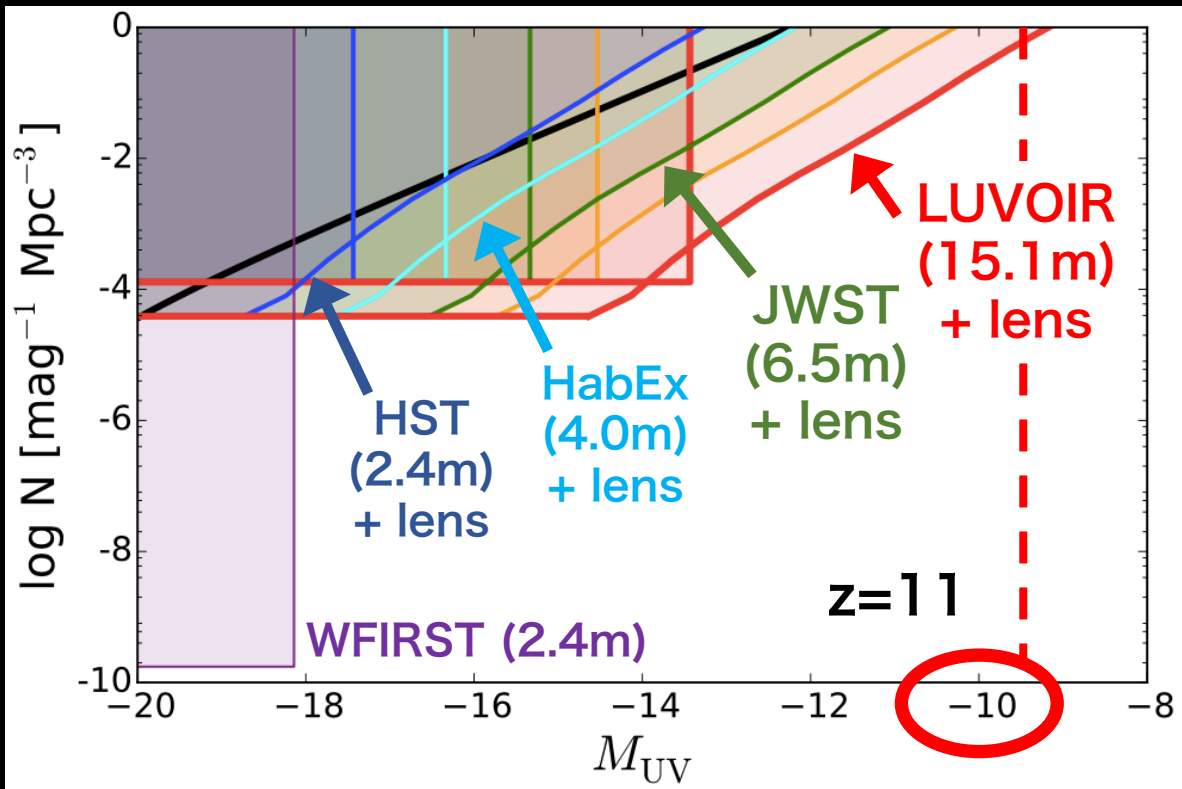
- JWST will identify high- z galaxies of ~ -17 mag

Taking advantage of cluster lensing!

O'Meara, Ouchi, Postman, Ishigaki, Kikuchi-hara

JWST and Beyond!

© NASA



- LUVVOIR+lens will reach ~ -10 mag



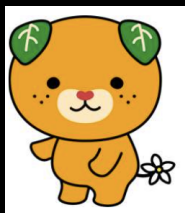
First stars or star-clusters?!

O'Meara, Ouchi, Postman, Ishigaki, Kikuchi-hara

Future Observation Summary

- High- z galaxies are efficiently detected **owing to cluster-lensing**, especially at **$z > 10$** .
- **JWST** will identify galaxies of **~ -17 mag at $z \sim 10$** . **LUVVOIR** will reach **~ -10 mag at $z \sim 10$** , identifying the first stars or star-clusters (?!).

© Ehime Prefectural Office



Thank you!



© Ehime University