

Lec 4

2021 / Jul / 8

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Integrable Lattice Model — conceptual Lec 2

Wilson line  
(1d defect)

computational Lec 3+4

Lec 4' : factorization algebra

Integrable Field Theory — Lec 5

Surface defect  
(2d defect)

← new!

Twistor, 4D SYM, hol. CS — Lec 6

today

\* Wilson loop

$$W_R = \text{Tr} \left( \mathcal{P} \exp \left( \int_{\gamma} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(z-z_0)^n}{n!} \partial_z A(x, y, z, \bar{z}) \right) \right) \Big|_{\substack{z=z_0 \\ \bar{z}=\bar{z}_0}}$$

Rep  $U(g[z-z_0])$

Q:  $\partial_z g$  when gauge transformation  $A \rightarrow g^{-1} A g + g^{-1} dg$ ?

$$A = A_x dx + A_y dy + A_{\bar{z}} d\bar{z} + \cancel{A_z dz}$$

gauge sym,

$$A \rightarrow g^{-1} A g + g^{-1} dg$$

new gauge sym

$$A \rightarrow A + \chi dz$$

Gauge Theory  $\Rightarrow$  Spectral Parameter in  
Integrable Model  
( $\hbar$ -expansion)

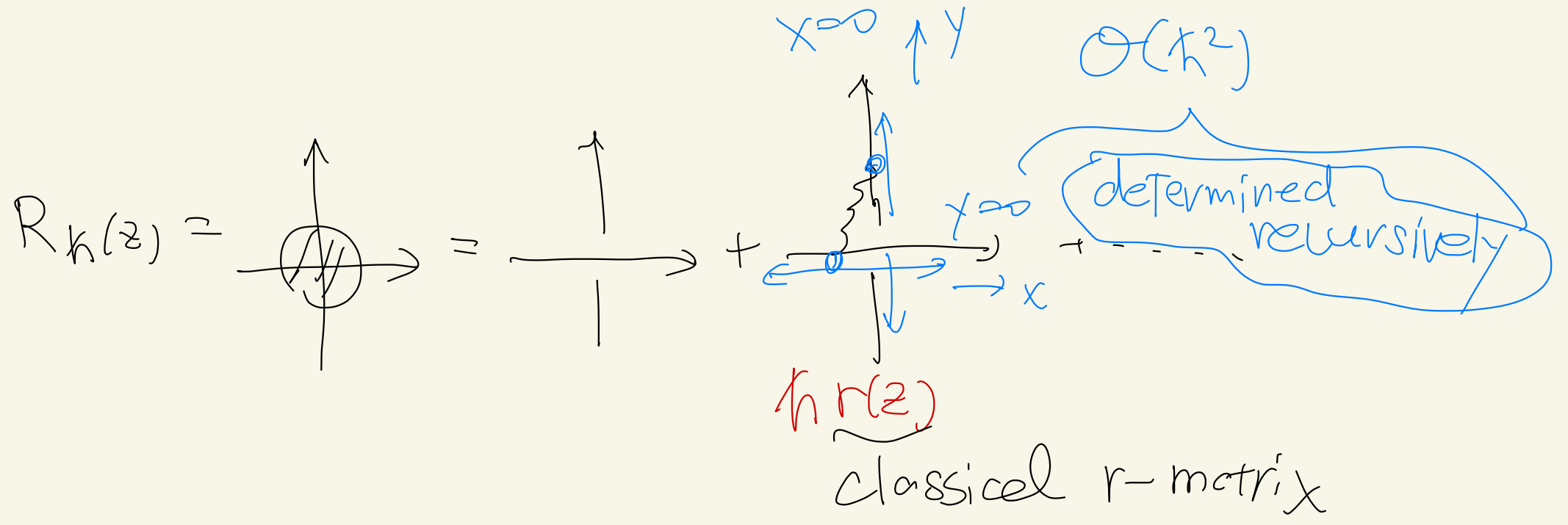
4d CS  $\rightsquigarrow$  quasi-classical R-matrix  
 $\delta v, \partial v, \dots$

