

Quantum Gravity Constraints and their Stringy Realisation

- **Weak Gravity and Swampland Distance Conjecture:**
1808.05958, 1810.05169, 1901.08065
w/ Seung-Joo Lee and Wolfgang Lerche
- **Emergent Strings:**
1904.06344 w/ S-J Lee and W Lerche
- **Swampland Bounds:**
1905.13213 w/ S-J Lee

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Quantum Gravity Conjectures

Which EFT can be coupled to a fundamental theory of QG?

Swampland of inconsistent EFTs



Landscape of consistent QGs



Image: www.physics.harvard.edu/node/873

Swampland Conjectures of general scope, but not sharply proven.

String theory as a framework for QG allows to **test explicit conjectures**

- **Quantitative check** of swampland conjectures and sharper formulation
- Study **manifestations** of swampland conjectures **in string geometry**

Some QG Conjectures

see talks by Reece, Palti; reviews [Palti'19] [Brennan, Carta, Vafa'17]

1. **No Global Symmetries:** [Banks, Dixon'88], [Banks, Seiberg'13], [Harlow, Ooguri'18]

Gauge symmetries cannot become global in presence of gravity.

What goes wrong in limit $g_{\text{YM}} \rightarrow 0$?

2. **Completeness Conjecture:** [Polchinski'03]

The full charge lattice should be populated.

Violated in open string sector - where do the states come from?

3. **Weak Gravity Conjecture:** [Arkani-Hamed, Motl, Nicolis, Vafa'06]

Tower of charged particles with $q^2 g_{\text{YM}}^2 \geq \# M^2$

What is the correct numerical bound and which states obey it?

4. **Swampland Distance Conjecture:** [Ooguri, Vafa'06]

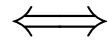
Infinite tower of states becomes massless at infinite distance.

What's the nature of the theory at infinite distance?

Quantum Gravity Conjectures

Address these questions in situations with $N = 1$ SUSY in 6d and 4d:

F-theory on
elliptic CY3 and CY4



Heterotic theory on
K3 and CY3

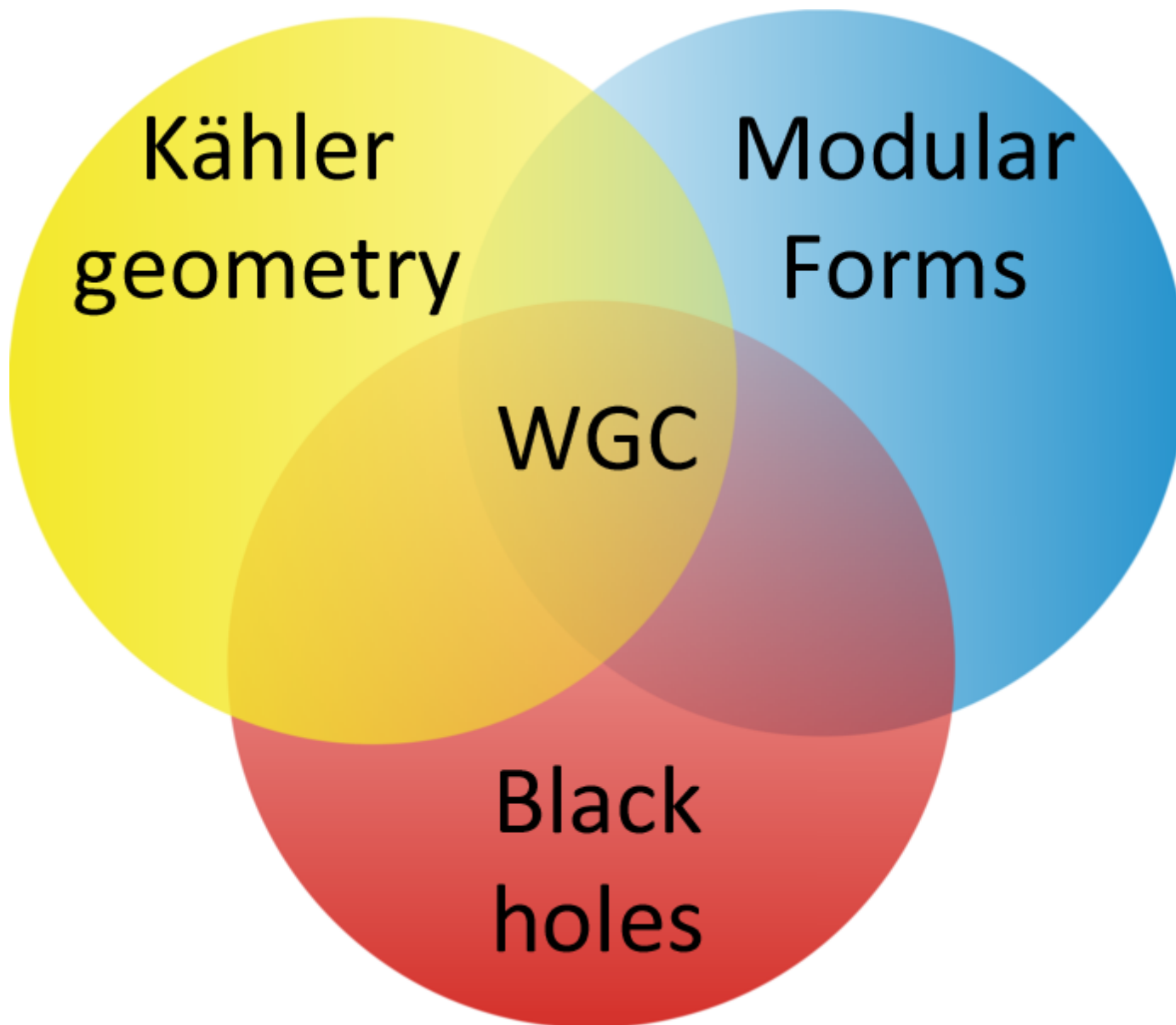
In the **geometric infinite distance limit**^a

