

4d physics from 2d chiral correlators



**Natalie Paquette, work w/ Kevin Costello
Strings 2022, Vienna**



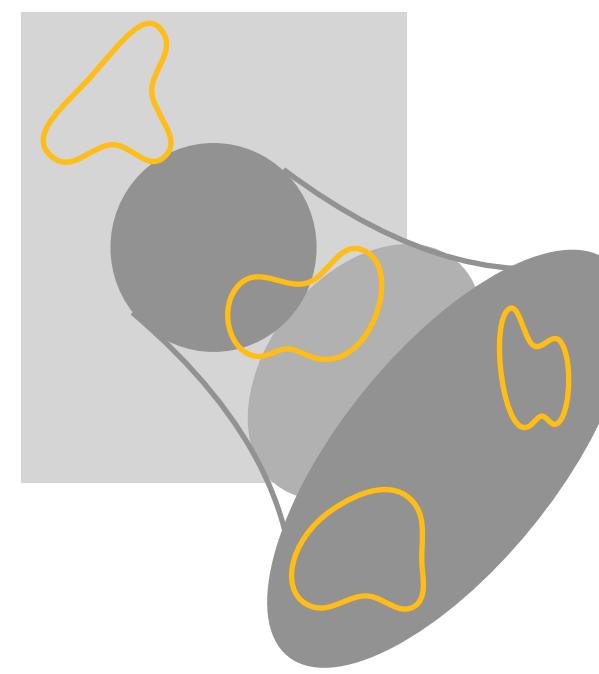
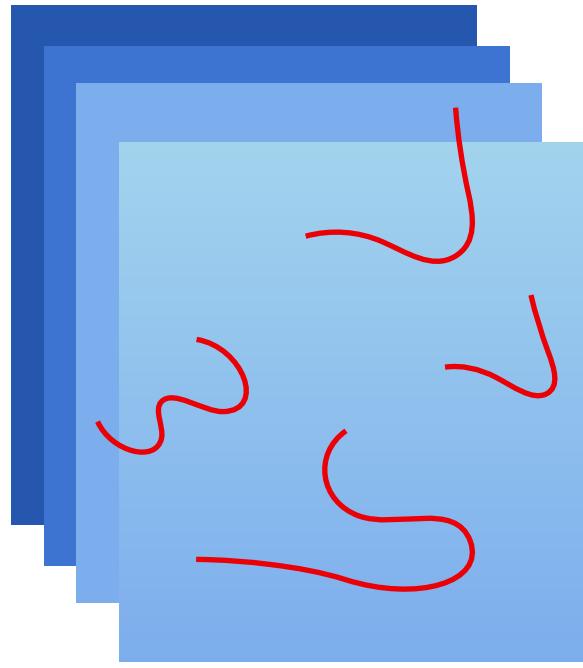
Early Career Research Program

Based on 2204.05301, 2201.02595 + WIP

A confluence of progress in a few different subfields

points of contact: symmetry, universality

Twisted holography



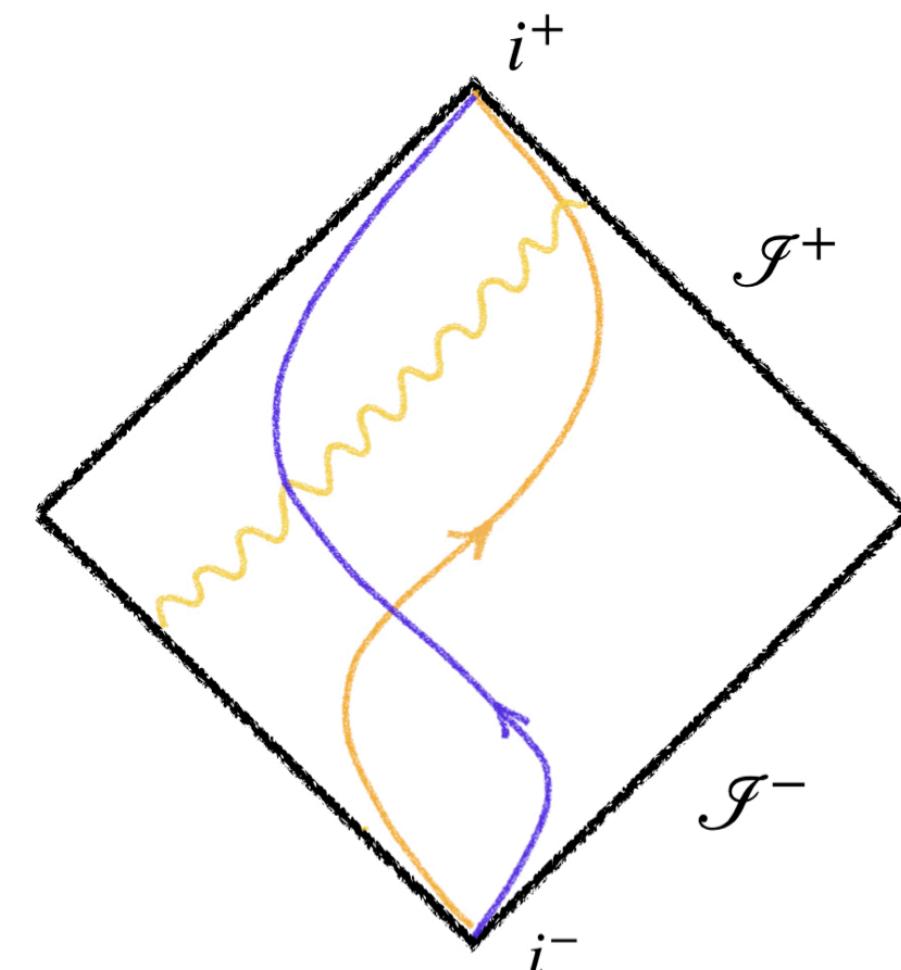
$$A = A_{\bar{z}} d\bar{z} + A_{\bar{w}_1} d\bar{w}_1 + A_{\bar{w}_2} d\bar{w}_2$$

$$\int \Omega \wedge CS(A)$$

$$\eta \in \Omega^{2,1}(M)$$

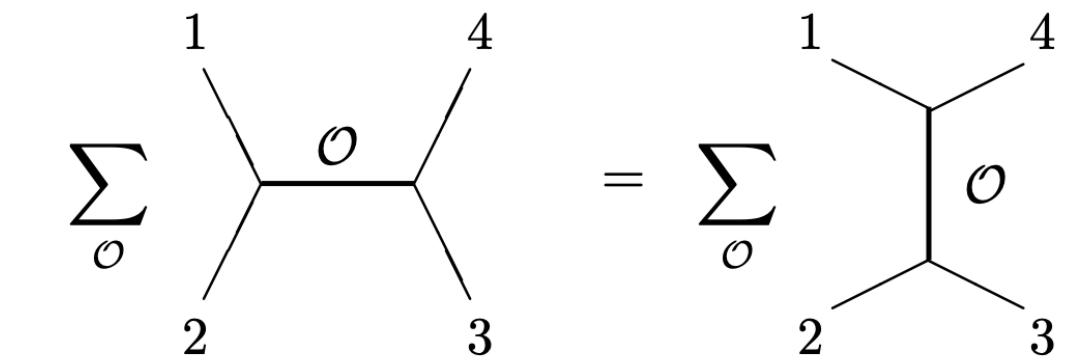
$$\frac{1}{2} \int (\partial^{-1} \eta) (\bar{\partial} \eta) + \frac{1}{6} \int \eta^3$$

