

Integrable quantum field theories in four dimensions from twistors

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Standard quantum field theory philosophy: the only **meaningful** QFTs are **renormalizable**.

I will discuss 4d QFTs which are **non-renormalizable** but where counter-terms are fixed. These have remarkable properties:

1. The RG flow is **periodic** with period $2\pi i$.
2. These theories are **integrable**: they have strings whose scattering satisfies a Yang-Baxter equation
3. **Celestial holography** program seems to work particularly nicely, and we conjecture it is the the same as **twisted holography** (work in progress with N. Paquette).

Background on twistors

These theories come from local QFTs on **twistor space**:

$$\mathbb{PT} = \mathcal{O}(1) \oplus \mathcal{O}(1) \rightarrow \mathbb{CP}^1$$

As a real manifold

$$\mathbb{PT} = \mathbb{R}^4 \times \mathbb{CP}^1$$

If we compactify on \mathbb{CP}^1 , **holomorphic** QFTs on \mathbb{PT} become **ordinary** QFTs on \mathbb{R}^4 .

Important point: There are **no** KK modes! Size of \mathbb{CP}^1 is only a gauge choice, so $4d$ theory is independent of it.

(Can be made rigorous using factorization algebras).

Examples (classical):

1. (Penrose-Ward) Holomorphic BF theory on \mathbb{P}^1 becomes self-dual Yang-Mills on \mathbb{R}^4 :

$$\int BF(A)_+$$

2. (Witten, Berkovits) Holomorphic Chern-Simons on $\mathbb{C}P^{3|4}$ becomes self-dual $N = 4$ YM on \mathbb{R}^4 .
3. (Boels-Mason-Skinner) : Self-dual SUSY Yang-Mills with matter from certain holomorphic theories on \mathbb{P}^1 .
4. (Penrose, Mason-Wolf): Self-dual (super)-gravity

All examples here are one loop exact.

B-model topological strings on \mathbb{P}^1 .

Open-string sector of topological string is **holomorphic Chern-Simons**. On a Calabi-Yau 3-fold X , Lagrangian is

$$\int_X \Omega \wedge CS(A) \quad A \in \Omega^{0,1}(X, \mathfrak{g})$$

\mathbb{P}^1 is not Calabi-Yau but has a **meromorphic** volume form:

$$\Omega = dv_1 dv_2 \frac{dz}{z^2}$$

z coordinates on $\mathbb{C}\mathbb{P}^1$, v_i on $\mathcal{O}(1)$ fibres.

Topological string makes sense if the gauge field A (and gauge transformations) vanish when Ω has poles.

Closed string sector: Kodaira-Spencer theory.

Theorem (KC, Bittleston-Skinner, Penna)

The 4d theory corresponding to hCS on \mathbb{P}^1 is the WZW₄ model of Donaldson and Losev, Moore, Nekrasov, Shatashvili.

Fundamental field is $\sigma : \mathbb{R}^4 \rightarrow G$. Lagrangian

$$\int_{\mathbb{R}^4} \text{Tr}(J \wedge *J) + \frac{1}{3} \int A \text{Tr}(J \wedge J \wedge J)$$

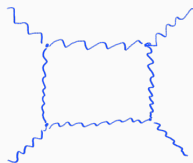
where A is a $U(1)$ gauge field, $dA = \omega$ Kähler form.

Usual σ -model and background field for topological $U(1)$ symmetry.

Reduces to the PCM in 2d (Bittleston-Skinner).

Anomalies and the Green-Schwarz mechanism on twistor space

There are **very few** local holomorphic QFTs on $\mathbb{P}T$ because of **anomalies**:

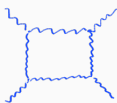


$$\sim \text{Tr} \left((\partial A)^3 X \right)$$

hcs gauge field (pointing to ∂A)

gauge parameter (pointing to X)

For $G = SO(8)$ anomalies can be cancelled by the Green-Schwarz mechanism when we couple to Kodaira-Spencer theory:



cancels with



Exchange of a closed string field

Twistorial QFTs

Conclusion

In the landscape of $4d$ QFTs, there are a **very small number** of “twistorial” QFTs – they come from **local and anomaly free** holomorphic theories on \mathbb{PT} .