$$g_{\text{YM}} \rightarrow 0 \quad \text{while} \quad M_{\text{Pl}}^4 \quad \text{fixed}$$

we

- **prove the Distance Conjecture**
- and **the Weak Gravity Conjecture** including the effect of **scalar fields**
- and identify the relevant **tower of non-BPS states**: $g_{\text{YM}}^2 q_k^2 \geq M_k^2$.

^aWith caveats in 4d: Limit of ‘Class A’ - see [Lee,Lerche,TW’19].



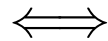
General theme:

[Lee,Lerche,TW'18 '19]

Emergence of a dual weakly coupled, asymptotically tensionless critical **string** at infinite distance in moduli space

- heterotic string (for most of this talk)
- Type II string (see end of this talk)

Duality and
stringy-ness



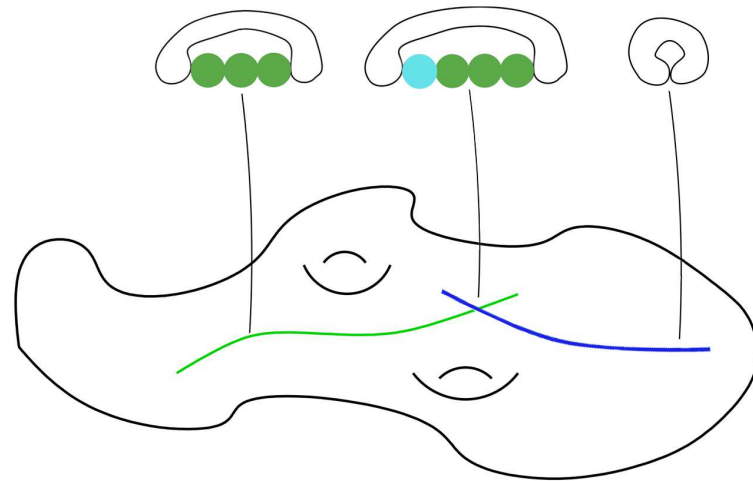
Quantum Gravity
Conjectures

cf. [Ooguri,Vafa'06]

F-theory in 6d

F-theory in 6d \iff Type IIB on $\mathbb{R}^{1,5} \times B_2$ with 7-branes

- $B_2 =$ compact Kähler surface
 \implies dynamical gravity
- 7-branes on complex curve $C \subset B_2$
 \implies gauge symmetry



Couplings: (IIB Einstein frame, $\ell_s = 1$)

$$M_{\text{Pl}}^4 = 4\pi \text{vol}_J(\mathbf{B}_2), \quad \frac{1}{g_{\text{YM}}^2} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \text{vol}_J(\mathbf{C})$$

Mostly focus on gauge group $U(1)$:

$C =$ 'height pairing of rational section on ell fibration over B_2 '

cf reviews [TW'18][Cvetič, Lin'18]

Gravity and U(1)s

What happens if take $g_{\text{YM}} \rightarrow 0$ at M_{Pl} finite?