Celestial holography

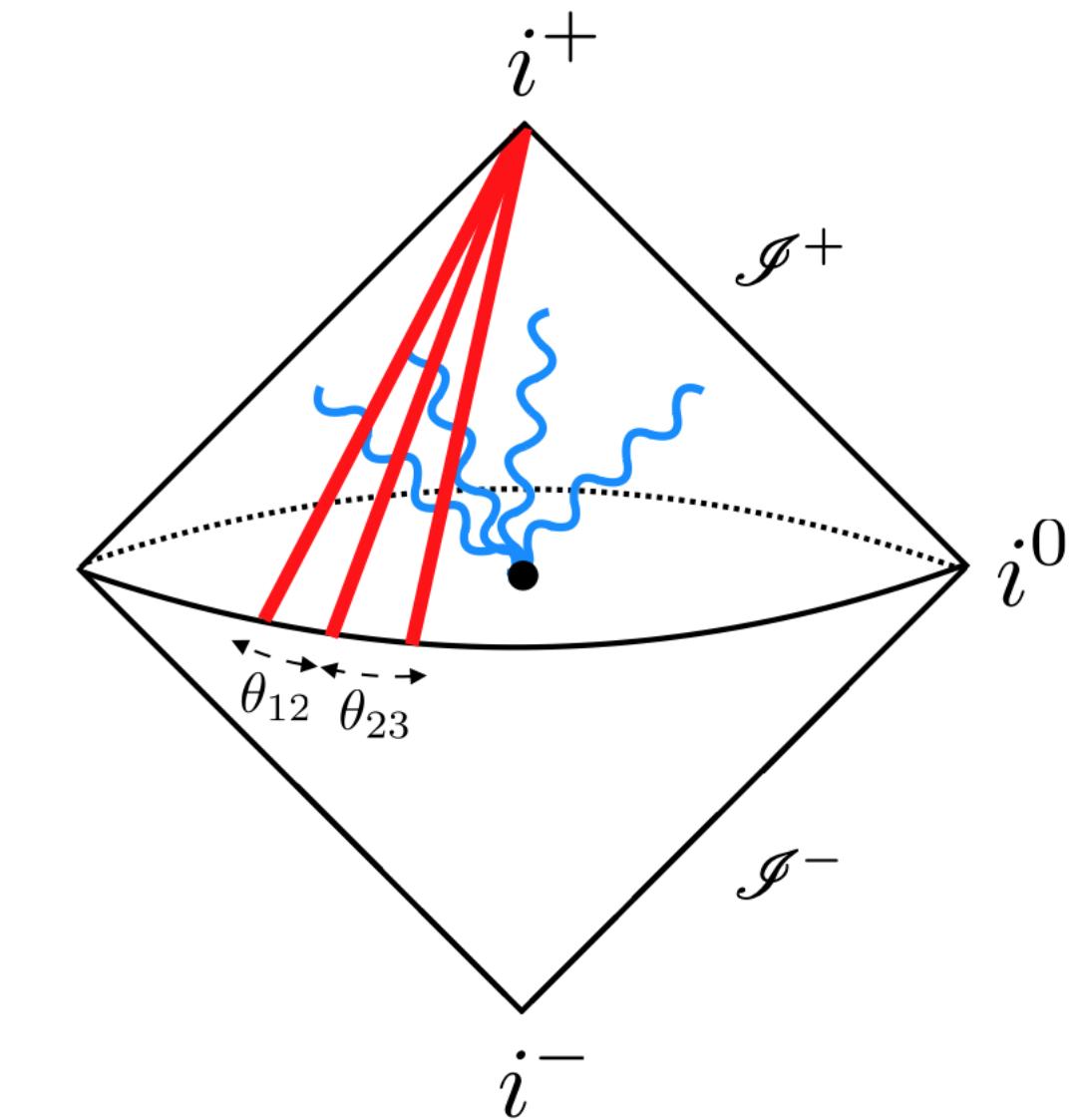


$$SO^+(1,3) \simeq SL(2, \mathbb{C})/\mathbb{Z}_2$$

Bootstrap (CFTs, S-matrix,...)

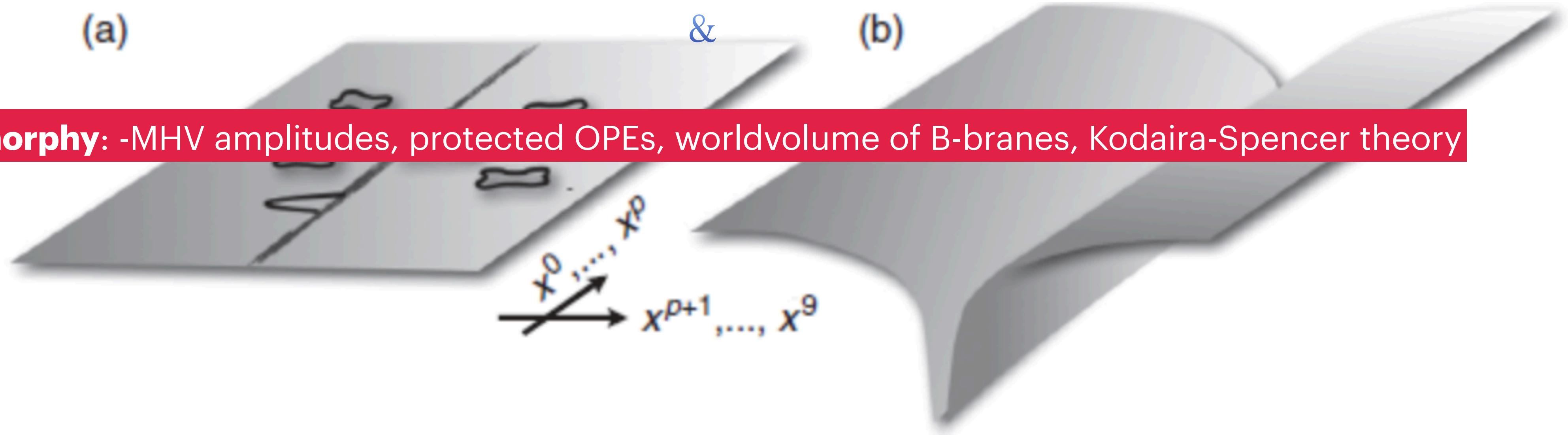


$$\mathcal{O}_1(z, \bar{z}) \mathcal{O}_2(0, 0) = \sum_{k \text{ Schur}} \frac{\lambda_{12k}}{z^{h_1+h_2-h_k}} \mathcal{O}_k(0) + \{\mathbb{Q}, \dots\}$$



In all these arenas we see (hints of):

Chiral algebras: -asymptotic symmetries in flat space, protected subsectors of (SUSY) CFTs, twisted string theory,...

