

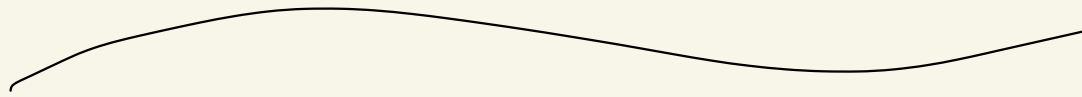
M5 - branes / 3d SUSY  
QFT

## Topological Phases of Matter

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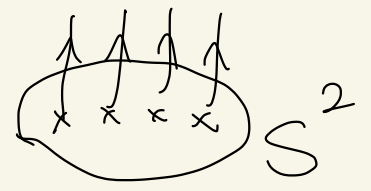
Mar 27 - 28, 2023

Lec II

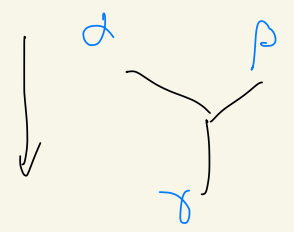
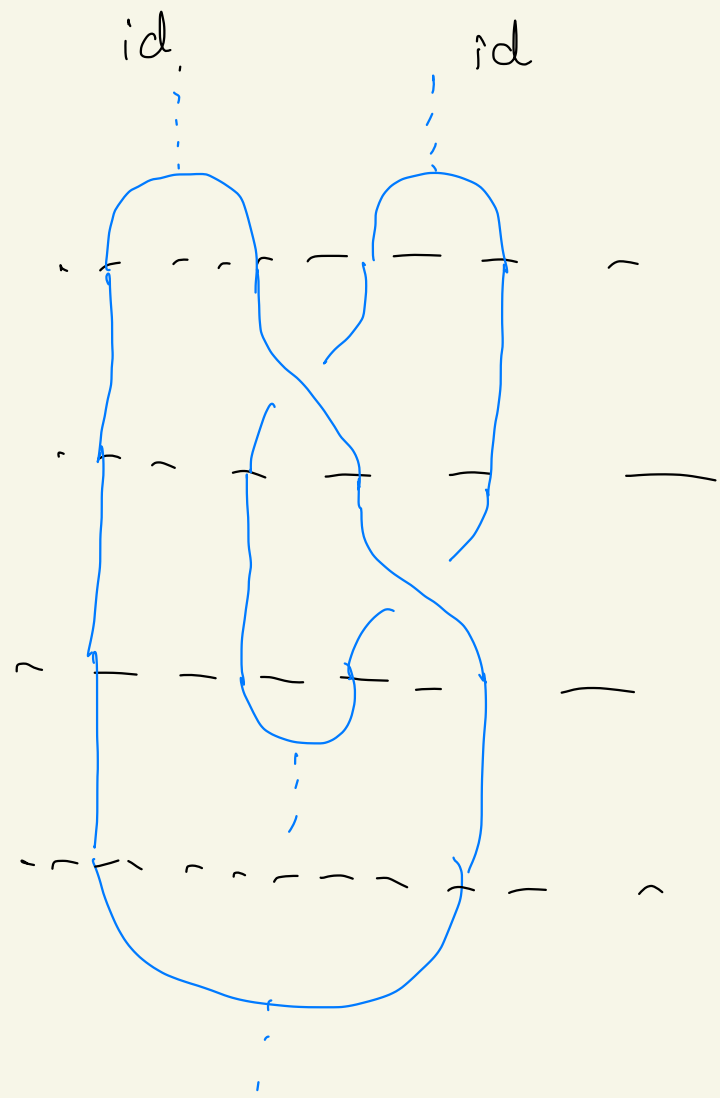