Swampland intuition:

In presence of gravity, no global symmetries are possible. [Banks,Dixon'88]

General expectation: [AMNV'06], [Ooguri,Vafa'06], ...

- Offensive limit should be **at infinite distance** (beyond reach).
- Effective theory must break down (**quantum gravity censorship**).

Substantial corpus of related works see talk by Palti

[Kläwer,Palti'16] [Heidenreich,Reece,Rudelius'16,'18'19] [Montero,Shiu,Soler'16] [Palti'17]

[Grimm,Palti,Valenzuela'18] [Hebecker et al. 16,'19] [Andriolo,Junghans,Noumi,Shiu'18]

[Blumenhagen,Kläwer,Schlechter,Wolf'18], [Lüst,Palti'18], [Grimm,Li,Palti'18]

[Corvilain,Grimm,Valenzuela'18] [Marchesano,Wiesner'19] [Font,Herraez,Ibanez'19]

[Erking,Knapp'19] [Grimm,V.d.Heisteeg'19] ...

Step 1:

Recovering a dual heterotic string in limit

$$g_{\text{YM}} \rightarrow 0$$

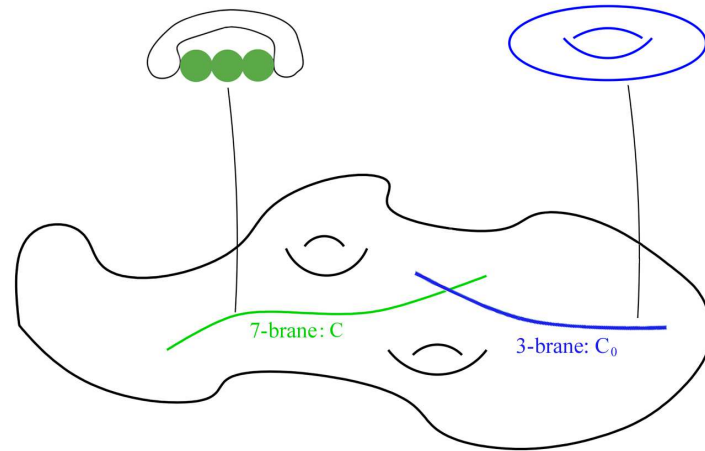
Global limit in Kähler geometry

$$\frac{1}{g_{\text{YM}}^2} \sim \text{vol}_J(C) = t \rightarrow \infty \quad \text{while} \quad M_{\mathbb{P}^1}^4 \sim \text{vol}_J(B_2) \equiv 1$$

Theorem: [Lee, Lerche, TW'18]

There exists a rational curve C_0 :

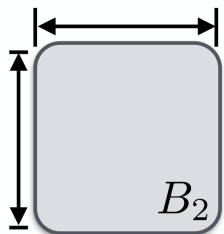
$$C_0 \cdot C \neq 0 \quad \text{and} \quad \text{vol}_J(C_0) \sim \frac{1}{t} \rightarrow 0$$



General intuition

"On finite volume surface, if one direction gets big, normal direction must get very small".

Proof for base B_2 via Mori's cone thm. $\rightarrow C_0 = \mathbb{P}^1, C_0^2 = 0$



Quantum Gravity Conjectures

1) No global symmetries.

\Rightarrow The limit $g_{\text{YM}} \rightarrow 0$ must be at infinite distance in moduli space.

Indeed this is the case here.

Result: Limit $t \rightarrow \infty$ at distance $\Delta \sim \log(t) \rightarrow \infty$
(w.r.t. to metric on tensor moduli space).

