

The Virtue of Defects in Gauge Theories and 2d CFTs

Jaume Gomis



Texas A&M, Strings 2010

Introduction

- Solving exactly four dimensional gauge theories is out of reach
- The constraints imposed by **supersymmetry** have resulted in novel insights into the dynamics of gauge theories:
 - non-perturbative effects
 - strong coupling dynamics (Seiberg-Witten)
 - dualities (S -duality, Seiberg dualities, mirror symmetry...)
 - holography
 - mathematical connections
- Ubiquity of **non-local operators** in gauge theories
 - Wilson loops
 - 't Hooft loops
 - surface operators
 - domain walls

Play a central role in **dualities**

- The slogan for this talk is:

2d Toda CFTs compute exactly susy observables in 4d $\mathcal{N} = 2$ gauge theories

- The slogan for this talk is:

2d Toda CFTs compute exactly susy observables in 4d $\mathcal{N} = 2$ gauge theories

- The dictionary is:

4d Gauge Theory

Toda CFT

partition function on S^4

CFT correlation function

Wilson-'t Hooft loops

topological defects (degenerate)

surface operators

insertion of degenerate operator

domain walls:

1) Janus

generalized loop operators

2) symmetry breaking

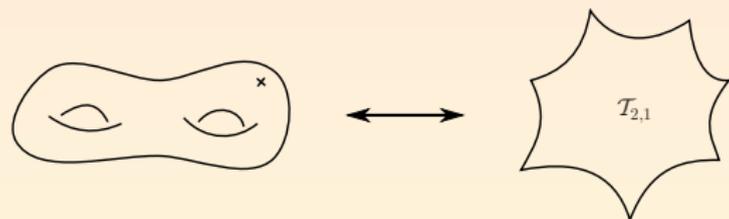
topological defects (non-degenerate)

3) duality walls

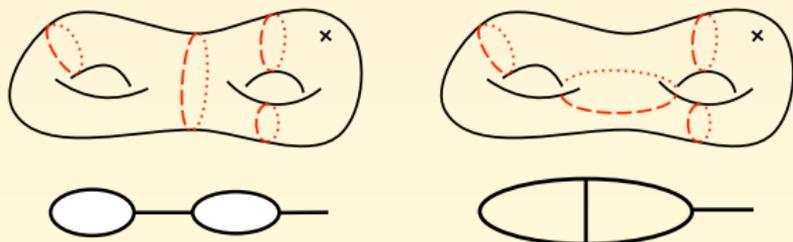
insertion of Moore-Seiberg groupoid element

Background

- Associate a 4D $\mathcal{N} = 2$ theory $\mathcal{T}_{g,n}$ to a Riemann surface $C_{g,n}$



- “Lagrangian” description of $\mathcal{T}_{g,n} \longleftrightarrow$ pants decomposition σ of $C_{g,n}$
- Construct gauge theory from building blocks: trinions and tubes



- Partition function of 4D $\mathcal{N} = 2$ theory on S^4 given by

$$Z_{\mathcal{T}_{g,n}}^{(\sigma)} = \int [da] \bar{Z}_{\text{Nekrasov}}^{(\sigma)} Z_{\text{Nekrasov}}^{(\sigma)}$$

Pestun

Z_{Nekrasov} : deformation of the instanton partition function on R^4

Nekrasov

- 2D CFT correlators admit a **holomorphically factorized** form. In the pants decomposition $C_{g,n}$ with trivalent graph Γ_σ

$$\left\langle \prod_{a=1}^n V_{m_a} \right\rangle_{C_{g,n}} = \int d\nu(\alpha) \overline{\mathcal{F}}_{\alpha,E}^{(\sigma)} \mathcal{F}_{\alpha,E}^{(\sigma)}$$

$\nu(\alpha)$: **3pt functions** of **primaries**, one for each vertex in Γ_σ



$\mathcal{F}_{\alpha,E}^{(\sigma)}$: **conformal blocks**, which capture contribution of **descendants**

- Partition function of $\mathcal{T}_{g,n}$ captured by 2d **Toda correlation function**

Alday, Gaiotto, Tachikawa

$$\mathcal{Z}_{\mathcal{T}_{g,n}}^{(\sigma)} = \int [da] \overline{Z}_{\text{Nekrasov}}^{(\sigma)} Z_{\text{Nekrasov}}^{(\sigma)} = \left\langle \prod_{a=1}^n V_{m_a} \right\rangle_{C_{g,n}}$$