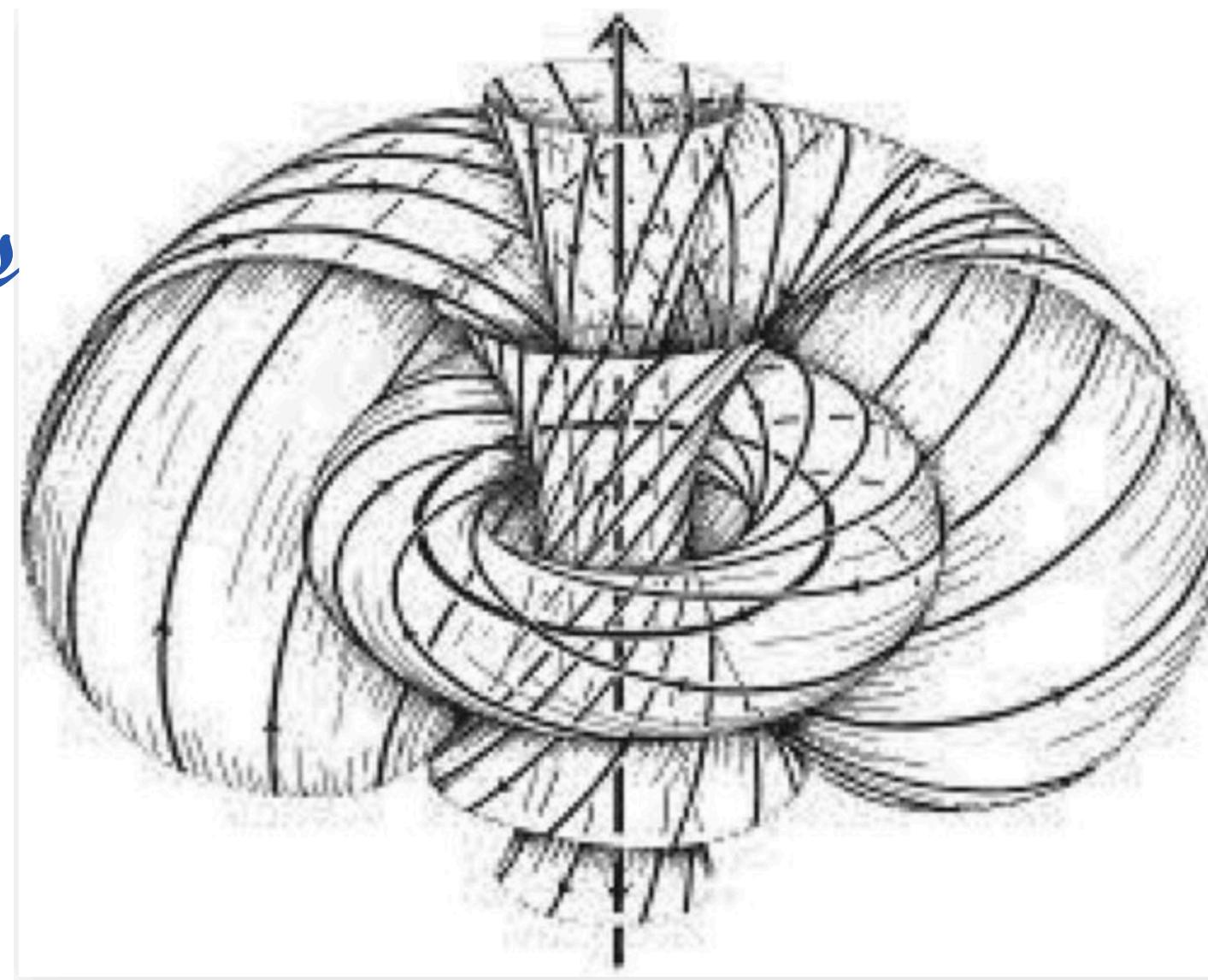


Holomorphy: -MHV amplitudes, protected OPEs, worldvolume of B-branes, Kodaira-Spencer theory

One may hope to tie these structures together
(*at the level of universal/symmetry-governed/soft/conformal... physics*)
in a fruitful and clarifying way

Today: we will start to flesh out some of those connections

Holomorphic theories
on
Twistor space



6d bridge between 4d & 2d massless physics

To any local twistor thy:

1. a 4d (non-unitary) CFT [Penrose transform]
2. a 2d chiral algebra [Koszul duality]

From this perspective:

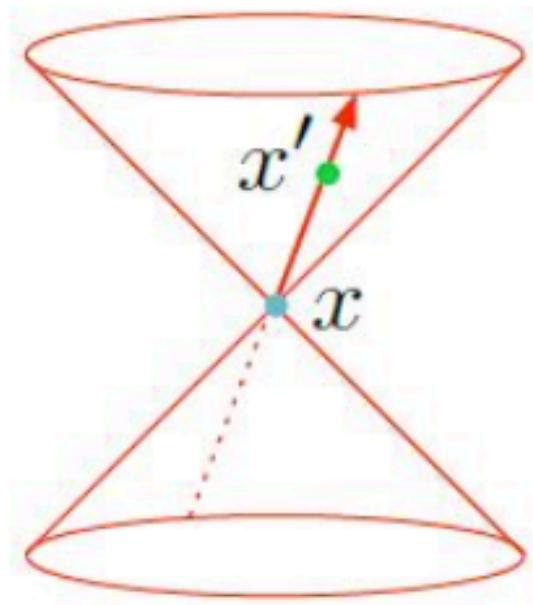
form factors which reproduce
some 4d QCD scattering amplitudes



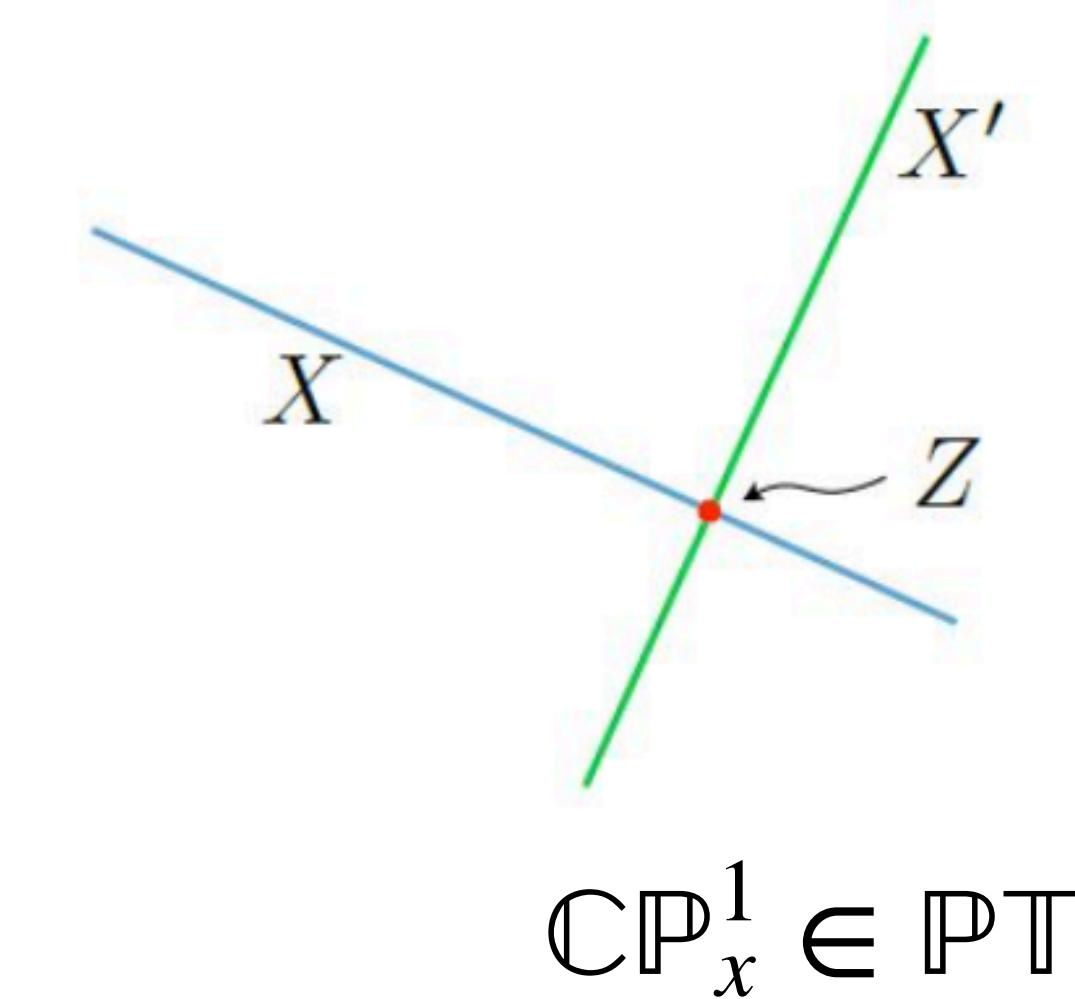
correlators of a certain
2d chiral algebra

[Costello: 2111.08879]