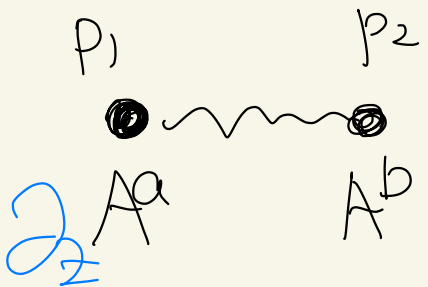
Gauge / YBE  $\rightsquigarrow$  non-quasi-classical R-matrix  
(review: 1808, 04374) (Star-triangle / star-star rel.)

root of unity  $\rightarrow$  chiral Potts Kashiwara-Miwa  
Super-master solution ...  
new

Yesterday

The day before





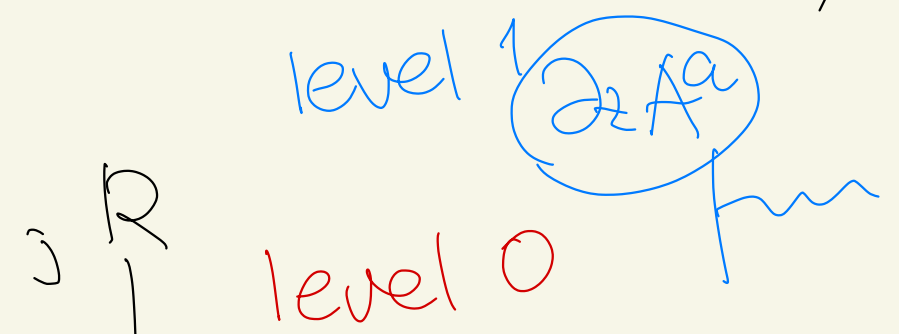
$$\Rightarrow \int_{\partial z} P(p_1, p_2) \delta^a_b$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{A}}{2\pi} dz_1 dP(p_1, p_2) = \int_{p_1=p_2}$$

$$P = \frac{1}{2\pi} (x, y, z, \bar{z})$$

$$\frac{x dy_1 d\bar{z} + y d\bar{z}_1 dx + 2\bar{z} dx_1 dy}{(x^2 + y^2 + |z|^2)^2}$$

$$(ds^2 = dx^2 + dy^2 + dz d\bar{z})$$



$$\Rightarrow [t^a]_{ij}$$

$$g = \{t^a\}_{a \in I}$$

$$[t^a, t^b] = i f^{abc} t^c$$

$$\Rightarrow h r(z) = h \int (t^a_{R1})_{ij} (t^a_{R2})_{kl} g^{ab} p(x-y, z, \bar{z}) dx dy$$