- **Modular invariance** of 2d CFT \implies **S-duality** in 4d gauge theory

- 2D CFT correlators admit a **holomorphically factorized** form. In the pants decomposition $C_{g,n}$ with trivalent graph Γ_σ

$$\left\langle \prod_{a=1}^n V_{m_a} \right\rangle_{C_{g,n}} = \int d\nu(\alpha) \overline{\mathcal{F}}_{\alpha,E}^{(\sigma)} \mathcal{F}_{\alpha,E}^{(\sigma)}$$

$\nu(\alpha)$: **3pt functions** of **primaries**, one for each vertex in Γ_σ



$\mathcal{F}_{\alpha,E}^{(\sigma)}$: **conformal blocks**, which capture contribution of **descendants**

- Partition function of $\mathcal{T}_{g,n}$ captured by 2d **Toda correlation function**

Alday, Gaiotto, Tachikawa

$$\mathcal{Z}_{\mathcal{T}_{g,n}}^{(\sigma)} = \int [da] \overline{Z}_{\text{Nekrasov}}^{(\sigma)} Z_{\text{Nekrasov}}^{(\sigma)} = \left\langle \prod_{a=1}^n V_{m_a} \right\rangle_{C_{g,n}}$$

- **Modular invariance** of 2d CFT \implies **S-duality** in 4d **gauge theory**

In the rest of talk I will sketch how to use 2d Toda CFT to compute **loop operators** and **domain walls** in 4d gauge theories

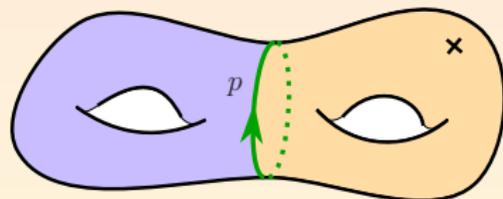
Drukker, Gaiotto, J.G.

Drukker, J.G., Okuda, Teschner

Alday, Gaiotto, Tachikawa, Verlinde

Topological Defect Operators in 2d CFTs

- 2D CFTs can be enriched by inserting **defect loop operators**



- A **topological defect operator** is transparent to the CFT stress tensor

Petkova, Zuber

$$[T(z), \mathcal{O}_\mu(p)] = 0, \quad [\bar{T}(\bar{z}), \mathcal{O}_\mu(p)] = 0$$

p : (homotopy class) of curve

μ : a quantum number (representation)

- Semiclassically, $\mathcal{O}_\mu(p)$ can be thought of as a **Wilson loop** in the 2d CFT

$$\text{Tr}_\mu \text{P exp} \oint_p \mathcal{L}$$

where \mathcal{L} is a **flat connection**

- Since $\mathcal{O}_\mu(p)$ commutes with $T(z)$ and $\bar{T}(\bar{z}) \implies$

$$\mathcal{O}_\mu(p) = D_{\mu\alpha} 1_{R_\alpha \otimes \bar{R}_{\alpha^*}}$$

- **topological defect** \iff “**permutation boundary state**” upon folding



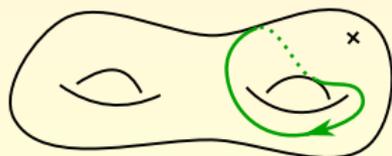
- **Topological defect operators** in RCFTs determined by modular invariance

$$\mathcal{O}_\mu(p) = \frac{S_{\mu\alpha}}{S_{1\alpha}} 1_{R_\alpha \otimes \bar{R}_{\alpha^*}}$$

where S are the **modular matrices** of the CFT

$$\chi_\mu(\tau) = \sum_\alpha S_{\mu\alpha} \chi_\alpha(-1/\tau)$$

- **Topological loop operators** *act* on the space of conformal blocks



$$[\mathcal{O}_\mu \circ \mathcal{F}^{(\sigma)}]_{\alpha, E} = \int d\nu(\alpha') \mathcal{O}_\mu(\alpha, \alpha') \mathcal{F}_{\alpha', E}^{(\sigma)}$$

- Alternative description of **Verlinde loop operators** in 2d CFTs
- Measure the **monodromies** induced by $V_\mu(z)$ on conformal blocks

Topological Defects in Liouville Theory

- **Representations** labeled by **Liouville momentum** α of primary operator

$$V_\alpha = e^{2\alpha\phi} \quad \text{with} \quad \Delta = \alpha(Q - \alpha)$$

- ZZ topological defects. Labeled by a *degenerate* representation:

$$2\alpha_{r,s} = \frac{1-r}{b} + (1-s)b \quad \text{where} \quad r, s \in \mathbb{Z}_+$$