See Costello's Strings '21 talk



$$x \in \mathbb{C}^4$$



$$\mathbb{CP}_x^1 \in \text{PT}$$

- $\mathbb{CP}_x^1, \mathbb{CP}_y^1$ intersect iff $|x - y|^2 = 0$
- \therefore correlation fns entire analytic (rational) fns
- singularities on lightcone
- no anomalous dimensions
- integrability (cf. motivations)

$$\text{PT} = \mathcal{O}(1) \oplus \mathcal{O}(1) \simeq \mathbb{R}^4 \times \mathbb{CP}^1$$

$$z \in \mathbb{CP}^1 \quad \downarrow \quad \mathbb{CP}^1$$

$$\text{Penrose transform} \quad H^{0,1}(\text{PT}, \mathcal{O}(2h - 2))$$

hol'c massless fields on \mathbb{C}^4

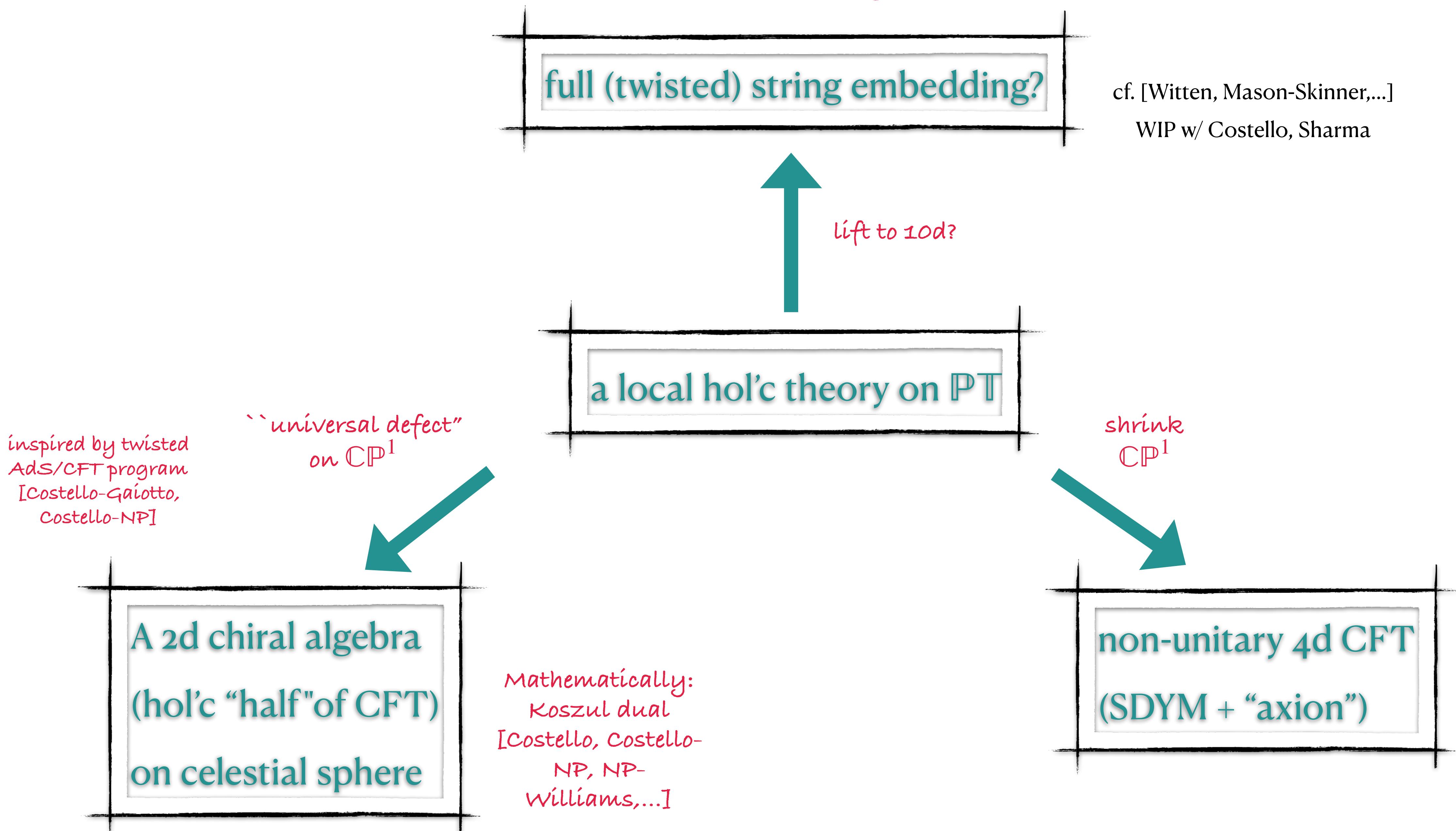
solutions to massless field equations

harmonic functions

entire analytic functions, can pass to any signature

[Penrose, Atiyah, Ward, Woodhouse, Mason, Lebrun,...]

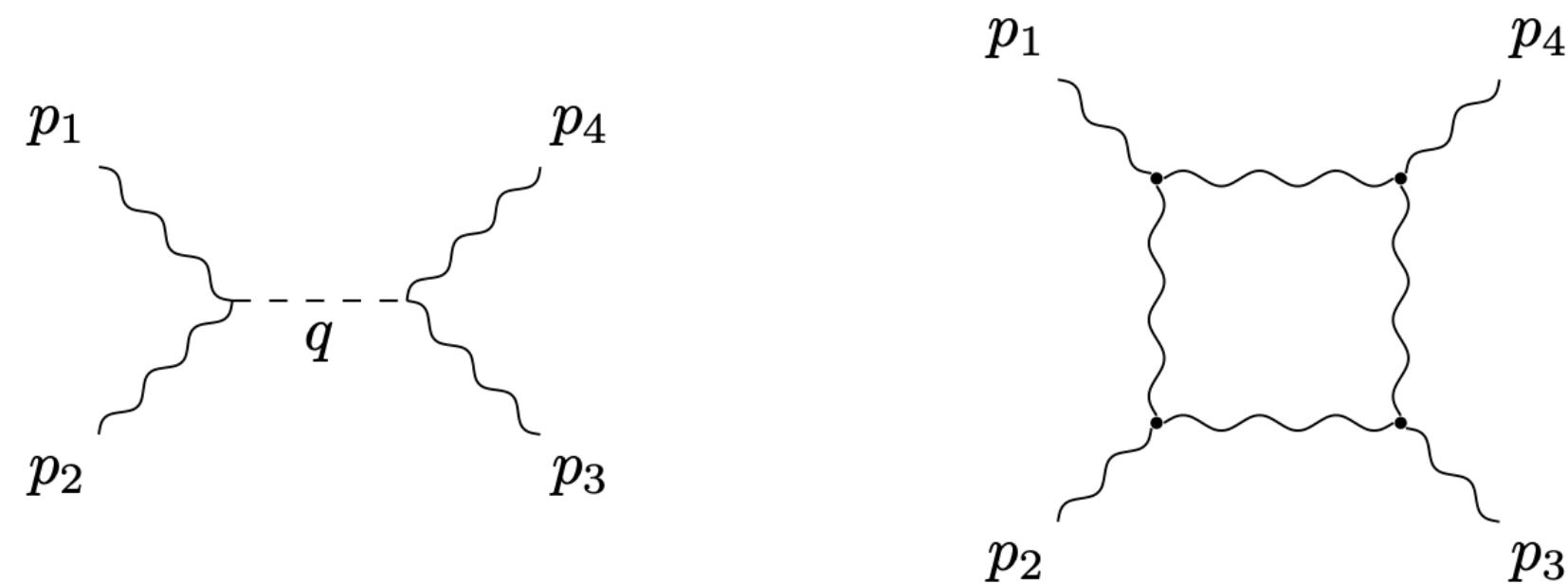
The Setting for Today's Talk



A local hol'c theory on \mathbb{PT}

Classically
[Penrose, Ward]

$$\int_{\mathbb{PT}} \text{Tr}(\mathcal{BF}^{(0,2)}(\mathcal{A})) \mapsto \int_{\mathbb{R}^4} \text{Tr}(BF(A)_-) \\ \mathcal{B} \in \Omega^{3,1}(\mathbb{PT}, \mathfrak{g}) \quad B \in \Omega_-^2(\mathbb{R}^4, \mathfrak{g}) \\ \mathcal{A} \in \Omega^{0,1}(\mathbb{PT}, \mathfrak{g})$$