$$= \dots = \frac{h}{\Lambda} \sum_a (t^a_{R1})_{ij} (t^a_{R2})_{kl}$$

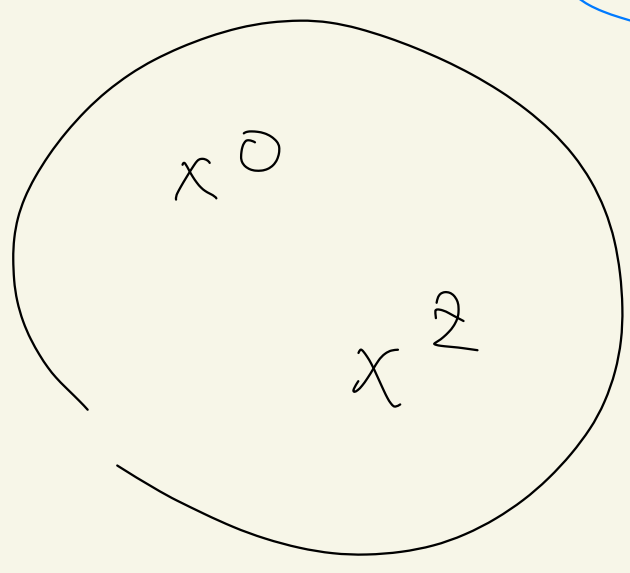
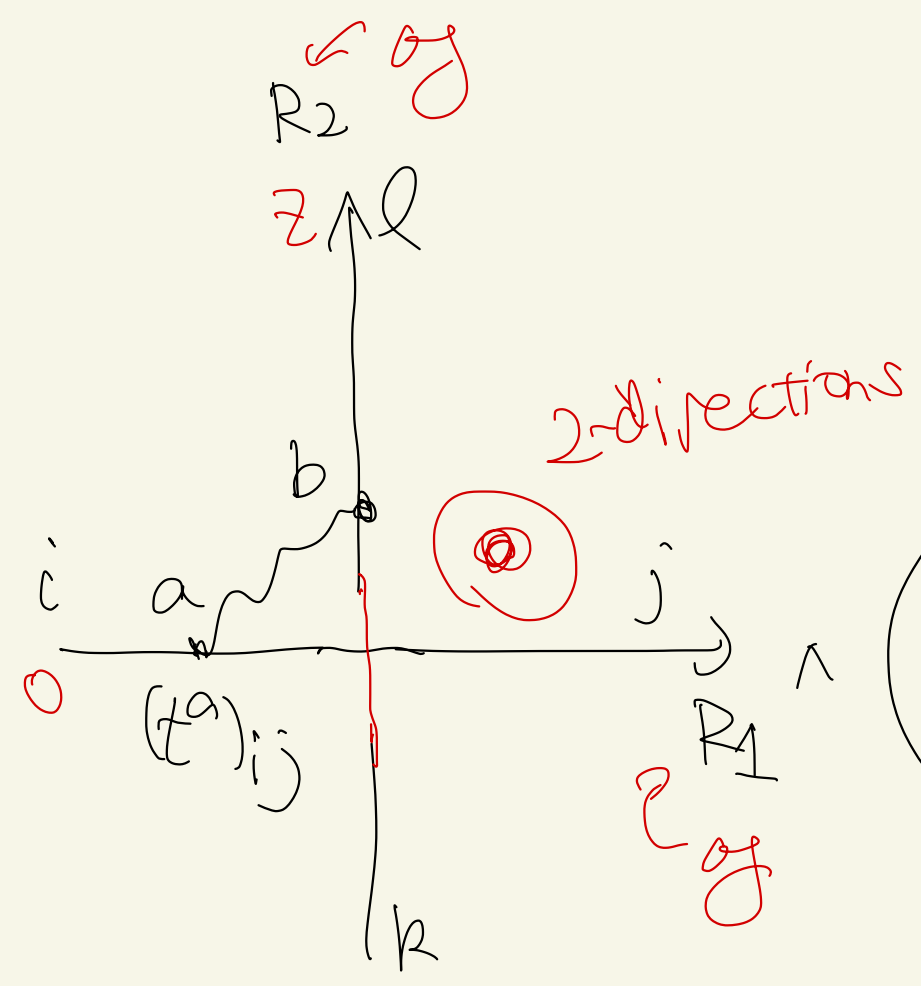
$h(z)$

$$C = \sum_a t^a \otimes t^a$$

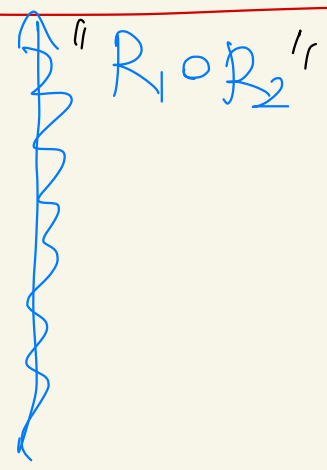
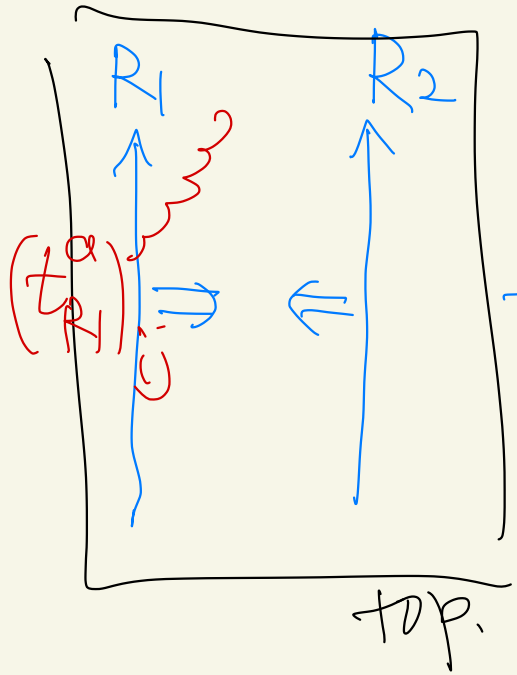
on  $R_1 \otimes R_2$