The corresponding **Virasoro character** is given by

$$\chi_{r,s}(\tau) = \frac{q^{-(r/b+sb)^2/4}(1-q^{rs})}{\eta(\tau)}$$

\implies

Sarkissian

$$\mathcal{O}_{r,s}(p) = \frac{\sin(2\pi r a/b) \sin(2\pi s a b)}{\sin(2\pi a/b) \sin(2\pi a b)}$$

where $a = \alpha - Q/2$

- FZZT topological defects. Labeled by a *non-degenerate* representation:

$$\mu = \frac{Q}{2} + m \quad \text{where} \quad m \in i\mathbb{R}$$

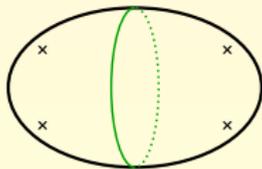
The corresponding **Virasoro character** is given by

$$\chi_\mu(\tau) = \frac{q^{-m^2}}{\eta(\tau)}$$

\implies

$$\mathcal{O}_\mu(\alpha) = -\frac{\cos(4\pi am)}{2 \sin(2\pi a/b) \sin(2\pi ab)}$$

- These expressions apply whenever the **topological defect** wraps a curve encircling a **tube** in the pants decomposition of $C_{g,n}$



- We can use **topological defects** to calculate exactly **gauge theory observables**

ZZ Topological Defect Operators in 4d Gauge Theories

- **Liouville correlators** in the presence of $\mathcal{O}_{r,s}(p)$ around tubular curve



$$\langle \mathcal{O}_{r,s}(p) \rangle_{C_{g,n}} = \int d\nu(\alpha) \frac{\sin(2\pi r a/b) \sin(2\pi s a b)}{\sin(2\pi a/b) \sin(2\pi a b)} \overline{\mathcal{F}}_{\alpha,E}^{(\sigma)} \mathcal{F}_{\alpha,E}^{(\sigma)}$$

- At $b = 1$, a basis of **ZZ topological defects** is given by $\mathcal{O}_{1,2j+1}(p)$

$$\frac{\sin(2\pi a(2j+1))}{\sin(2\pi a)} = \sum_{m=-j}^j e^{4\pi i m a} \equiv \text{Tr}_j e^{2\pi i a}$$

Therefore

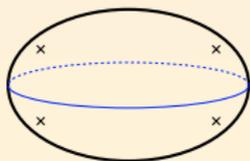
$$\langle \mathcal{O}_{1,2j+1}(p) \rangle_{C_{g,n}} = \int [da] \text{Tr}_j e^{2\pi i a} \overline{Z}_{\text{Nekrasov}} Z_{\text{Nekrasov}}$$

\Rightarrow Expectation value of **Wilson loop** in 4d gauge theory on S^4

- What is the 2d CFT description of 't **Hooft loops** in the 4d gauge theory?

The electric and magnetic charges of loop operators encoded in the choice of curve in $C_{g,n}$ Drukker, Morrison, Okuda

⇒ Consider **topological defect** operator which traverses a tube in $C_{g,n}$



- Must determine the monodromy induced by $V_\mu(z)$ on the conformal blocks
- Monodromy generated by 3 basic moves, relating conformal blocks in different channels: Moore, Seiberg

- Fusion move:

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 \begin{array}{c} \alpha_3 \quad \alpha_2 \\ | \quad | \\ \hline \alpha_4 \quad \alpha \quad \alpha_1 \end{array} & \equiv \int d\alpha' F_{\alpha\alpha'} \begin{bmatrix} \alpha_3 & \alpha_2 \\ \alpha_4 & \alpha_1 \end{bmatrix} & \begin{array}{c} \alpha_3 \quad \alpha_2 \\ \diagdown \quad / \\ \hline \alpha' \\ \hline \alpha_4 \quad \alpha_1 \end{array} \\
 \begin{array}{c} \alpha_2 \quad \alpha_3 \\ \diagdown \quad / \\ \hline \alpha_1 \end{array} & \equiv e^{i\pi(\Delta(\alpha_1) - \Delta(\alpha_2) - \Delta(\alpha_3))} & \begin{array}{c} \alpha_3 \quad \alpha_2 \\ \diagdown \quad / \\ \hline \alpha_1 \end{array}
 \end{array}$$