[Costello-Li: [1905.09269](#)]
[Costello: [2111.08879](#)]

$\mathfrak{g} = su(2), su(3), so(8), e_{6,7,8}$
 $su(N_c) + \text{matter } (N_f = N_c)$

6d: free “closed string” (BCOV) sector (twist of 6d $\mathcal{N} = (1,0)$ gauge + 1 tensor)

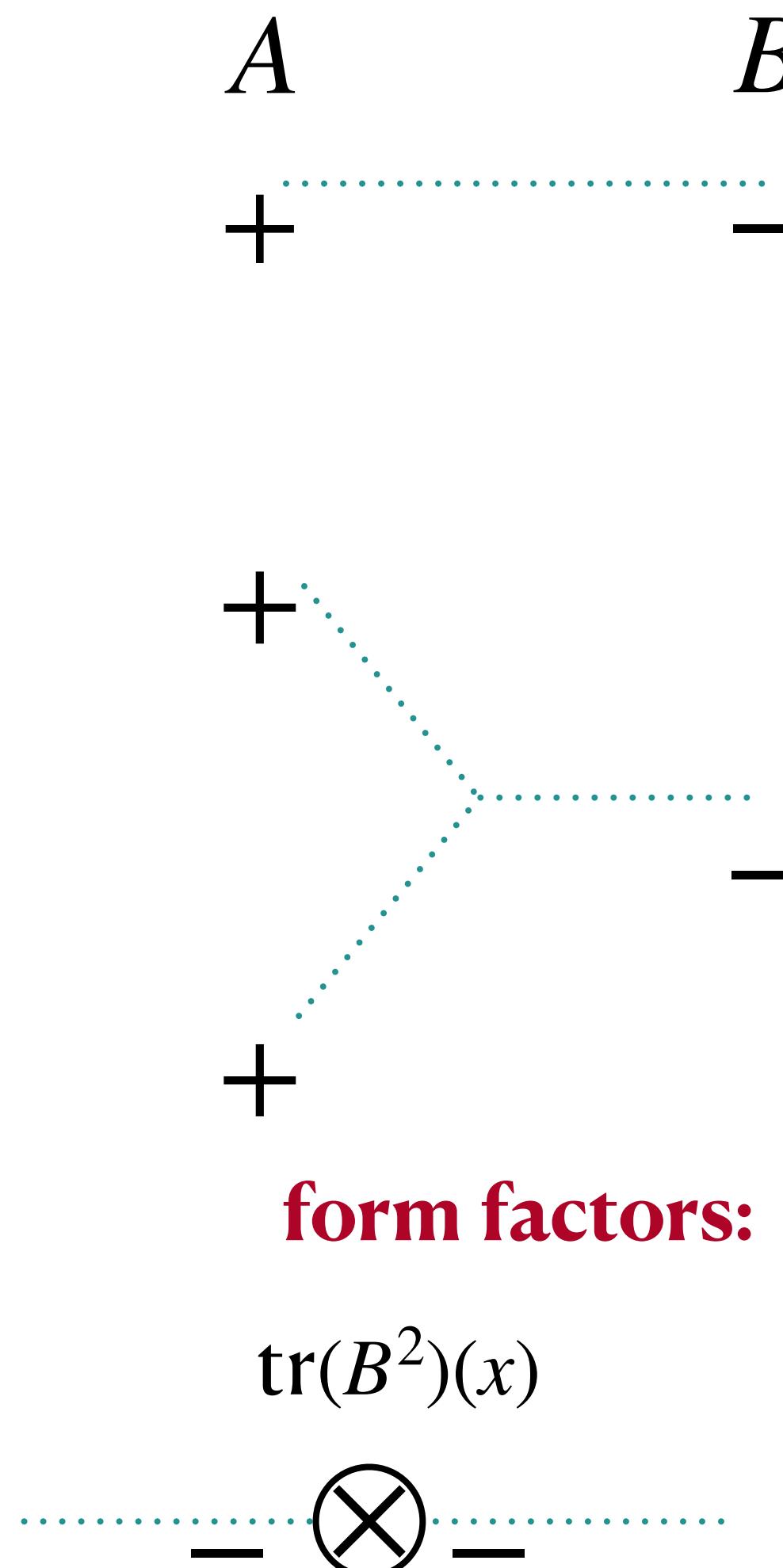
$$\frac{1}{2} \int (\partial^{-1}\eta)(\bar{\partial}\eta) + k\hat{\lambda}_g \int \eta \text{tr}(\mathcal{A}\partial\mathcal{A})$$

4d: scalar field w/ quartic kinetic term cf. Fradkin/Tseytlin, Komargodski/Schwimmer, Riegert,...

non-unitary 4d CFT
(SDYM + “axion”)

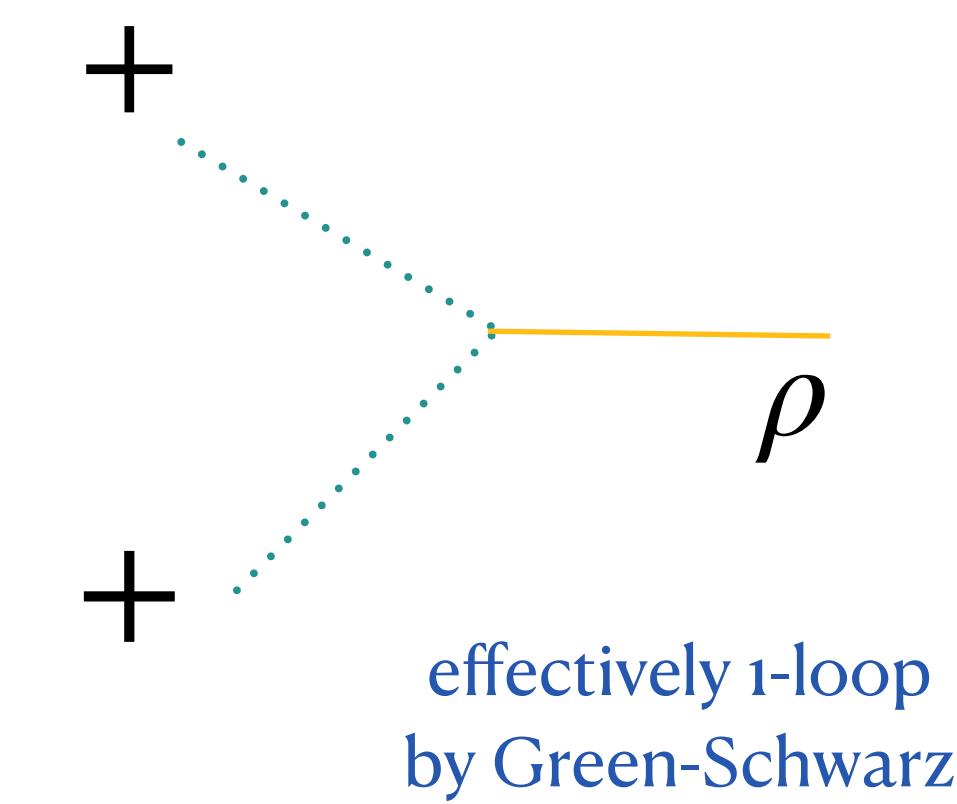
$$\frac{1}{2} \int (\Delta\rho)^2 + k'\hat{\lambda}_g \int \rho(F \wedge F)$$