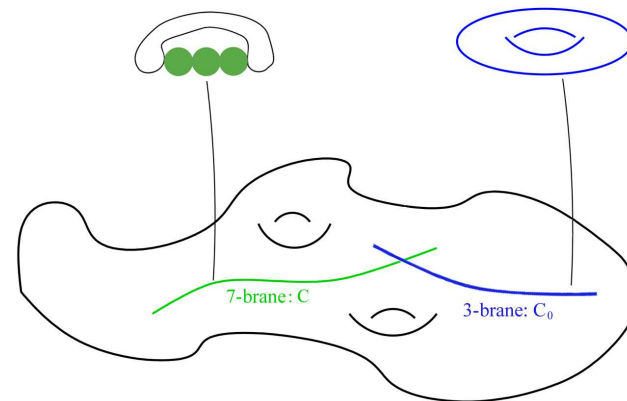
2) Swampland Distance Conjecture

Infinitely many (charged!) states should become massless at exponential rate.

Tensionless solitonic string

from D3 on C_0

tension $\sim T \sim \text{vol}_J(C_0) \sim \frac{1}{t} \sim e^{-\Delta}$



Tensionless strings

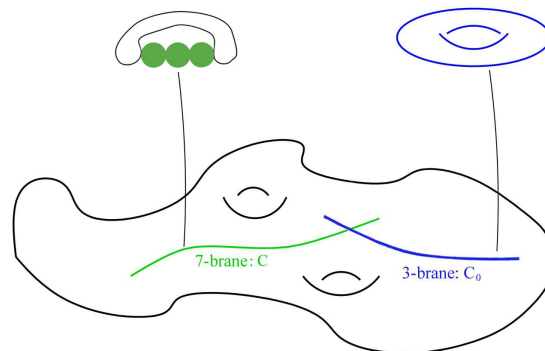
Key fact: [Lee,Lerche,TW'18]

asymptotically tensionless string

=

weakly coupled, critical heterotic string

cf. [Harvey,Strominger'95][Maldacena,Strominger,Witten'97]



Analysis of worldsheet theory of D3 on $C_0 = \mathbb{P}^1$ with $C_0^2 = 0$

- Twisted reduction of $N = 4$ SYM with varying gauge coupling along C_0
[Martucci'14] [Haghighat,Murthy,Vafa,Vandoren'15] [Lawrie,Schafer-Nameki,TW'16]

⇒ 2d $N = (0, 4)$ effective theory with

(4+4) left-moving scalars

(4+4) right-moving scalars + fermionic partners

- At intersection $C_0 \cap C$:
isolated 3-7 string modes **charged** under 7-brane gauge group

⇒ 16 left-moving (charged) fermions

Tensionless 6d strings

F-theory bases B_2 admitting the limit $g_{\text{YM}} \rightarrow 0$:

Class 1)

B_2 is Hirzebruch

$$p : \mathbb{P}_f^1 = C_0 \rightarrow \mathbb{F}_a$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$\mathbb{P}_b^1$$

Exists **perturbative heterotic dual**

on K3 \mathcal{K} [Morrison, Vafa'96]

$$r : T^2 \rightarrow \mathcal{K}$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$\mathbb{P}_b^1$$

$$(g_s^h)^2 = \frac{\text{vol}_J(\mathbb{P}_f^1)}{\text{vol}_J(\mathbb{P}_b^1)} \rightarrow 0 \quad \text{in tensionless limit}$$

Class 2) B_2 is blowup of Hirzebruch

- Dual heterotic string on \mathcal{K} with **extra NS 5-branes on heterotic side**
- Away from defects heterotic string **'quasi-perturbative'** (justified ex post!)