Casimir

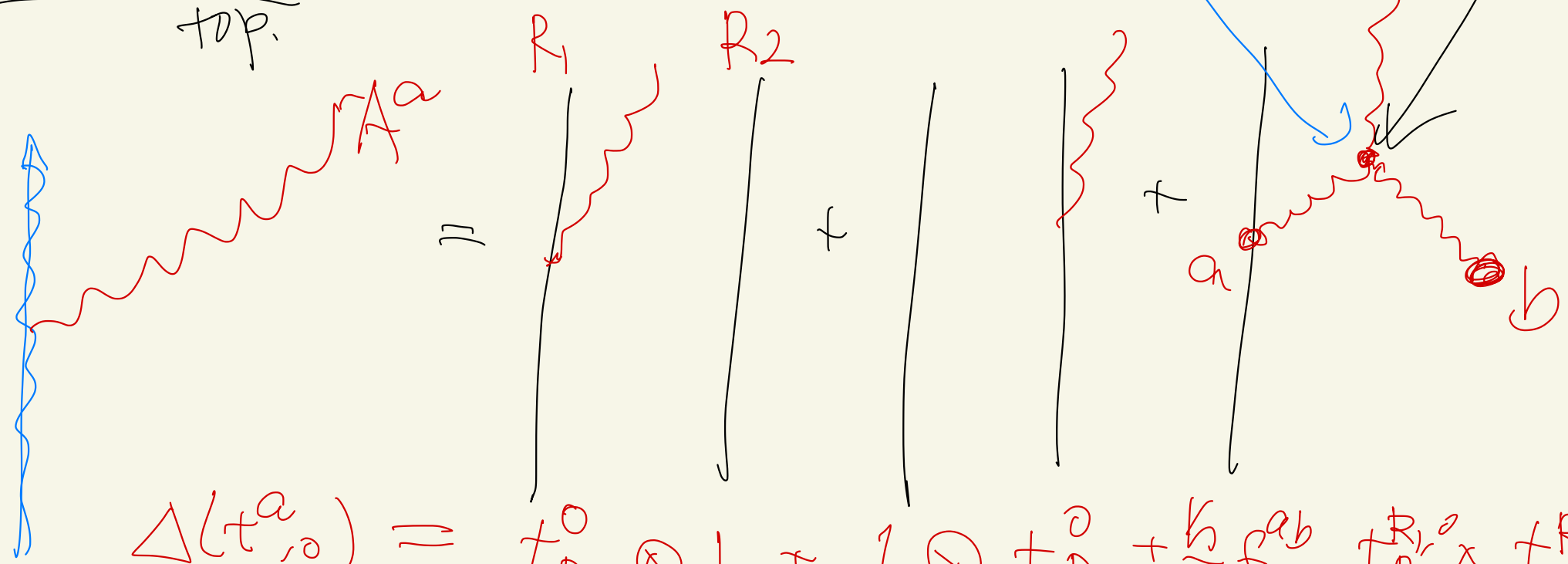
matches with known answer for  $r(z)$



Yangian :  $Y_h(\mathfrak{g}) =$  algebra of Wilson line



$$S_{CS} = \int d^2x \left( \text{Tr} A \wedge dA + \frac{2}{3} A^3 \right)$$



$$\Delta(t^a_{,0}) = t_{R_1}^0 \otimes 1 + 1 \otimes t_{R_2}^0 + \frac{k}{2} f_c^{ab} t_{R_1}^{R_1,a} \otimes t_{R_2}^{R_2,b}$$



Yangian relation  $ta^n \leftarrow ta Z^n$  ( $n \geq 0, 1, \dots$ )  
 $U(\mathfrak{g}[[Z]])$  ( $ta \in \mathfrak{g} \leftarrow n \geq 0$ )  
 $ta = ta, ta^1 = J(ta^0)$

$[J(ta), J([tb, tc])] + (\text{cyclic})$  quantum connection!