Self-dual YM



L loops, N insertions →
N-L+1 (-) helicity, arbitrary (+) helicity gluons
in QCD (integrand)

+ axion



4d OPE:

$$\text{Tr}B^2(0)\text{Tr}B^2(x_1)\dots\text{Tr}B^2(x_{n-1}) \sim$$

$$\sum_i F_i(x_1, \dots, x_{n-1}) \mathcal{O}^i(0)$$

rational,
constrained by associativity

$$\text{tr}(B^2)(0) \text{tr}(B^2)(x) \sim \frac{1}{\|x\|^2} B_{\alpha_1 \beta_1}^a B_{\alpha_2 \beta_2}^b B_{\alpha_3 \beta_3}^c f_{abc} \epsilon^{\beta_1 \alpha_2} \epsilon^{\beta_2 \alpha_3} \epsilon^{\beta_3 \alpha_1}.$$

4d form factors as computed by 2d chiral correlators

$$P^{\alpha\dot{\alpha}} =: \lambda^\alpha \tilde{\lambda}^{\dot{\alpha}}$$

$$\lambda^\alpha \equiv (1, z)$$

tree-level

$$\langle \text{tr}(B^2) | \tilde{J}(z_1)\tilde{J}(z_2)J(z_3)\dots J(z_n) \rangle \leftrightarrow \text{color ordered MHV amps} \quad [\text{Parke-Taylor}]$$

$$\frac{1}{|x|^2} \langle \text{tr}(B^3) | \tilde{J}(z_1)\tilde{J}(z_2)\tilde{J}(z_3)J(z_4)\dots J(z_n) \rangle \leftrightarrow \text{NMHV amps in CSW form} \quad [\text{Cachazo-Svrcek-Witten}]$$

1-loop (axion comes in)

$$\langle (\Delta\rho)^2 | J_{a_1}(\tilde{\lambda}_1, z_1)\dots J_{a_n}(\tilde{\lambda}_n, z_n) \rangle \leftrightarrow \text{all- (+) one-loop in SDYM/QCD} \quad [\text{Mahlon, Bern et. al., ...}]$$

$$\begin{aligned} \langle \text{tr}(B^2) | \tilde{J}_{a_1}(\tilde{\lambda}_1, z_n)J_{a_2}(\tilde{\lambda}_2, z_2)\dots J_{a_n}(\tilde{\lambda}_n, z_n) \rangle &= \\ \frac{1}{192\pi^2} \sum_{2 \leq i < j \leq n} \frac{[ij]\langle 1i \rangle^2 \langle 1j \rangle^2}{\langle ij \rangle \langle 12 \rangle \langle 23 \rangle \dots \langle n1 \rangle} \text{Tr}(t_1\dots t_n) + \text{perms in } S_{n-1} \end{aligned}$$

[Costello-NP]

cf. [Dixon-Glover-Khoze]
for QCD

Whence a chiral algebra?

(1) Generators

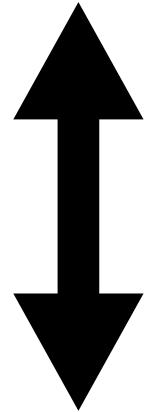
$\mathbb{C}\mathbb{P}_z^1$

conformal primary states on twistor space of neg. weight
(on-shell gauge theory states)

$$J[r, s](z_i) \leftrightarrow \mathcal{A} = \delta_{z=z_i} (\tilde{\lambda}^1)^r (\tilde{\lambda}^2)^s$$

state in vacuum module = on-shell background field localized on $\mathbb{C}\mathbb{P}^1$

Penrose transform



4d basis of conformal primary states w/ neg. weight

[Pasterski-Shao-Strominger]

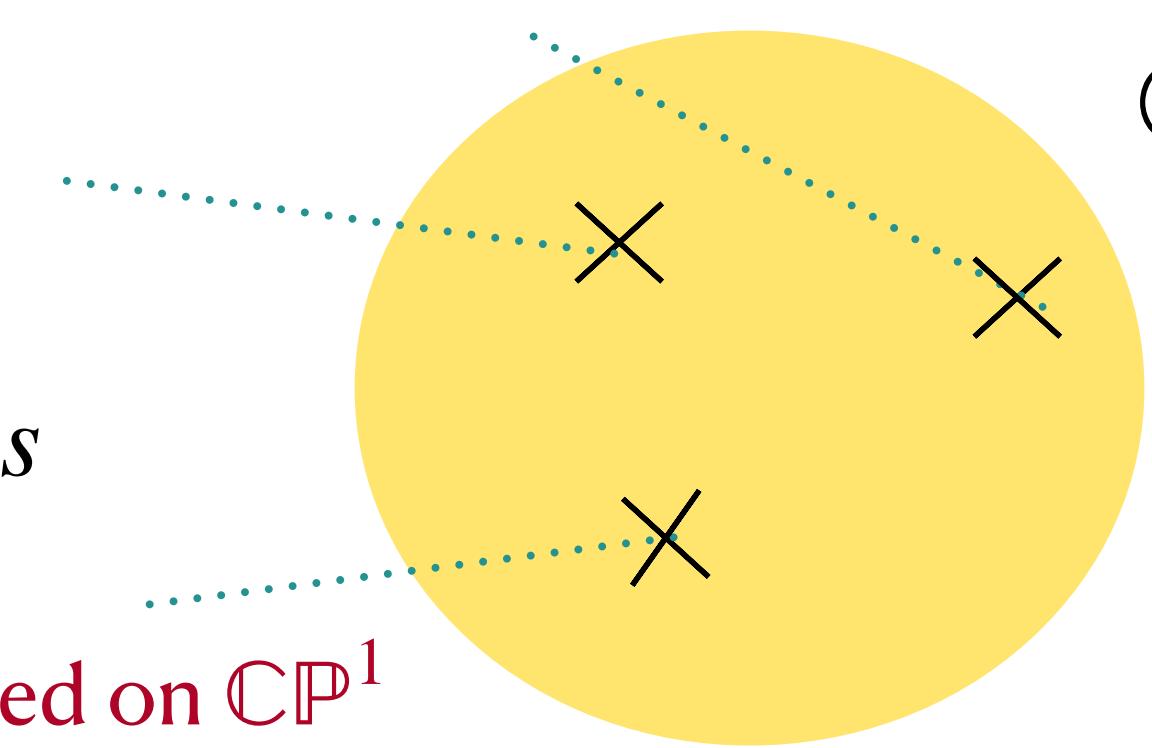
Momentum eigenbasis:

$$\langle ij \rangle = z_i - z_j$$

$$J(\tilde{\lambda}, z) = \sum_{r,s} \omega^{r+s} \frac{(\tilde{\lambda}^1)^r (\tilde{\lambda}^2)^s}{r!s!} J[r, s](z)$$

Generator	Spin	Weight	$SU(2)_+$ representation	Field	Dimension
$J[m, n], m, n \geq 0$	$1 - (m + n)/2$	$(m - n)/2$	$(m + n)/2$	A	$-m - n$
$\tilde{J}[m, n], m, n \geq 0$	$-1 - (m + n)/2$	$(m - n)/2$	$(m + n)/2$	B	$-m - n - 2$
$E[m, n], m + n > 0$	$-(m + n)/2$	$(m - n)/2$	$(m + n)/2$	ρ	$-m - n$
$F[m, n], m, n \geq 0$	$-(m + n)/2$	$(m - n)/2$	$(m + n)/2$	ρ	$-m - n - 2$

Table 1: The generators of our 2d chiral algebra and their quantum numbers. Dimension refers to the charge under scaling of \mathbb{R}^4 .