Main example : WZW_4 for $G = SO(8)$ plus closed string fields from the type I topological string.

(There are a few other examples engineered using string compactifications to \mathbb{PT})

What are the closed string fields?

Closed string fields are Kähler potential ρ , with Lagrangian

$$WZW_4 + \int T_{Kahler} \partial\bar{\partial}\rho + \int (\Delta\rho)^2 - \frac{2}{3} \int (\Delta\rho)^3 + \int \Delta\rho (\partial\bar{\partial}\rho)^2 + O(\rho^4)$$

Note **fourth order** kinetic term.

Equations of motion:

$$S(\omega_{initial} + \partial\bar{\partial}\rho) \propto \partial\bar{\partial}T_{Kahler}$$

S is **scalar curvature**.

Properties of twistorial field theories

Twistorial field theories are **non-renormalizable** but still counter-terms are **uniquely defined**.

Almost all counter-terms local in $4d$ are **non-local** on \mathbb{PT} . E.g. for a scalar field:

$$\int \phi \Delta \phi + \phi^2 + \phi^4 + \dots$$

ϕ^n is n -local

Very small number of possible **local** counter-terms.

Theorem (KC, Si Li)

Holomorphic CS plus Kodaira-Spencer theory for the group $SO(8)$ has a unique set of counter terms on \mathbb{PT} for which there are no anomalies.

This implies that WZW_4 plus gravitational field has a canonical quantization on \mathbb{R}^4 despite being non-renormalizable.

Periodic RG flow

$\mathbb{R}_{>0}$ acts on \mathbb{R}^4 by scaling. Theory T on \mathbb{R}^4 becomes $T[\lambda]$ $\lambda \in \mathbb{R}_{>0}$, RG trajectory.

On \mathbb{PT} this action scales the $\mathcal{O}(1)^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{CP}^1$ fibres. Extends to a **holomorphic** action of \mathbb{C}^\times .

Corollary

Any **holomorphic** theory on \mathbb{PT} gives a theory T on \mathbb{R}^4 where $T[\lambda]$ extends analytically to $\lambda \in \mathbb{C}^\times$.

Twistorial theories have **no log divergences**. Consequence:
Yang-Mills theory can not be twistorial!

Conjecture

All counter-terms for $WZW_4(SO(8))$ plus Kähler potential are fixed by the requirement there are no log divergences.

(First divergence at ≥ 2 loops (Losev et al)).

D-strings

Topological string on \mathbb{P}^1 has *D1 branes* wrapping holomorphic curves $C \subset \mathbb{P}^1$.

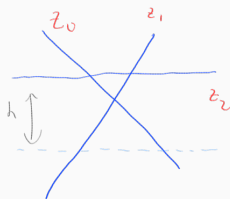
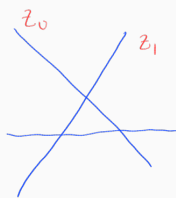
D1 becomes a *D-string* on \mathbb{R}^4 : a defect whose position is dynamical.
Lagrangian,

$$\int J_{2d} J_{4d} + \dots$$

These appear to be the $4d$ uplift of particles in PCM.

Yang-Baxter type equation

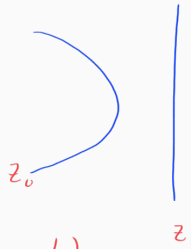
D-strings don't touch on \mathbb{P}^1 , so they can be crossed with no singularities:



No singularities as a function of h



a)



b)

No singularities moving from a) to b)

Analogous to usual YBE/crossing symmetry.

Fails at two loops without the Green-Schwarz mechanism .