Anyon data = modular tensor category  
 = Moore-Seiberg data

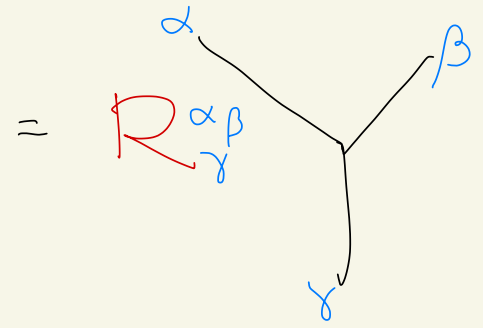
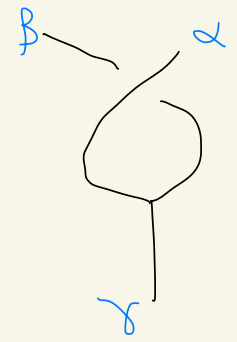
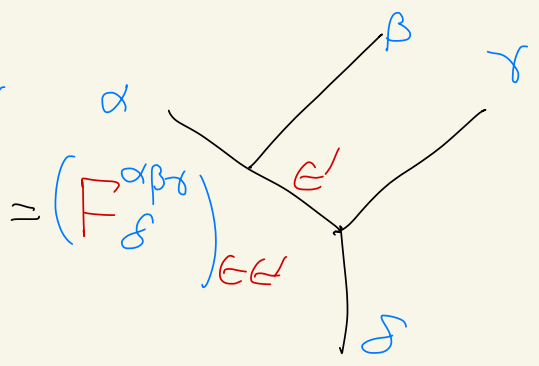
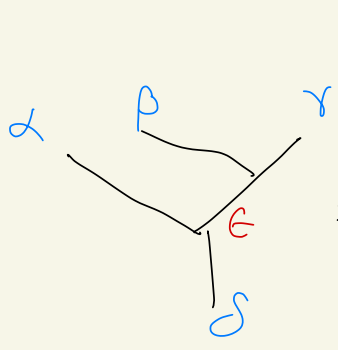
"genus 0"