Whence a chiral algebra? (2) Conformal blocks

$$\mathbb{PT} \setminus \mathbb{CP}_0^1 = S^3 \times \mathbb{CP}^1 \times \mathbb{R}_{>0}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & \searrow & \searrow \\ \mathbb{R}^4 \setminus 0 = \mathbb{R}_{>0} \times S^3 & & \mathbb{R}_{>0} \times \mathbb{CP}_z^1 \\ & & \text{include all KK modes!} \end{array}$$

$\mathcal{H}(S^3) :=$ space of local operators

$\mathcal{H}(\mathbb{CP}^1) :=$ space of conformal blocks

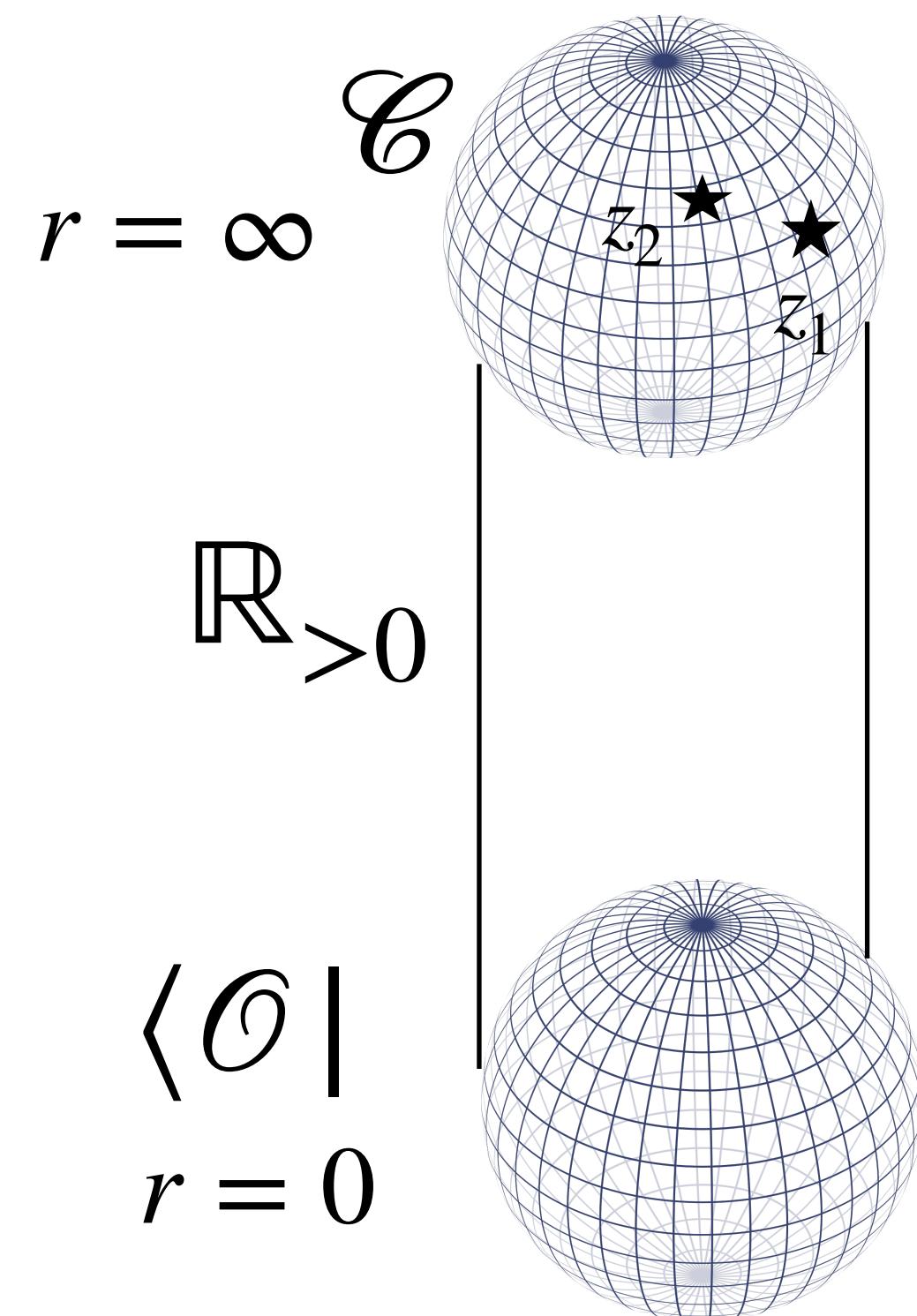
$$\mathcal{O}(0) \leftrightarrow \langle \mathcal{O} |$$

Chiral algebra as 3d bdy algebra:

hol'c-top'l theory (twist of 3d $\mathcal{N} = 2$)

- chiral algebra a boundary condition at ∞
- conformal block a state at 0
- correlator in 3d bulk/boundary system

$$\langle \mathcal{O} | J(z_2)J(z_1) \rangle$$



Whence a chiral algebra?

(3) OPEs

$$\sum_{r,s \geq 0} \int_{\mathbb{CP}_z^1} (\partial_{\tilde{\lambda}^1}^r \partial_{\tilde{\lambda}^2}^s \mathcal{B}_{\bar{z}}^a) \tilde{J}_a[r, s](z)$$

$$\sum_{r,s \geq 0} \int_{\mathbb{CP}_z^1} (\partial_{\tilde{\lambda}^1}^r \partial_{\tilde{\lambda}^2}^s \mathcal{A}_{\bar{z}}^a) J_a[r, s](z)$$