$= \frac{\hbar^2}{4} ([ta, ta], [[tb, te], [tc, tf]]) \{td, te, tf\}$

$J([tb, tc]) = J(i f_{bc}^a ta^0)$

$= i f_{bc}^a ta^1 \quad \hbar \rightarrow 0$

$\frac{1}{6} \{td te tf + (\text{perm})\}$

$\Upsilon(\mathfrak{eg}) \quad 248$   
 $\oplus$   
 $1$

~~$\mathfrak{g}$ -repr~~  $R \rightsquigarrow U(\mathfrak{g}[[Z]])$ -repr.  
 $?$   ~~$\rightsquigarrow$~~   $\Upsilon_{\hbar \rightarrow 0}(\mathfrak{g})$ -repr.

\* Perturbation theory of 4d CS  $\Rightarrow R$ -matrix  $R_k(z)$   
 around classical solution  $w/$  moduli

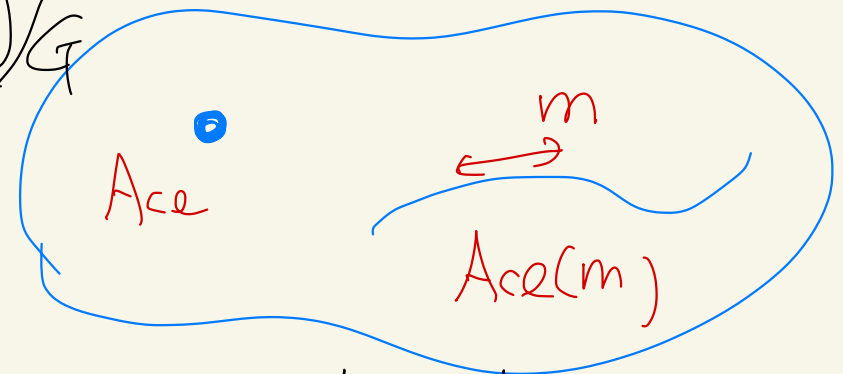
isolated  $(A \rightarrow \infty \text{ for } C = \mathbb{C})$

non-isolated

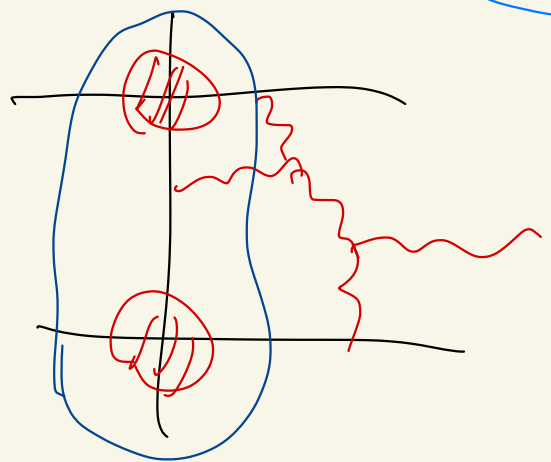
$$F_{xy} = F_x \bar{z} = F_y z = \infty$$

$$R_k(z; m)$$

$$\mu_{flat}^2 = (G \times G)/G = T/W$$



e.g. dynamical YBE



$$A = Ace(m) + \mathcal{E}A + \dots$$

Dynamical YBE  $\leftarrow$  ell.  $C = E$ ,  $\omega = dz$

(I § 10)

$$G = SL_N \supset T$$

$$G \rightarrow T$$

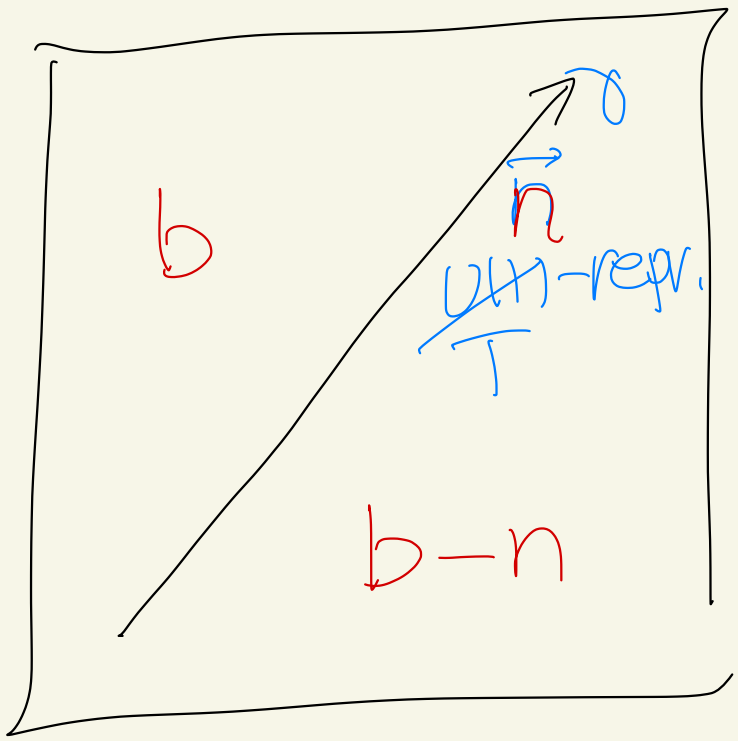
$$A_{\bar{z}} = \text{diag}(b_1, \dots, b_N) \quad \sum b_i = 0$$