knot/braid

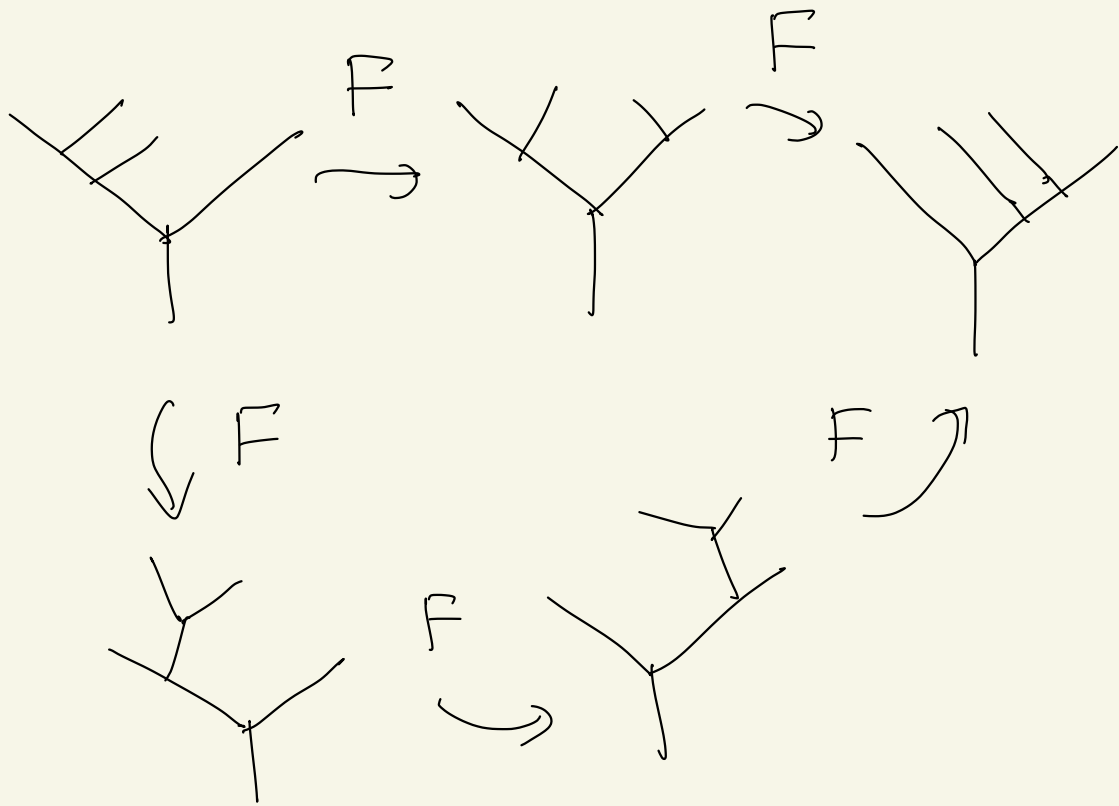


$$\alpha \otimes \beta = \bigoplus_{\gamma} N_{\alpha\beta}^{\gamma} \gamma$$

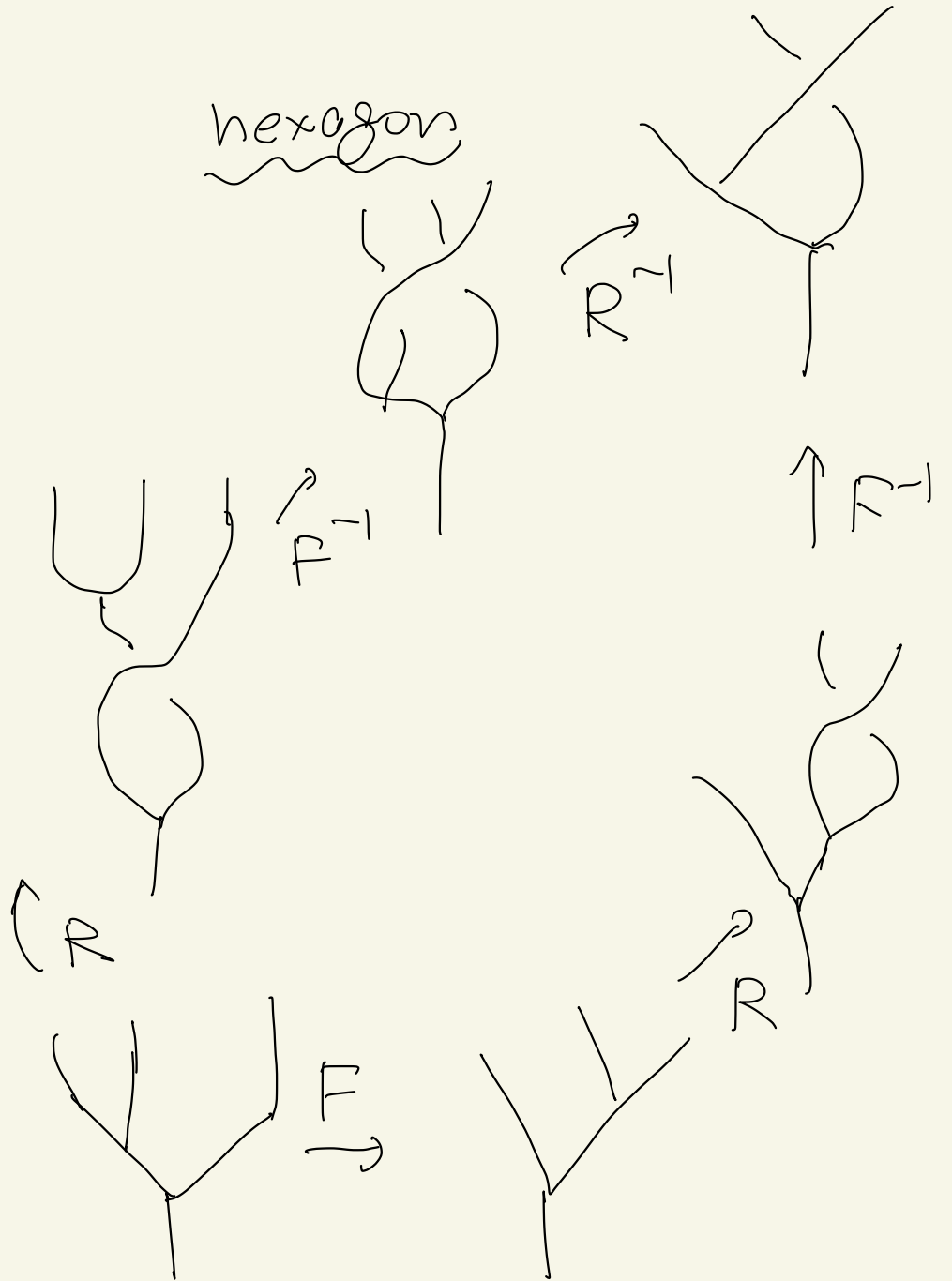


# consistency conditions

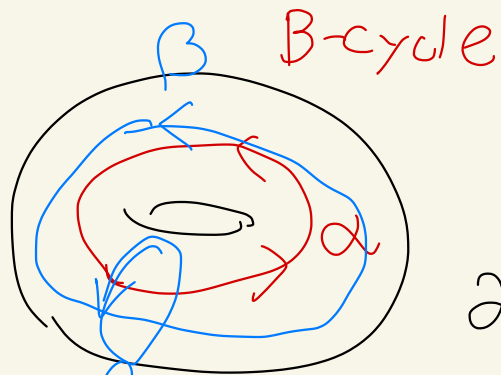
pentagon



hexagon



genus 1



$D^2 \times S^1$ : solid torus

$$\partial(D^2 \times S^1) = T^2$$

$$\mathcal{H}(T^2) := \text{span} \left\{ |\alpha\rangle = \mathcal{O}_{\alpha}^{\text{B-cycle}} |0\rangle \right\}$$

$S, T$ : generators of  $SL(2, \mathbb{Z})$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$S_{\alpha\beta} = \langle \alpha | S | \beta \rangle$$

$$T_{\alpha\beta} = \langle \alpha | T | \beta \rangle$$

$$= e^{2\pi i h_{\alpha}} S_{\alpha\beta}$$

↑  
topological spin

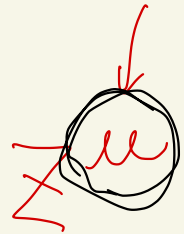
$$\mathcal{O}_{\beta}^{\text{B-cycle}} |\alpha\rangle = \sum_{\gamma} \underbrace{(N_{\beta})}_{\text{Verlinde formula}} \alpha^{\gamma} |\gamma\rangle$$

$$\mathcal{O}_{\beta}^{\text{A-cycle}} |\alpha\rangle = (S^T N_{\beta} S) |\alpha\rangle = \frac{S_{\beta\alpha}}{S_{0\alpha}} |\alpha\rangle$$

3d N=2 SUSY QFT



3d TQFT?