Proposal

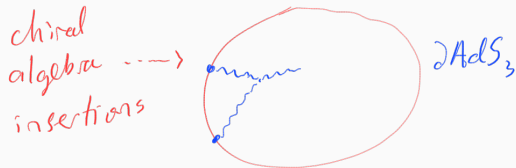
These 4d non-Lorentz invariant theories are as nice and useful as 2d integrable field theories – maybe we can get a non-perturbative understanding of scattering of strings.

Twisted and celestial holography

Twisted holography for topological strings: builds a chiral algebra describing scattering of states in the B model topological string (K.C., Gaiotto; K.C., Paquette; Gaiotto-Rapcak; Oh-Zhou...).

Basic example: $AdS_3 \times S^3 = SL_2(\mathbb{C})$, boundary chiral algebra:

- Is the large N limit of the chiral algebra associated to $N = 4$ Yang- Mills.
- Describes scattering of states in a string theory on $AdS_3 \times S^3$ including all KK modes.



The construction works for other complex geometries with appropriate holomorphic boundary to produce a chiral algebra. Chiral algebra consists of operators localized on a curve on the boundary.

We can take

$$X = \mathbb{P}(\mathcal{O}(1) \oplus \mathcal{O}(1) \oplus \mathcal{O}) \rightarrow \mathbb{CP}^1$$

a projective completion of \mathbb{PT} .

Chiral algebra at ∞ : operators source **states** in the theory on \mathbb{PT} .

Conjecture (work in progress with Paquette)

The “twisted holography” chiral algebra built from a holomorphic field theory on \mathbb{PT} is equal to the “celestial holography” chiral algebra for the theory on \mathbb{R}^4 .

(Chiral algebra is best computed using the Koszul duality technique – KC, Paquette).

First tests of proposal

Self-dual YM comes from holomorphic BF theory on \mathbb{P}^1 .

Chiral algebra from BF theory:

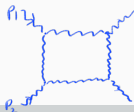
$$J^a[m, n] + \tilde{J}^a[m, n]$$

for $0 \leq m, n$

$$J^a[m, n]J^b[r, s] \simeq z^{-1}f_c^{ab}J^c[m+r, n+s]$$

Exactly the algebra studied by Guevara, Hinwich, Pate, Strominger related to soft theorems in YM!

\tilde{J} : corresponds to the opposite helicity.



Problem

This theory on \mathbb{P}^1 is anomalous, so this algebra is ill-defined at loop level.

What does this mean for asymptotic symmetries?

Celestial holography for WZW_4 , and asymptotic quantum group symmetries

Celestial holography for scalars in \mathfrak{g} : basis of states

$$\Psi_a(z, \bar{z}, \Delta)$$

Fix z . Vary \bar{z} , Δ with Δ an integer ≤ 1 .

States $\Psi_a(z, \bar{z}, \Delta)$ are **exactly** the states sourced by single particle primary operators $J_a[m, n]$ in the chiral algebra!

Celestial holography for WZW_4 , and twisted holography OPEs match at tree level (also match OPEs computed by Guevara et al).

Lorgat-Moosavian-Zhou: compute some subleading corrections to the OPE. **No longer a Lie algebra** – Yangian-like quantum group. E.g.:

$$J^a[1, 0]J^b[0, 1] \simeq \frac{1}{z} f_e^{ac} f^{dbe} J^c[0, 0]J^d[0, 0]$$

Other groups: the chiral algebra seems to not exist (!)



Backreacting $D1$ branes

Place N “vertical” $D1$ brane over $0 \in \mathbb{R}^4$.

Back-reacted geometry: Kähler potential is

$$\rho = \|x\|^2 + N \log \|x\|$$

Conjecture

The chiral algebra controlling scattering of states for $WZW_4(SO(8))$ in this geometry, is the large N limit of chiral algebra on N $D1$'s.

The chiral algebra is the BRST reduction of $16N$ symplectic bosons by $USp(2N)$.

(Same as the chiral algebra for $N = 2$ $USp(2N)$ gauge theory with 4 fundamental hypers).