Step 2:

Proving the WGC via heterotic string

Previous results in literature:

- Spectral flow implies WGC for pert. het string. [AMNV'06]
- Sublattice WGC; proven for toroidal orbifolds
[Heidenreich,Reece,Rudelius'15/16]

New results [Lee,Lerche,TW'18]

- Determine index of sublattice satisfying the WGC
- Valid beyond perturbative situations
- Explicit match with black hole solutions

The elliptic genus

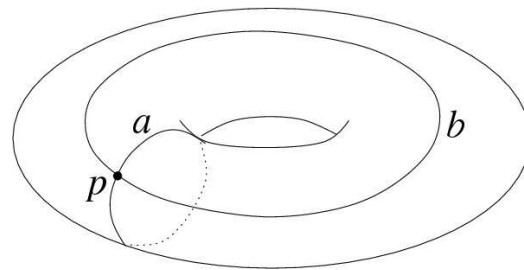
Elliptic genus of 6d het. string \leftrightarrow Subsector of charged non-BPS states

[Schellekens, Warner'86] [Witten'87], ...

$$Z_{\mathcal{K}}(\tau, z) \equiv \text{Tr}_R [(-1)^F F^2 q^{H_L} \bar{q}^{H_R} \xi^J]$$

$q = e^{2\pi i \tau}$: τ complex structure of worldsheet T^2

$\xi^J = e^{2\pi i z J}$: fugacity w.r.t. flavour symmetry - e.g. $U(1)$



$$Z_{\mathcal{K}}(\tau, z) = q^{-1} \sum_{n \geq 0} N(n, r) q^n \xi^r$$

n : excitation level of string

r : $U(1)$ charge

The elliptic genus

Ell. genus = (Ratio of) modular forms of
weight -2 and $U(1)$ fugacity index m

$$\varphi_{\mathbf{w}, \mathbf{m}} \left(\frac{a\tau + b}{c\tau + d}, \frac{\zeta}{c\tau + d} \right) = (c\tau + d)^{\mathbf{w}} e^{2\pi i \frac{\mathbf{m}c}{c\tau + d} \frac{\zeta^2}{2}} \varphi_{\mathbf{w}, \mathbf{m}}(\tau, \zeta)$$

$$\varphi_{\mathbf{w}, \mathbf{m}}(\tau, \zeta + \lambda\tau + \mu) = e^{-2\pi i \mathbf{m}(\frac{\lambda^2}{2}\tau + 2\frac{\lambda\zeta}{2})} \varphi_{\mathbf{w}, \mathbf{m}}(\tau, \zeta)$$

- $U(1)$ index $m \leftrightarrow$ t'Hooft anomaly of worldsheet [Schellekens, Warner'86]
[Benini, Eager, Hori, Tachikawa'13] [Del Zotto, Lockhart'16] [...]

Here: $m = \frac{1}{2} C \cdot C_0$ C_0 : het string C : gauge 7-brane

- **Het. 5 – branes \Rightarrow quasi – modular** (incl. $E_2(\tau)$) [Lee, Lerche, TW'18]

The elliptic genus

$$Z_{\mathcal{K}}(\tau, z) = q^{-1} \sum_{n \geq 0} N(n, r) q^n \xi^r = \frac{\Phi_{10,m}(\tau, z)}{\eta^{24}(\tau)}$$

- $\Phi_{10,m}(\tau, z)$: (quasi-)modular Jacobi form of weight $w = 10$

[Eichler, Zagier]

Every such form can be expanded

$$\varphi_{w,m}(\tau, z) = \sum_{\ell \in \mathbb{Z} \bmod 2m} h_{\ell}(\tau) \Theta_{m,\ell}(\tau, z)$$

$$\Theta_{m,\ell}(\tau, z) = \sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} q^{(\ell+2mk)^2/4m} \xi^{\ell+2mk}$$

Subsector with $\ell = 0$ contains: $n = mk^2$ $r = 2mk \equiv U(1)$ charge \mathfrak{q}_k

\implies sublattice of charge lattice with $\mathfrak{q}_k = 2mk, k \in \mathbb{Z}$