C-direction  $\rightarrow$   $\Sigma$ -dependent

$$A = \underbrace{A_x dx + A_y dy}_{A^{2d}} + \underbrace{A_{\bar{z}} d\bar{z}}_b$$

$$\int_{S_{4d} \text{ CS}} \rightarrow \int_{S_{2d}} \text{Tr}(b F) \quad T$$

$G$

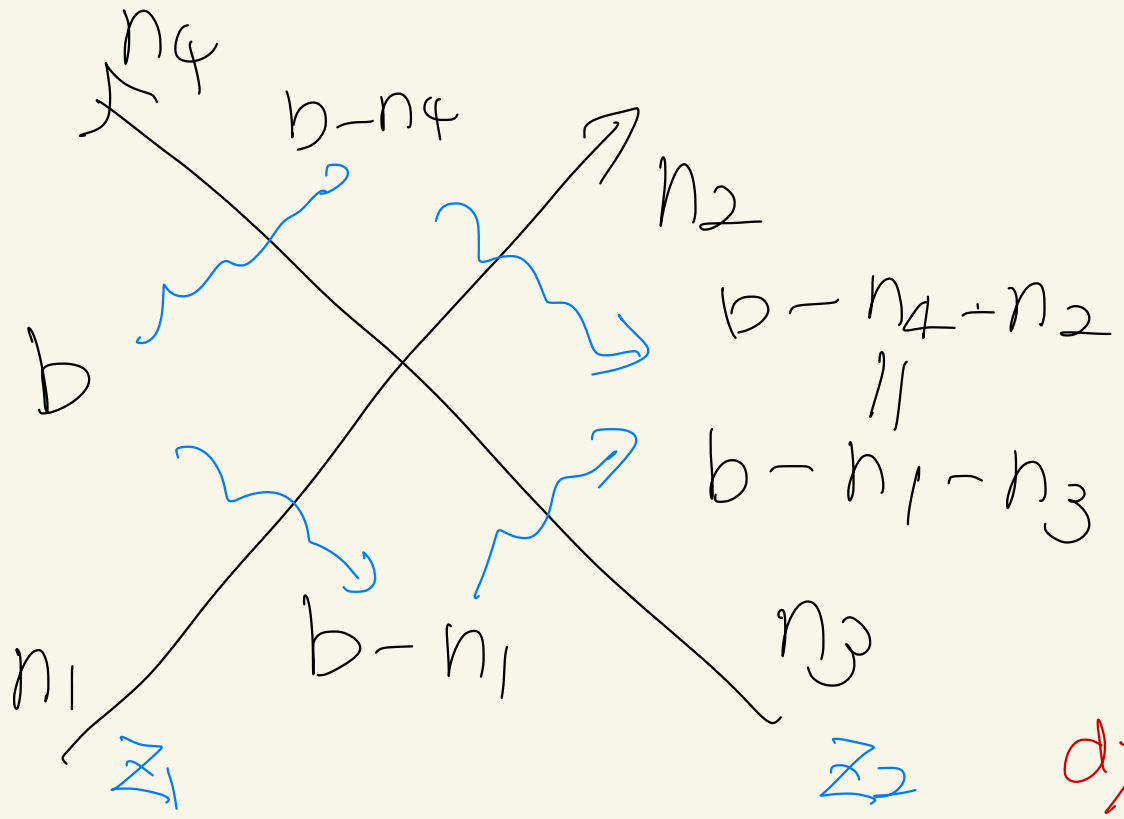


$\Sigma$

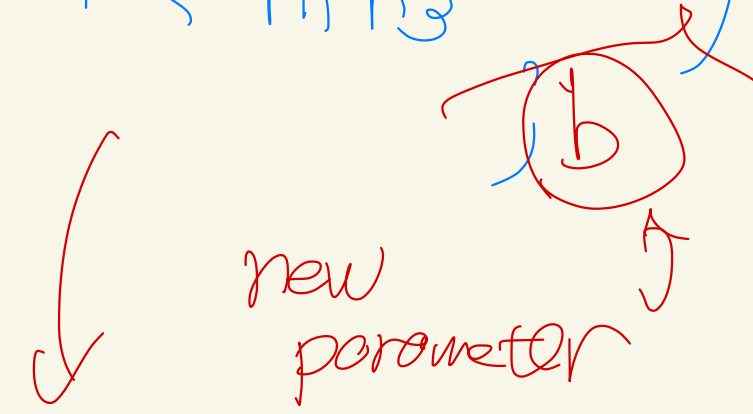
$$S = \int_{\Sigma} \text{Tr}(bF) + n \int_{\delta} A \quad \int_{\Sigma} A \wedge \delta x$$