OPEs among currents on defect by imposing gauge
(BV-BRST) invariance

→ universal or “Koszul dual” algebra

Tree level: recover current algebra for gauge symmetry

gauge inv't couplings to arbitrary defect

↔ Hom from Koszul dual algebra into defect algebra

cf. e.g. integrating out d.o.f. to obtain Wilson lines

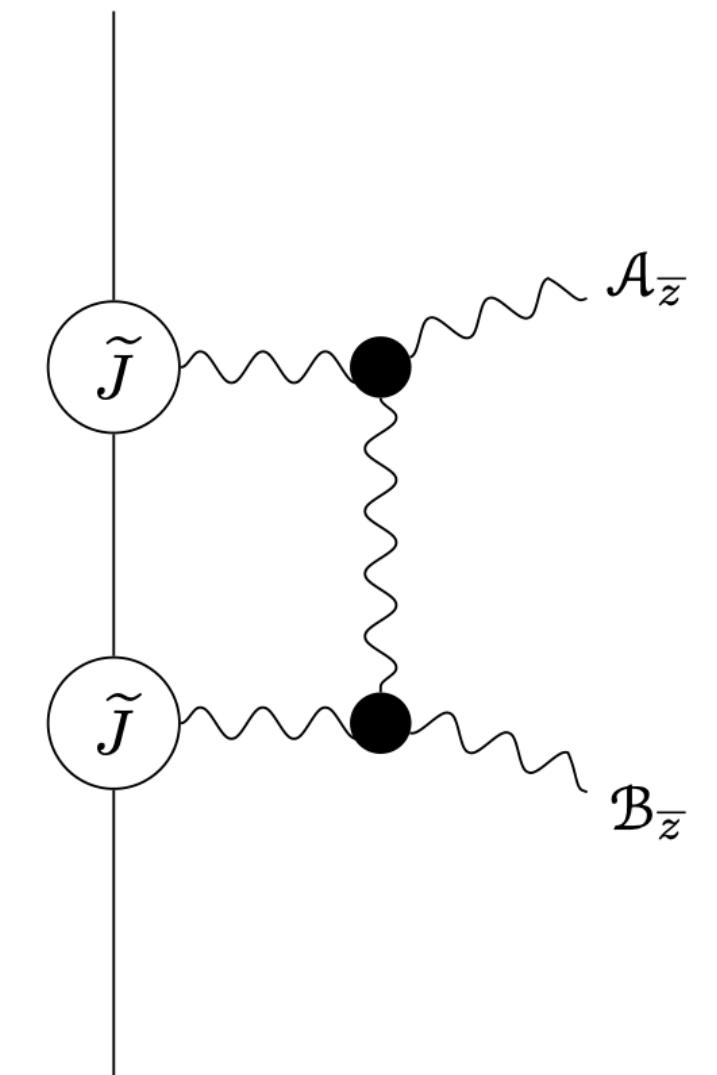
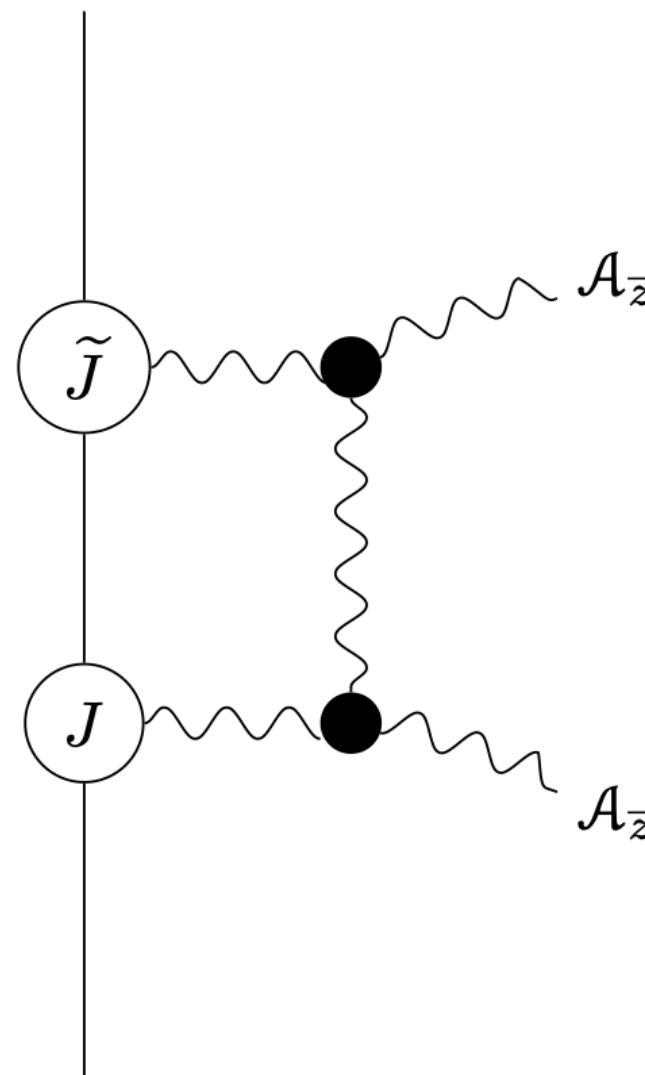
[Gomis-Passerini]

Koszul duality:

In twisted holography [Costello, Costello-NP] + WIP

In field theory (***includes math review for physicists!***) [NP-Williams]

Quantum deformations:



$$J^a[r, s](0) J^b[t, u](z) \sim \frac{1}{z} f_c^{ab} J^c[r + t, s + u](0)$$

$$J^a[r, s](0) \tilde{J}^b[t, u](z) \sim \frac{1}{z} f_c^{ab} \tilde{J}^c[r + t, s + u](0)$$

$$J^a[r, s](0) E[t, u](z) \sim \frac{1}{z} \frac{(ts - ur)}{t + u} \tilde{J}^a[t + r - 1, s + u - 1](0)$$

$$J^a[r, s](0) F[t, u](z) \sim -\frac{1}{z} \partial_z \tilde{J}^a[r + t, s + u](0) - \frac{1}{z^2} \left(1 + \frac{r + s}{t + u + 2}\right) \tilde{J}^a[r + t, s + u](0)$$

$$J^a[r, s](0) J^b[t, u](z) \sim \frac{1}{z} K^{ab} (ru - st) F[r + t - 1, s + u - 1](0)$$

$$- \frac{1}{z} K^{ab} (t + u) \partial_z E[r + t, s + u](0) - \frac{1}{z^2} K^{ab} (r + s + t + u) E[r + t, s + u](0).$$

Tree-level

Maps($\mathbb{C}^2, \mathfrak{g}$)

[Guevara-Himwich-Pate-Strominger]

[Strominger]

Includes level-0 Kac-Moody algebra for

**Failure of associativity in pure SDYM theory in one-loop
Axion field necessary for its restoration**

[Bern-Dixon-Kosower]

$$\text{Split}_+^{[1]}(a^+, b^+) = -\frac{N_c}{96\pi^2} \frac{[ab]}{\langle ab \rangle^2}$$

$$J_a[1, 0](0) J_b[0, 1](z)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2\pi iz} CK^{fe} (f_{ae}^c f_{bf}^d + f_{ae}^d f_{bf}^c) : J_c[0, 0] \tilde{J}_d[0, 0] :$$

Quantum deformation

$$+ \frac{1}{2\pi iz} \frac{1}{2} D f_{ab}^c \partial_z \tilde{J}_c(0) + \frac{1}{2\pi iz^2} D f_{ab}^c \tilde{J}_c(0).$$

C, D fixed by

anomaly coefficient in 6d

Main Theorems [Costello-Paquette: 2201.02595]

2d chiral algebra	4d theory
conf. primary generators	conf. primary states (boost eigenbasis)
OPEs	collinear limits
conformal blocks (cf. CS/WZW)	local operators
correlation functions	form factors

- Hol'c defect on \mathbb{CP}_0^1 in 6d, integrate out 2d fields \rightarrow state/operator at $0 \in \mathbb{R}^4$
- **Exchange of 6d fields doesn't contribute to amplitude: *localization to 2d physics***
- 6d conformal primaries at different points on sphere *talk to each other by exchange of 2d defect fields only*

Final thoughts & future directions

- Top-down topological string model of celestial holography (WIP w/ Costello & Sharma)
- Magnetic monopoles/spectral flow in chiral algebra (WIP w/ Garner)
- Self-dual gravity! (Anomaly cancellation: Bittleston-Sharma-Skinner)
- Compute more QCD (+ matter?) amplitudes: via multi-point axion exchange? via anomaly-cancelling theories for special choices of matter?



Thank you!

Example: the Parke-Taylor Formula

$\langle \text{tr}(B^2) | \tilde{J}(z_1)\tilde{J}(z_2)J(z_3)\dots J(z_n) \rangle \leftrightarrow \text{color ordered MHV amps}$

1. $\langle \text{tr}(B^2) | \tilde{J}^a(z_1)\tilde{J}^b(z_2) \rangle = K^{ab}(z_1 - z_2)^2$ direct computation from 6d, or fixed by symmetry arguments

2.
$$\begin{aligned} \langle \text{tr}(B^2) | \tilde{J}^a(z_1)\tilde{J}^b(z_2)J^c(z_3) \rangle &= f_d^{cb} \frac{1}{z_{23}} \langle \text{tr}(B^2) | \tilde{J}^a(z_1)\tilde{J}^d(z_2) \rangle + f_d^{ca} \frac{1}{z_{13}} \langle \text{tr}(B^2) | \tilde{J}^d(z_1)\tilde{J}^b(z_2) \rangle \\ &= \frac{z_{12}^3}{z_{13}z_{23}} f^{abc} \end{aligned}$$
 use OPE
identity 1.

+ elementary induction:

$$\langle \text{tr}(B^2) | J^{a_1}(z_1)\dots\tilde{J}^{a_i}(z_i)\dots\tilde{J}^{a_j}(z_j)\dots J^{a_n}(z_n) \rangle = \frac{\langle ij \rangle^4}{\langle 12 \rangle \langle 23 \rangle \dots \langle n1 \rangle} \text{tr}(t^{a_1}\dots t^{a_n}) + \text{permutations}$$