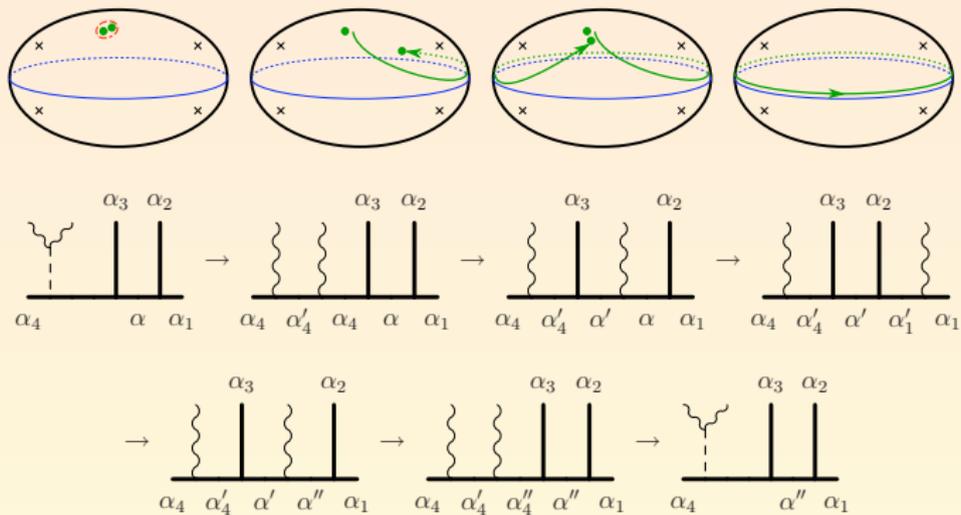
- Braiding move:

- S-move:

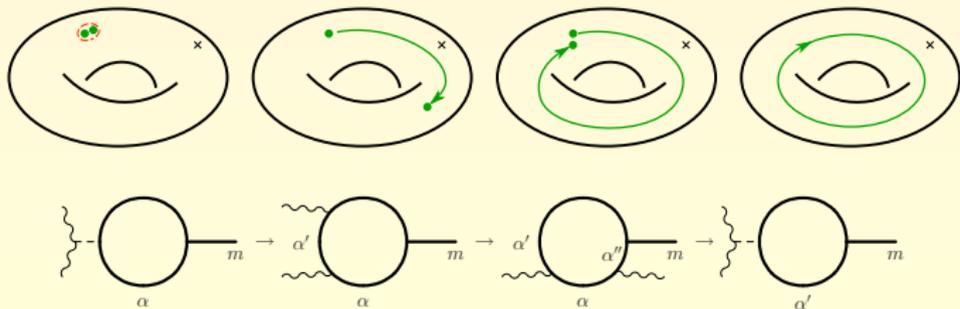
$$\begin{array}{c} \bigcirc \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \mu \\ \hline \gamma \end{array} = \int d\alpha S_{\mu\alpha}(\gamma) \begin{array}{c} \bigcirc \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \alpha \\ \hline \gamma \end{array}$$

- **Monodromy** captured by the Fusion and Braiding matrices of the CFT

- 't Hooft loop in $\mathcal{N} = 2$ SU(2) SYM w/ $N_F = 4$



- 't Hooft loop in $\mathcal{N} = 2^*$ SU(2) SYM on S^4



- Topological defect shifts the momentum labeling the tubes that it traverses

$$\left[\mathcal{O}_\mu \circ \mathcal{F}^{(\sigma)} \right]_{\alpha, E} = \int d\nu(\alpha') \mathcal{O}_\mu(\alpha, \alpha') \mathcal{F}_{\alpha', E}^{(\sigma)}$$

- Computed by concatenating the **fusion and braiding** matrices associated to tracing the curve in $C_{g,n}$
- Can obtain explicit formulae for vev of **'t Hooft loops** in 4d $\mathcal{N} = 2$ gauge theories on S^4 . For example, for $\mathcal{N} = 2^*$:

$$2 \int d\alpha \sin(2\pi\alpha) \bar{\mathcal{G}}_{\alpha, m} \left[\sin(\pi(2\alpha - m)) \mathcal{G}_{\alpha-1/2, m} + \sin(\pi(2\alpha + m)) \mathcal{G}_{\alpha+1/2, m} \right]$$

- Consistent with the action of S-duality!
- \implies ZZ topological defects in **Liouville CFT** capture the exact vev of supersymmetric loop operators in **4d $\mathcal{N} = 2$ gauge theories**

ZZ Defect Operators = Gauge Theory Loop Operators

- What **4d gauge theory** observables do FZZT topological defects compute?