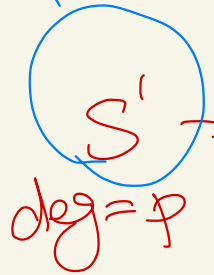


Wilson line

F, R, S, T  
 $\alpha$ : anyon

$\mathbb{Z}$  closed 3-manifold

$O_\beta$

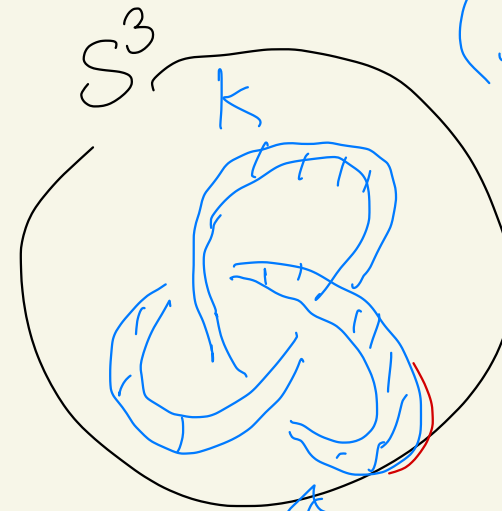


$\mathbb{M}_{g,p}$   
 $\downarrow$   
 $\Sigma_g$

eg  $g=0, p=0$   
 $S^1 \times S^2$

$g=0, p=+1$   
 $S^1 \rightarrow S^3$

$\downarrow$   
 $S^2$



$(S^3 \setminus (D^2 \times S^1))$

$U(D^2 \times S^1)$

$\uparrow$

$SL(2, \mathbb{Z})$   
 action

Dehn surgery

solid torus  
 $D^2 \times S^1$

$S^3 \rightarrow M$

$K$  Dehn surgery

$$\sum_{g,p} \mathbb{M}_{g,p} = \sum_{\alpha} (S_{0\alpha})^{2-2g} (T_{\alpha\alpha})^p$$

$$\langle O_\beta \rangle = \sum_{\alpha} (S_{0\alpha})^{2-2g} (T_{\alpha\alpha})^p \frac{S_{\beta\alpha}}{S_{0\alpha}}$$

3d  $N=2$  theory on  $M_{g,p} \Rightarrow S, T$

$$\underbrace{Z^{M_{g,p}}}_{\text{fibration op}} = \sum_{\alpha: \text{Bethe vacua}} (\underbrace{2\mathcal{H}_\alpha}_{\text{handle-gluing operator}})^{g-1} (\underbrace{F_\alpha}_{\text{fibration op}})^p$$

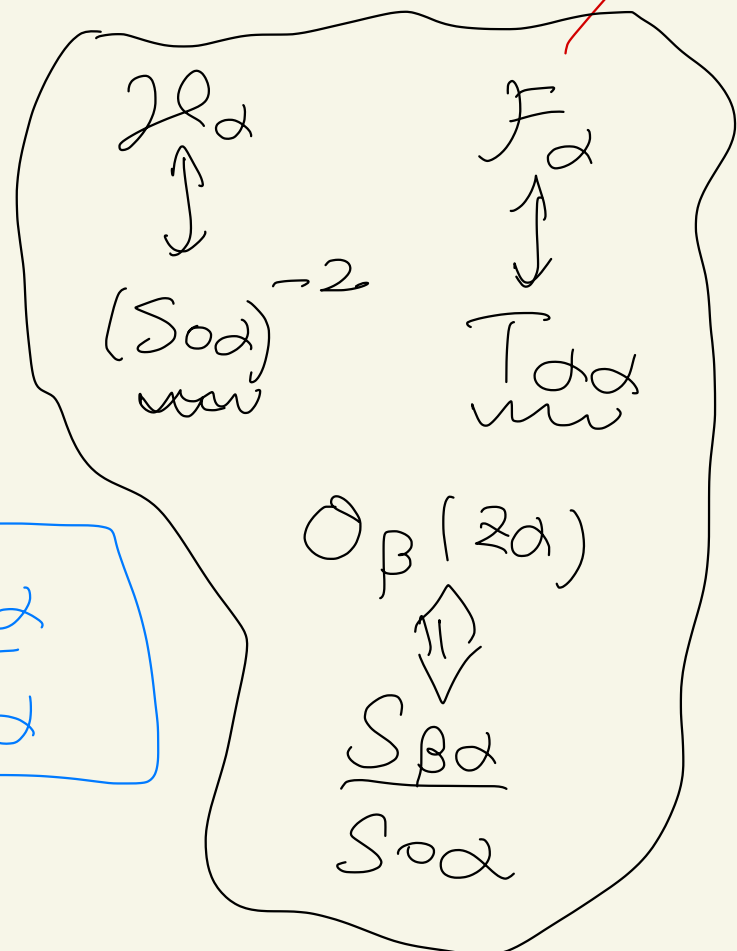
$$\langle \mathcal{O}_\beta \rangle = \sum_{\alpha: \text{vacua}} (\underbrace{2\mathcal{H}_\alpha}_{\text{handle-gluing operator}})^{g-1} (\underbrace{F_\alpha}_{\text{fibration op}})^p \mathcal{O}_\beta(z_\alpha)$$