$$\rightsquigarrow db + n \delta x = 0$$

$\rightsquigarrow$   $b$  jumps across  $\delta$

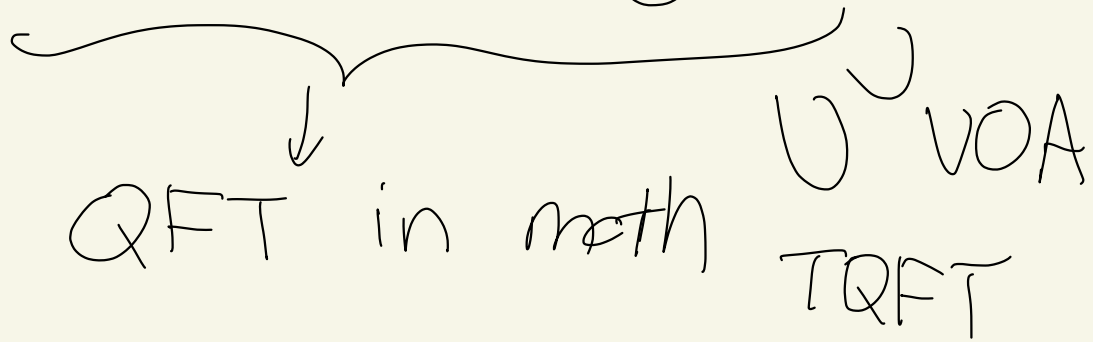


$$R \quad \begin{matrix} n_4 n_2 \\ n_1 n_3 \end{matrix} (z_1 - z_2)$$



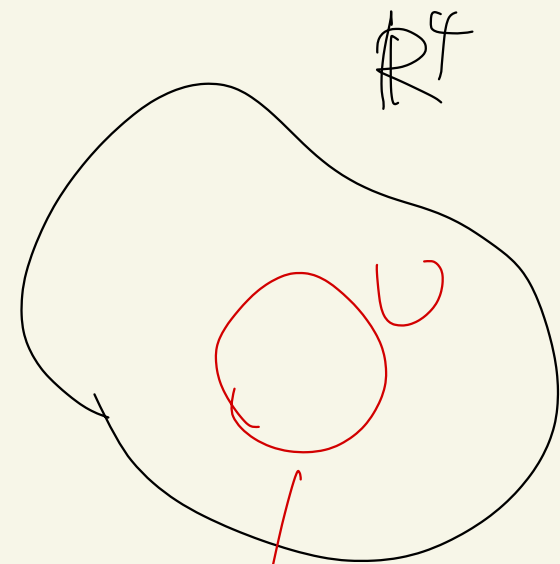
dynamic TBE

Factorization algebra  $\rightarrow$  Yangian



Lagrangian  $\rightarrow$  equation of motion

$\rightarrow$  "derived" solution  
cochain complex

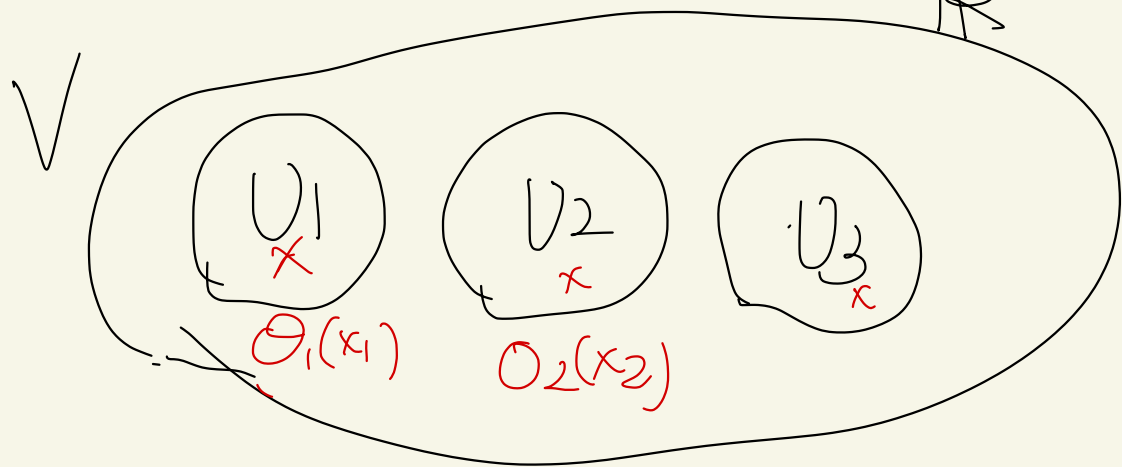


$F(U)$ :  