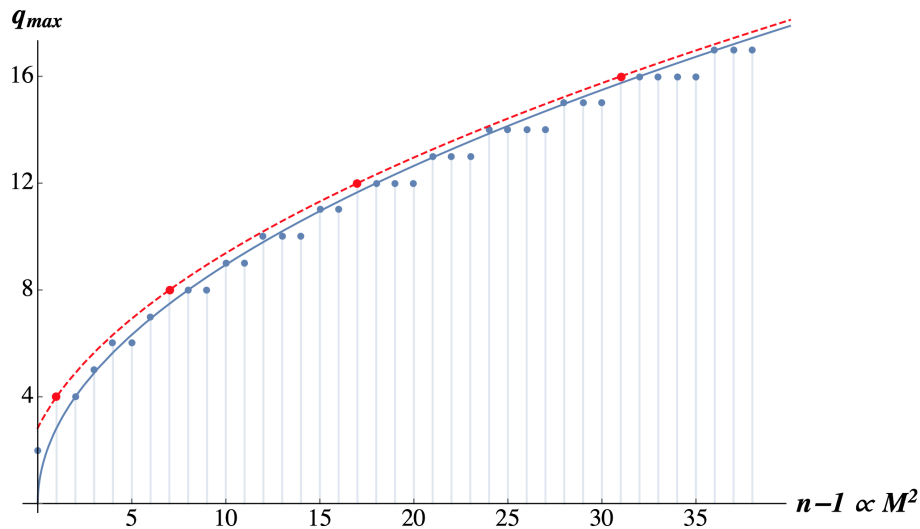
$$\mathfrak{q}_k^2 = 4m n(k) \quad [\text{Lee, Lerche, TW'18}]$$

The elliptic genus

Index 6d of string non-BPS excitations \iff Gopakumar-Vafa invariants of 5d BPS states

[Klemm, Mayr, Vafa '96] [Haghighat, (Iqbal, Kozaz), [Klemm], Lockhart, Vafa' (13)[14]], ...

6d F-theory \iff 5d M-theory \iff 4d Type IIA
 ell. genus BPS invariants prepotential



Example:

[Lee, Lerche, TW'18]

$m = 2$, on $B = dP_2$

- Closed expression!
- $q_k^2 = 4m n(k)$
for $q_k = 2m k$

\implies **Completeness Hypothesis satisfied** ✓

Weak Gravity Conjecture

'Charged black holes must be able to decay.'

[AMNV'06]

$\Rightarrow \exists!$ 'super-extremal' state w.r.t. charged extremal black hole

$$\frac{q^2 g_{\text{YM}}^2}{M^2} \Big|_{\text{state}} \stackrel{!}{\geq} \frac{Q^2 g_{\text{YM}}^2}{M^2} \Big|_{\text{B.H.}}$$

Relevant black holes in weak coupling $g_{\text{YM}} \rightarrow 0$:

[Lee, Lerche, TW'18]

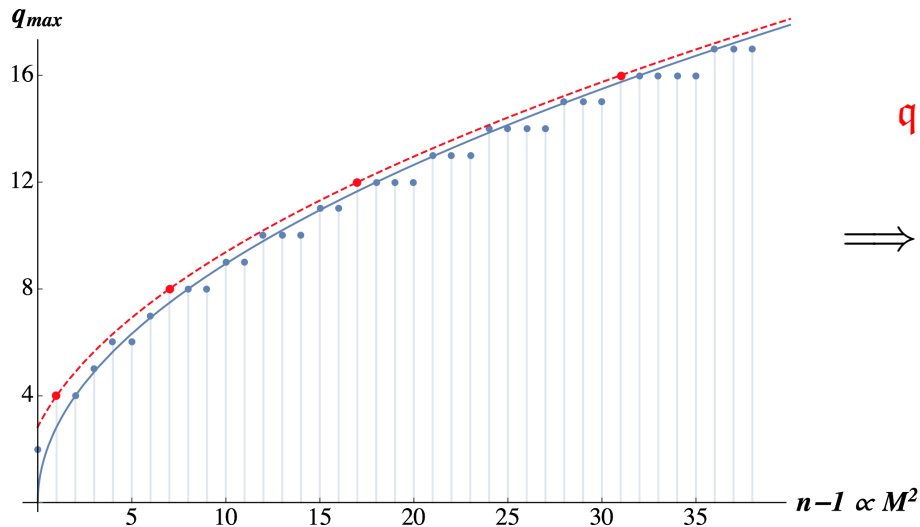
Dilatonic Reissner-Nordström BH

- $S = \int_{\mathbb{R}^{1,5}} \sqrt{-g} R + \frac{1}{2} d\phi \wedge *d\phi + \frac{1}{4g_{\text{YM}}^2} e^{\alpha\phi} F_{\mu\nu} F^{\mu\nu}$
- WGC bound for decay of dilatonic RN black hole:

$$q^2 g_{\text{YM}}^2 \stackrel{!}{\geq} \frac{M^2}{M_{\text{Pl}}^{d-2}} \left(\frac{d-3}{d-2} + \frac{\alpha^2}{4} \right) \quad [\text{Heidenreich, Reece, Rudelius'15'19}][\text{Palti'17}]$$