3d TQFT

handle-gluing operator

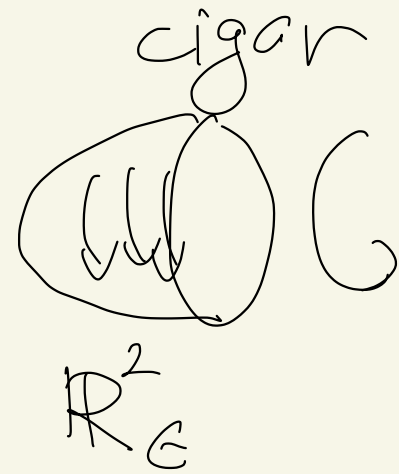
$$Z^{M_{g,p}} = \sum_{\alpha: \text{anyon}} (S_\alpha)^{2-2g} (T_\alpha)^p$$

$$\langle \mathcal{O}_\beta \rangle = \sum_{\alpha} (S_\alpha)^{2-2g} (T_\alpha)^p \frac{S_{\beta\alpha}}{S_\alpha}$$



$N=2$   
3d theory on

$S^1 \times$



GTC  
3d CS  
theory

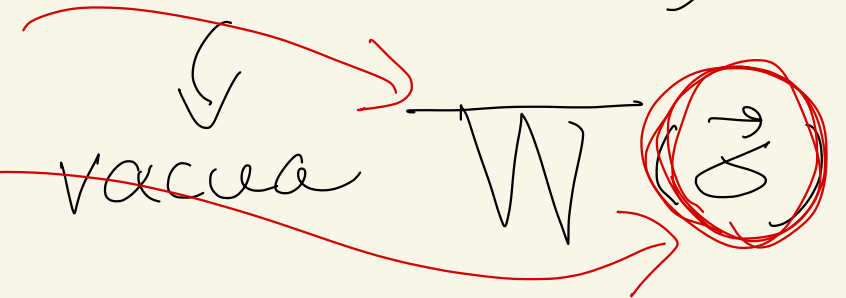
$$\exp\left(\frac{\partial W}{\partial \sigma}\right) = 1$$

shape angle



potential  
gauge scalar  
 $(A, \sigma)$   
complex

2d  $N=(2, 2)$



$$\exp\left(\frac{\partial W}{\partial \tilde{\sigma}}\right) = 1$$

solution Bethe vauca



3d  $N=2$  in general  $\rightsquigarrow$  3d TQFT data?

↑  
more special?

$S_{\alpha\beta}, T_{\alpha\beta}$

in general  
↓  
in general

$$\mathbb{Z}_{S^1 \times S^2} \neq 1$$

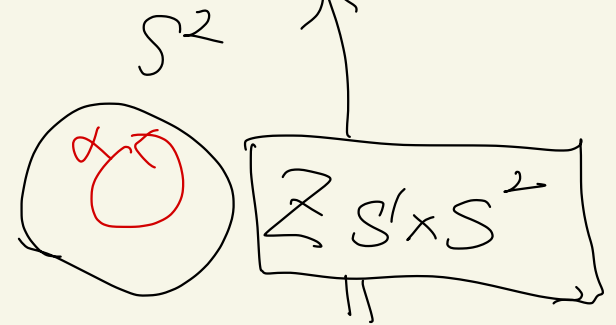
$\mathbb{Z}^{\text{ell}}$ : depends on  
mass parameter  
etc.