"operator on U"

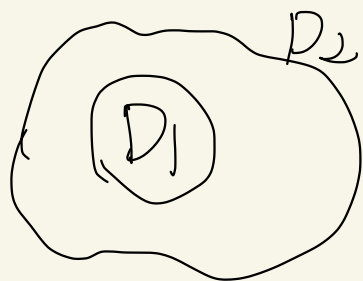
$$F(U) = \left\{ C^0(U) \rightarrow C^1(U) \rightarrow \dots \right\}$$

U: open set in  $\mathbb{R}^4$

# Pre-factorization algebra



TQFT: locally constant



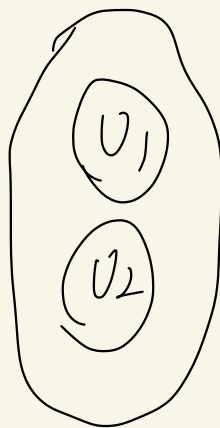
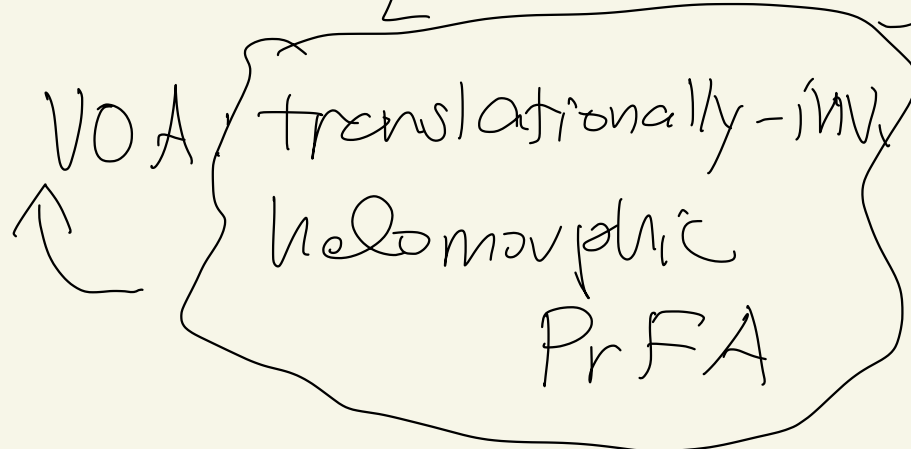
$F(D_1) \rightarrow F(D_2)$   
quasi-iso.

locally const. FA  
= En-alg.

$$F(U_1) \times F(U_2) \times F(U_3)$$

$$\rightarrow F(V)$$

[Costello-Gwilliam]



$\Rightarrow$