- Explicit analysis of 6d SUGRA in weak coupling limit: $\alpha = 1$ [Lee, Lerche, TW'18]

Weak Gravity Conjecture



$$q_k^2 = 4m n(k) \quad \text{for } q_k = 2m k$$

$$\Rightarrow q_k^2 g_{\text{YM}}^2 = \frac{M_n^2}{M_{\text{Pl}}^4} + 4m g_{\text{YM}}^2$$

$$q_k^2 g_{\text{YM}}^2 > \frac{M_n^2}{M_{\text{Pl}}^4} \quad \text{as } t \rightarrow \infty$$

\Rightarrow **WGC for sublattice of rank** $2m = C \cdot C_0$ [Lee,Lerche,TW'18]

cf. [AMNV'06] [Heidenreich,Reece,Rudelius'15'16][Montero,Shiu,Soler'16],...

Valid in weak coupling limit!

$$M_n^2 = 8\pi T(n-1), \quad T = 2\pi \text{ vol}(C_0)$$

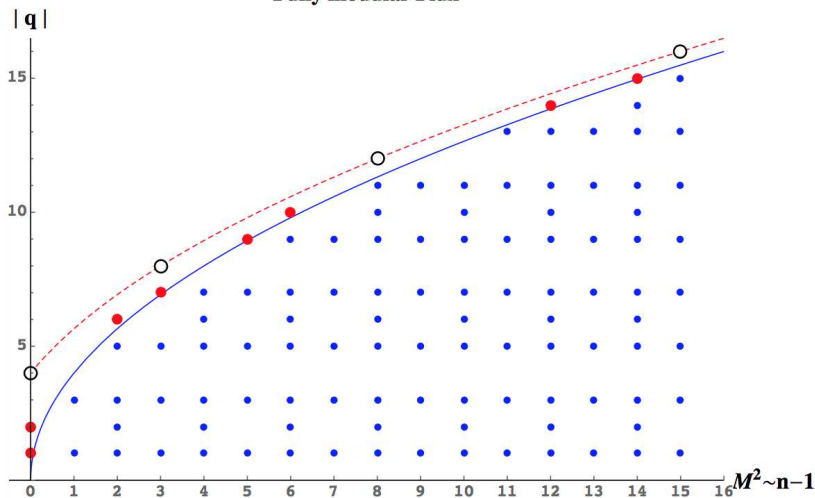
$$M_{\text{Pl}}^4 = 4\pi \text{ vol}(B_2) \equiv 4\pi, \quad \frac{1}{g_{\text{YM}}^2} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \text{ vol}(C), \quad \text{vol}(C)\text{vol}(C_0) \rightarrow 2m.$$

The 4d elliptic genus

Extension to 4d $N=1$ substantially more involved [Lee,Lerche,TW'19]

Only a shifted sublattice manifest in elliptic genus ($w = -1!$)

Fully modular Flux



Example: $m = 4$

- Super-extremal states:

$$q_k = 2mk \pm \ell,$$

$$n_k - 1 = k(mk \pm \ell) \quad \ell \geq 1$$

$$\Rightarrow q_k^2 = 4m(n_k - 1) + \ell^2 \quad k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

- blue line: $q_k^2 = 4m(n_k - 1)$
(WGC-line)

- WGC still satisfied by tower of states ✓ cf [Andriolo,Junghans,Noumi,Shiu'18]
- Missing sublattice states present in partition function? .

cf [Heidenreich,Reece,Rudelius'16,'19]

Emergent Strings @ ∞ distance

Example 1: Asymptotic regime $g_{\text{YM}} \rightarrow 0$ in F-theory

Solitonic string

(D3 on *rational* curve)

$\xrightarrow[\text{distance}]{\text{infinite}}$

Tensionless critical heterotic string

in new duality frame

↓

tower of light particles ✓

Example 2: Type IIB theory on K3 [Lee,Lerche,TW'19]

In asymptotic weak coupling regime for 2-forms cf. [Aspinwall,Morrison'95],...