? ↓ ↓ ↓

Full MTC

F, R, S, T

3d TQFT  $\mathcal{H}(S^2) = 1$   
dim



$$\text{Tr}_{\mathcal{H}(S^2)} 1$$

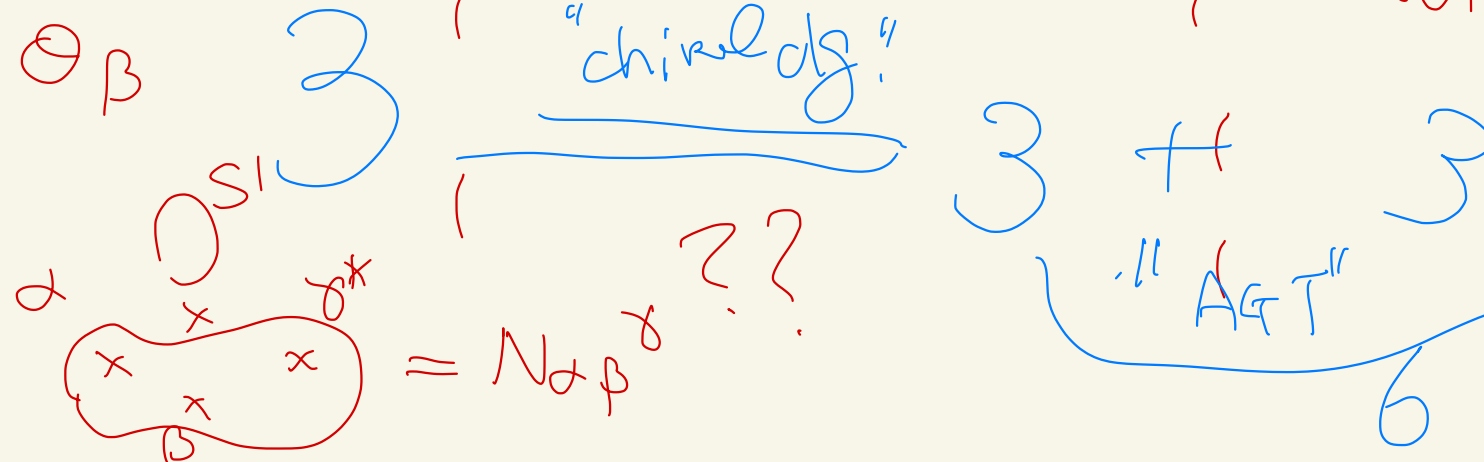
$$\parallel$$

$$\dim \mathcal{H}(S^2) = 1$$

3d TQFT  $\leftarrow$  3d  $N=2$  SUSY QFT  $\longleftrightarrow$  3-manifold  $M$

$\alpha$ : anyon	$\alpha$ : vacua	$\alpha$ : flat connection CS $A = A_\alpha$
$S^{-2}$	$\mathbb{R}_\alpha$	Reidemeister torsion
$T_\alpha$	$F_\alpha$	CS invariant $CS[A_\alpha]$

Wilson line  $\Theta_\beta$       Wilson line "chiral dg!"      Wilson line



Strategy (non-generic?)

I:  $M_i$  special choice  $\longrightarrow$  3d TQFT  
(not hyperbolic) S, T  
(eg. Brieskorn sphere)

II:  $N=4$  3d SUSY QFT non-semisimple  
 $\rightsquigarrow$  3d TQFT  
topological twist logarithmic CFT

III:  $N=4$  3d SUSY QFT  $\xrightarrow{IR}$  SCFT  
(limit/subsector)  
 $\longrightarrow$  3d TQFT