Toda CFT Topological Defects in 4d Gauge Theories

- Toda CFT is based on a Lie algebra \mathfrak{g} and admits a W-algebra symmetry

$$W^{(2)}, W^{(3)}, \dots, W^{(r)} \quad r = \text{rank}(\mathfrak{g})$$

- Toda CFTs are only partially understood (e.g. no formula for 3 pt function)
- Representations labeled by **Toda momentum** μ of primary operator

$$e^{\langle \mu, \phi \rangle} \quad \text{with} \quad \Delta = \langle Q, \mu \rangle - \frac{1}{2} \langle \mu, \mu \rangle$$

- Constructed the **topological defects** in Toda CFTs. Their expectation values are (at $b = 1$):
 - Degenerate Topological defects. Labeled by representation R of \mathfrak{g} :

$$\langle \mathcal{O}_R(p) \rangle_{C_{g,n}} = \int [da] \text{Tr}_R e^{2\pi i a} \bar{Z}_{\text{Nekrasov}} Z_{\text{Nekrasov}}$$

\implies Expectation value of **Wilson loop** in 4d gauge theory on S^4

- Semi-Degenerate Topological defects. Labeled by:

m : purely imaginary Toda momentum

r : representation of $\mathfrak{h} \subset \mathfrak{g}$

Toda CFT correlator with insertion of topological defect yields:

$$\langle \mathcal{O}_{m,r}(p) \rangle_{C_{g,n}} = \int d\nu(\alpha) \frac{\prod_{e \in \mathfrak{h}} \sin^2(\pi \langle a, e \rangle)}{\prod_{e > 0} \sin^2(\pi \langle a, e \rangle)} \overline{\mathcal{F}}_{\alpha,E}^{(\sigma)} \mathcal{F}_{\alpha,E}^{(\sigma)} e^{2\pi i \langle m, a \rangle} \text{Tr}_r(e^{2\pi i a})$$

Claim: 4d $\mathcal{N} = 2$ gauge theory in the presence of a susy domain wall on S^3

Symmetry Breaking Domain wall:

- ▶ 3d $\mathcal{N} = 2$ vector multiplet fields taking values in $\mathfrak{g} - \mathfrak{h}$ vanish
 - ▶ $\text{Tr}_r(e^{2\pi i a})$: Wilson loop supported on the wall
 - ▶ m : FI parameters for the $U(1)$ factors localized on the wall
 - ▶ $\prod_{e > 0} \sin^2(\pi \langle a, e \rangle)$: one-loop determinant from 3d $\mathcal{N} = 2$ vector multiplet
 - ▶ Ratio removes precisely the 3d $\mathcal{N} = 2$ vector multiplet fields in $\mathfrak{g} - \mathfrak{h}$
- Computation of the **4d path integral** reproduces the 2d CFT answer \implies

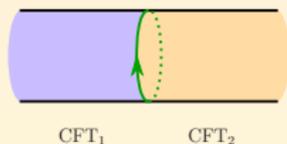
Semi-degenerate Defect Operators = Symmetry Breaking Domain Walls

2d CFT Description of other 4d Gauge Theory Domain Walls

- **Janus Domain Wall**: Susy wall across which the coupling constant jumps

$$\tau_N = \frac{\theta_N}{2\pi} + \frac{4\pi i}{g_N^2}, \quad \tau_S = \frac{\theta_S}{2\pi} + \frac{4\pi i}{g_S^2}$$

Corresponds to inserting a “**generalized defect operator**” on $C_{g,n}$ in Toda CFT



$$f \circ T_1 = T_2 \quad \bar{f} \circ \bar{T}_1 = \bar{T}_2$$

$\bar{f} \neq f^* \Rightarrow$ left and right movers on different Riemann surfaces (different moduli)

$$\langle \mathcal{O}_{1,\{f,\bar{f}\}}(p) \rangle_{C_{g,n}} = \int d\nu(\alpha) \bar{\mathcal{F}}_{\alpha,E}^{(\sigma)}(q) \mathcal{F}_{\alpha,E}^{(\sigma)}(q')$$

- Computation of the **4d path integral** reproduces the 2d CFT answer \implies

Generalized Defect Operators = Janus Domain Walls

Conclusion

- Loop operators enrich the correlation functions in 2d CFTs
- Non-rational **2D CFT's** compute **exact quantities** in 4D **gauge theories**
- 2d CFT loop operators capture the dynamics of non-local gauge theory operators

Wilson-'t Hooft operators

domain wall operators

- Non-local operators bound to provide insights into gauge theory **dualities**
- Toda CFT is a window into **non-lagrangian** 4d gauge theories