Solitonic string

(D3 on *elliptic* curve)

$\xrightarrow[\text{distance}]{\text{infinite}}$

Critical fundamental Type IIB

string in dual frame

↓

tower of light particles ✓

Strings and Swampland Bounds

∃? *Swampland of anomaly-free supergravities w/out UV completion?*

- In 6d $N = (1, 0)$ SUGRA, anomaly constraints particularly powerful
- Anomaly-free families of SUGRAs with infinite rank gauge group

[Kumar, Morrison, Taylor'10], ...

Extra constraints from consistency of sector of **BPS strings** [Kim, Shiu, Vafa'19]

$$\sum_i c_i \stackrel{!}{\leq} c_L \quad c_i : \text{WS current due to spacetime gauge group } G_i$$

⇒ Puts many of these theories with non-abelian gauge groups in the 'swampland' [Kim, Shiu, Vafa'19]

Particularly mysterious remains the **abelian gauge sector**

Potential **candidate for swampland(?)**:

6d $N = (1, 0)$ SUGRA with **infinitely many** $U(1)_i$ ($T \geq 9$) [Park, Taylor'11]

Strings and Swampland Bounds

1) Demanding unitarity of **6d supergravity** strings:

Upper bound on $N_{U(1)}$ **in 6d N=(1,0) supergravity**

$$N_{U(1)} \leq 22 \quad [\text{Lee, TW}'19]$$

2) **In F-theory:**

$U(1)$ \longleftrightarrow rational section of elliptic fibration

$N_{U(1)}$ \longleftrightarrow rank of Mordell-Weil group

Explicit analysis of solitonic heterotic string:

- All $U(1)$ factors in 6d must be embeddable into $E_8 \times E_8$.^a

- **New math ‘theorem’:** [Lee, Regalado, TW'18],[Lee, TW'19]

The maximal rank of the Mordell-Weil group of an elliptically fibered Calabi-Yau 3-fold is 16.^b

^aProven for $T \geq 1$; for $T = 0$: $\text{rk}(U(1)) \leq 24$ proven, and $\text{rk}(U(1)) \leq 16$ argued.

^bIf $h^{1,1}(B) = 1$, $\text{rk}(\text{MW}) \leq 24$ proven, and ≤ 16 argued.

Summary

Quantum Gravity Conjectures realized in string theory
by conspirational interplay of

- duality/emergence,
- geometry of compactification spaces,
- modularity.

What is the underlying fundamental principle?

Emergent Strings @ ∞ distance

Type IIB theory on K3 \Rightarrow 6d $N = (2, 0)$ theory

$$\mathcal{M}_{(\mathbf{5},21)} = O(\Gamma_{\mathbf{5},21}) \backslash O(\mathbf{5}, 21) / O(\mathbf{5}) \times O(21) \quad [\text{Aspinwall, Morrison '95}], \dots$$

- **5 non-compact directions** $S_i \rightarrow \infty$ \iff weak coupling limits for tensors T_i

$$S = \int_{\mathbb{R}^{1,5}} \left(\frac{1}{2} M_{\text{Pl}}^4 \sqrt{-|g|} R + \frac{2\pi}{4} (S_i^2 dT_i \wedge *dT_i + S_i^{-2} d\tilde{T}_i \wedge *d\tilde{T}_i) + \dots \right)$$

- string coupling to T_i $\xrightarrow{S_i \rightarrow \infty}$ tensionless weakly coupled critical string in dual frame

For **geometric weak coupling limit** in Kähler moduli space: [Lee, Lerche, TW'19]

- $S_3 \sim t = \text{vol}(C) \rightarrow \infty$

- elliptic curve C^0

$$\text{vol}(C^0) \sim \frac{1}{t} \rightarrow 0$$

$$r : C^0 \rightarrow K3$$

$$\downarrow \\ \mathbb{P}^1_b$$

solitonic string from D3 on C^0

$$\xrightarrow{S_3 \rightarrow \infty}$$

fundamental Type IIB string on dual K3